Unit 2

Grammar Plus 3

	n i Tim planują wyjazd. Rozmawiają o t nami wyrazów w nawiasach.	rzech formach spę	dzenia wakacji. Uzu	upełnij dialog właściwymi
Joan:	I think we should visit a foreign city. Sightseeing is than lying on the beach.			(interesting)
Tim:	OK, but at the seaside we can be We don't have to hurry and everyt (noisy) and	hing is	(slow). Cit	ced) than in a city. ties are
Joan:	Oh, a beach can be as	(noisy) a	nd as	(dirty) as a city!
Tim:	OK, well, how about the mountains? If we choose the right place, the mountains are the(quiet) option of all! And the views are the(impressive), too.			
Joan:	Hmm maybe you're right. But mountains are (dangerous) than the seaside or the city			
Tim:	Well, then, maybe we should just stay at home.			
Użyj	pełnij drugie zdanie w każdej parze w t stopniowania przymiotników lub strul			
	an elephant is stronger than a tiger. A tiger isn't		anan	elephant.
	he new chair is not as comfortable he old chair was		than the new c	one.
	he blue shirt is more expensive thathe white shirt is		∋.	
	am more easygoing than my young ly younger sister is not	-		I am.
	Robert is stronger than his brother. Robert's brother is	than Robert.		

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Answer key

1. Joan i Tim planują wyjazd. Rozmawiają o trzech formach spędzenia wakacji. Uzupełnij dialog właściwymi formami wyrazów w nawiasach.

Joan: I think we should visit a foreign city. Sightseeing is **more interesting** than lying on the beach.

Tim: OK, but at the seaside we can be **more relaxed** than in a city. We don't have to hurry and everything is **slower**. Cities are **noisier/noisy** and **dirtier/dirty**.

Joan: Oh, a beach can be as noisy and as dirty as a city!

Tim: OK, well, how about the mountains? If we choose the right place, the mountains are the **quietest** option of all! And the views are the **most impressive**, too.

Joan: Hmm... maybe you're right. But mountains are **more dangerous** than the seaside or the city...

Tim: Well, then, maybe we should just stay at home.

- 2. Uzupełnij drugie zdanie w każdej parze w taki sposób, by miało takie same znaczenie jak zdanie pierwsze. Użyj stopniowania przymiotników lub struktury "as ... as". Wpisz jeden wyraz w każdą lukę.
 - An elephant is stronger than a tiger.
 A tiger isn't as strong as an elephant.
 - 2. The new chair is not as comfortable as the old one.

 The old chair was more comfortable than the new one.
 - **3.** The blue shirt is more expensive than the white one. The white shirt is **cheaper** than the blue one.
 - I am more easygoing than my younger sister.
 My younger sister is not as easygoing as I am.
 - Robert is stronger than his brother.Robert's brother is weaker than Robert.