# 2 At home together 

## Lesson 1 Vocabulary

Pupil's Book pages 22-23


Learning objectives: Identify and use new words: chores and free time; Sing a song
Vocabulary: clean, dust, make the bed, play chess, play computer games, read a comic, sweep the floor, tidy up, wash up, watch a film

Resources: Flashcards; Vocabulary 1 worksheet

## Warm-up: The big picture

- Write sing, play football, eat, read, write, sleep, study on the board.
- Mime eating. Say Look! I'm ... and wait for the children to guess (eating).
- Have each child do a mime for the class to guess.


## 1 (D) 2.1 Listen, point and say.

- The children look at page 22. Ask Where are the children? (Flo and Ella are in their bedrooms, Charlie is in the living room, Luke is in the kitchen.) Who is at the door? (Aunt Daisy) Are Mum and Dad there? (yes)
- The children look at page 23. Play the audio. The children listen and point.
- Repeat the audio. The children repeat each item.


## 2 (D) 2.2 Listen and play the game. Say the word before or after.

- Play the first example on the audio and show the children that it follows the order shown in Activity 1.
- For the next example, pause the audio before the child answers, elicit the answer from the class and then confirm with the audio. Remind the children to use before and after.
- For the last part of the audio, when the narrator says Now you, pause for the children to call out the answer.


## Audioscript

Teacher: make the bed
Child: Before read a comic!
Teacher: watch a film
Child: Before tidy up, after wash up!
Teacher: Now you. 1 play chess 2 sweep the floor 3 play computer games 4 read a comic 5 dust

Answers: 1 Before dust, after tidy up. 2 Before play computer games, after clean. 3 After sweep the floor. 4 Before wash up, after make the bed. 5 Before clean, after play chess.

## Teaching star!

## Game

- Include child-led activities with flashcards to help focus children's attention.
- Ask ten children to stand in a line. Hand each child a flashcard. Play the game from Activity 2. Call out a chore / free time activity (e.g. read a comic). The child with the flashcard holds it up. The child in front says before (wash up). The child behind says after (make the bed).


## 3 Write the new words in your notebook.

- Have the children look at the family on page 22.
- Explain that chores are jobs at home and free time is for fun.
- Have the children copy the table into their notebooks and complete it alone.
- Copy the table onto the board. Have the children raise their hands and suggest answers.

Answers: Chores: make the bed, wash up, tidy up, dust, clean, sweep the floor
Free time activities: read a comic, watch a film, play chess, play computer games

## 4 <br> Look at the picture. Ask and answer.

- Have the children look at what each character is doing in the picture on page 22.
- Ask What's Dad doing? and say He's dusting. Have the children repeat.
- Ask questions for all the characters and have the class answer. (Flo: She's making the bed, Ella: She's cleaning, Luke: He's sweeping the floor, Charlie: He's tidying up, Mum: She's washing up.)
- The children do the activity in pairs. Have some pairs of children ask questions across the class.

5 (D) 2.3 Sing the song.

## Be a star:

- Ask the children to chose their books. Play the audio. Ask How many chores are there?
- Play the audio again and stop after each line for the children to repeat (singing).
- Demonstrate a mime for sweeps the floor and a mime for dusts the doors.
- Play the audio again. The children sing and mime.

Answers: Five chores (make the bed, sweep the floor, wash up, dust, tidy up)

## Cooler: Mime game

- Repeat the warm-up, but this time have the children mime chores or free time activities.


## Workbook page 18



1 (D) 2.1 Listen and tick $(\checkmark)$ or cross $(X)$.

## Audioscript

1 Elena is reading a comic.
2 Zoe is making her bed.
3 Sarah is washing up.
4 Safet is dusting.
5 Jack is tidying up his room.
6 Milly and Joe are watching TV.

Answers: $1 \times 2 \times 3 \checkmark 4 \sqrt{\times} \times 6 \checkmark$

## 2 Complete the chores and free time activities.

Answers: 1 computer games 2 up 3 a comic 4 the floor 5 chess 6 up 7 a film 8 the bed

## 3 What chores and free time activities do you do?

Answers: Children's own answers.


Learning objectives: Read a blog; Identify new words: buildings and breakfast

Vocabulary: basement, cereal, lift, roof, toast, top floor
Additional vocabulary: garage, hotel, stairs
Review vocabulary: chores and free time
Resources: Flashcards
Materials: a piece of plain paper for each child

## Warm-up: Sing the song

- Play the song from Lesson 1 (audio track 2.3) and have children sing and do mimes to the chores.
- Have the children name free time activities they remember from Lesson 1.


## Vocabulary

- Teach basement, lift, roof and top floor with a labelled drawing of a tall building on the board. Point to each part of the building, say the word(s) and have the children repeat.
- Teach toast and cereal. Ask the children in L1 what they like for breakfast. Tell them that you like toast and cereal. Write toast and cereal on the board. Draw pictures of toast and cereal next to the words.
- Say all the new words and have the children repeat. Leave the drawings and words on the board.


## Extension

- Drawings on the board are useful for teaching vocabulary. The drawings don't have to be good; in fact if they are not that good the children will probably like them more and remember the new words better!
- Hand each of the children a piece of paper. Each child draws a tall building. Divide the class into pairs. Each pair swaps papers and labels each other's drawings with the words on the board.


## 1 Read the sentences. Circle the correct answer.

- Refer the children to pages 24-25. Ask What's a blog? and discuss as a class.
- Have the children answer the question individually.
- Ask the children to suggest answers.

Answers: b-is on a website.

## 2 Look at the photos and the titles. Answer the questions.

- Ask the children How many photos / titles are there? and elicit four (photos) and three (titles).
- Have the children look at the photos and titles and answer the questions individually.
- The children raise their hands to suggest answers. Ask for class agreement.

Answers: 1 The Camarillo family 2 Their home, how they help their mum and dad, and their brother

## 3 Scan the text. Underline the chores and circle the free time activities.

- Remind the children that scan means to read quickly. Demonstrate underline and circle.
- Give the children a minute to do the activity.
- Choose one child at a time to call out a chore or a free time activity in the text.

Answers: Chores: make the beds, tidy up, dust the furniture, sweep the floors, clean Free time activities: play outside, read comics, watch a film

4 (D) 2.4 Read the text. How is your family similar or different to this family?

- Play the audio and have the children listen and follow in their books.
- Allow the children time to re-read the text quietly.
- Discuss how the children's families are similar or different to this family, using the questions in the blog.


## 3 Learning to learn

- Ask the children for their answers to the first question.
- Point out that they can give as many answers as they like.
- Then have the children try out the four steps by spelling the new words in their notebooks. They look at the word, say it, cover it and then try to write it. Then they check if they are correct.
- Discuss which words were easy and which ones were difficult to spell.


## Cooler: Can you remember?

- Ask the children to close their books. Give them one minute to look at the words and drawings on the board.
- Erase the words. Have volunteers write the words on the board again. Encourage the other children to call out the spelling.


## Workbook page 19



1 Write the words. Circle the missing part.

## Answers:



## 2 Draw your home. Label the parts.

Answers: Children's own drawings and labels.
3 Look at the list of new words from this lesson. How will you remember them? Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) your answers. You can tick more than one column.

Answers: Children's own answers.

Pupil's Book page 26


Learning objectives: Reading comprehension: infer feelings; Sounds and spelling: ow or oa (/au/)

Vocabulary: boat, coat, goat, road, snow, snowballs, throwing, window, yellow
Review vocabulary: chores and free time
Resources: Sounds and spelling worksheet

## Warm-up: Spelling fun!

- Write the new words from the blog in Lesson 2 on the board with all the vowels missing.
- Have the children complete the words as fast as they can. They raise their hands when they finish.
- Have volunteers write the missing letters (basement, cereal, lift, roof, toast, top floor).


## 1 Choose and write full sentences.

- Read through the questions and check understanding.
- Have the children read the blog again and answer the questions, first by circling their choice, then by writing full sentences.
- Elicit the answers and write them on the board.

Answers: 1 There are 6 people in the Camarillo family. 2 They live in a hotel. 3 The twins help their mum and dad with the chores. 4 They speak to their brother on the computer.

## 2 Read again and tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the things Claudia and Gema do at the weekend.

- Ask the children Do Claudia and Gema clean at the weekend? (yes)
- Have the children fill in the table individually, and then compare answers with a partner.

Answers: clean, watch a film, play outside, sweep the floors, tidy up, dust the furniture, make the beds, read a comic

## 3 *) Why do you think the Camarillo family is happy?

- Ask the children to read through the blog to find reasons why they think the Camarillo family is happy. (they play computer games, help each other, have meals together, play outside, read comics, watch a film, do video calls).
- Ask the children in L1 what makes a family happy.
- Have the children compare answers with a partner.

Answer: Because they do many things together.

## 4 (1) 2.5 Listen and say the chant. Look at the spelling.

- Have the children look at the image in Activity 4 , say what animals they can see and what they are doing (goats throwing snowballs).
- Play the first two lines of the audio and encourage the children to join in.
- Ask What sound is in all the words with yellow letters? (/əu/).
- Play the rest of the audio. The children say the missing words after the pause.


## Audioscript

Teacher: Now say the missing words.
Teacher: Two goats in ... coats throwing snowballs.
Children: yellow
Teacher: Two goats in yellow coats throwing ...
Children: snowballs
Teacher: Two goats in yellow coats ... snowballs.
Children: throwing
Teacher: ... in yellow coats throwing snowballs.
Children: Two goats

## 5 (D) 2.6 Write the missing letters ow or oa. Listen and check.

- Elicit all the words from the children by inserting the sound /av/.
- The children complete the words with ow or oa. Then they compare with a friend.
- Write the gapped words on the board. Invite volunteers to complete the words. Play the audio for children to check their answers.

Answers: 1 boat 2 window 3 road 4 snow 5 coat 6 yellow

## Extension

## Teaching star!

- Encourage the children to manage their learning by making lists of words that sound the same in a Sounds and spelling section of their notebooks. Write ow and oa on the board. Invite volunteers to write the words from their books under each heading and add other words they know (e.g. toast, soap, slow, know). Have the children copy the lists into their notebooks.


## ESDC

## Why is it important for all of us to help with the chores at home?

- Read out the question and ask if anyone can translate it into L1. This question helps the children explore how they can behave in a considerate and respectful way in their family.
- Ask the children to think of chores people do at home. Write their ideas on the board and discuss who in their families does each of the chores.
- If the children assign a specific gender to certain chores, ask why they think girls or boys should do those chores. Encourage them to question and challenge stereotypes.
- Do a class survey. Ask what chores the children do at home and which chores they enjoy or feel they are good at. Are there other chores they would like to do? If there is time, have the class rank the chores from easiest to most difficult, or most fun to least fun.
- Focus the children's attention back to the question. Elicit ideas to create a one-sentence answer that shows full class agreement.
Possible answers: because we all live together and need to look after our homes, because it shows that we care about our homes, because some family members can't do certain chores while others can, because a tidy home is a safe and nice place to live


## Cooler: Let's check

- Tell the children to turn their Pupil's Books face down. Invite a volunteer to stand at the front and look at Lesson 3.
- The volunteer reads a question from Activity 1. The other children raise their hands to answer. Volunteers who answer correctly can then ask the class another question from the book.


## Workbook page 20

```
Lesson 3/Reading comprehension
    1 Read the blog posts on Pupil's Book pages 24-25. Answer the questions.
        1 Does the family live in a house or a flat? They live in a flat
        2 \text { What floor do they live on?}
        3Where's the garden?
        Do they use the stairs?
        When does the family do their chores?
        6 \text { What do they eat for breakfast?}
    2 What do you and your family do on Saturdays? Tick ( ). Then write.
        |
        In the afternoon, I ' 
```

$\qquad$

``` My dad likes to \({ }^{5}\)
``` \(\qquad\)
```

Sounds and spelling
3 Say aloud. Circle the letters ow and oa
Look out of the wind ow
There's a yellow boat on the road.
It's under the snow!

```

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4 Complete the words. Use ow or oa.

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Unit 2

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1 Read the blog posts on Pupil's Book pages 24-25. Answer the questions.

Answers: 1 They live in a flat. 2 They live on the top floor. 3 The garden is outside. 4 Yes, they use the stairs. 5 They do their chores at the weekend. 6 They eat toast and cereal for breakfast.

\section*{2 What do you and your family do on Saturdays? Tick ( \(\checkmark\) ). Then write.}

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{3 Say aloud. Circle the letters ow and oa.}

Answers: ow: window, yellow, snow oa: boat, road

\section*{4 Complete the words. Use ow or oa.}

\footnotetext{
Answers: 1 slow 2 loaf 3 soap 4 show 5 coat 6 low
}

\section*{Lesson 4 Grammar}

Pupil's Book page 27
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Lesson 4 Grammar} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{1 Look and read. Graphic Grammar} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{} \\
\hline & dust & wash the car & clean th & kitchen & make the & bed \\
\hline Gabriela and Mateo & \(\times\) & \(\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark\) & & & Q \({ }^{\text {d }}\), & \\
\hline Dad & ** \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(\checkmark\) & & x & \} \checkmark & \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1 The children \(\qquad\) always make the beds. \\
2 Dad \(\qquad\) cleans the kitchen. \\
3 Dad \(\qquad\) dusts. \\
4 The children \(\qquad\) wash the car. \\
5 The children \(\qquad\) clean the kitchen. \\
3 Work in pairs. Play a memory game.
\(\square\) Look at page 149.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline Go to Grammar booster: page 135. & & & & Unit 2 Adverbs & of frequency WB: page 21 & 27 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Learning objectives: Adverbs of frequency
Grammar: Adverbs of frequency
Review vocabulary: chores
Resources: Graphic Grammar video; Grammar 1 worksheet

Materials: cards with adverbs of frequency words written on them

\section*{Warm-up: Go to ow or oa}
- Write ow on the left side of the board and oa on the right side.
- Choose two children to stand up. Call out a word from Lesson 3, Activities 4 and 5 of this unit in the Pupil's Book. Have the children go to the side of the classroom that corresponds to the spelling of the /วv/ sound in that word. Repeat with other children and other words.

\section*{1 Look and read.}
- If you don't have access to the class video, have the children look at the cars in Activity 1. Ask Which car is he washing? Elicit the red car.
- Read the sentence He always washes his car. Remind the children what always means. Read He never washes his car. Explain never in L1. Ask the children to point to the dirty car.
- Ask the children to look at the orange blocks in the sentence. Tell the children that these words say how often you do something. Explain that they are adverbs of frequency.
- Ask the children to look at all the adverbs of frequency. Ask them to think about what the ticks and cross mean. Elicit how often something happens.
- Explain the meanings of all the adverbs of frequency. Read the adverbs out and have the children repeat.
- Ask the children if the adverb of frequency goes before or after the verb. Elicit before the verb.
- If you have access to the class video, read the sentences in the book to the children. Tell them to watch the video and remember what always means and to work out what never means.
- Play the video.
- Ask the children in L1 which car is clean and why. Elicit The red car because he always washes it. Ask the children in L1 which car is dirty and why. Elicit The blue car because he never washes it.
- Confirm the meaning of always and never. Tell the children that the words in the orange blocks say how often you do something and they are adverbs of frequency. Ask the children to watch again and see if they go before or after the verb.
- Play the video again. The children answer before the verb.
- Return to the book and teach all the adverbs of frequency as outlined for Activity 1.

\section*{2 Look and complete the sentences.}
- Refer the children to the table and ask them to work out what to do. Elicit that they use the ticks and cross to complete the sentences with the correct adverbs of frequency.
- Have the children do the activity individually and then compare with a friend.
- Ask a different child to read out each sentence.

Answers: 1 always \(\mathbf{2}\) never \(\mathbf{3}\) usually \(\mathbf{4}\) sometimes
5 hardly ever

\section*{3 Work in pairs. Play a memory game.}
- Organise the children into pairs and then into Student A and Student B.
- Direct the children to turn to page 144 or page 149.
- Read out the example dialogue so the children have an understanding of how to play the game. You may wish to ask for a volunteer to be Student B while you read Student A's part of the dialogue.
- The children choose an activity that Mum or the children do, and say if Mum or the children always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever or never does / do the activity.
- Allow time for the children to complete the game.

\section*{Extension}

Give the children further practice in talking about activities using what they have learnt.
- Have the children work in pairs and tell each other what they do at the weekend.
- Have some pairs tell the class what they said.

\section*{Pairwork}
- If the children are confident about pairwork, choose pairs to perform at the front of the class.
- Brainstorm chores and free time activities as a class and write the children's ideas on the board.
- Ask two children to stand at the front. Have each child choose an adverb of frequency card (see Materials). Each child tells the other child something they do and how often using the adverb of frequency they have on their card.
- Repeat with other pairs.

Workbook page 21


\section*{Grammar reference:}

Remind the children that they can refer to the grammar reference on page 119 while completing these Workbook activities.

\section*{Grammar booster}

Ask the children to turn to page 135 of their Pupil's Book to complete Activity 1. If the children need more grammar practice before the communicative Activity 3, have them complete this activity first. You may also wish to have the children complete this activity at home.

Answers: 1 sometimes \(\mathbf{2}\) always \(\mathbf{3}\) never 4 hardly ever 5 usually

\section*{Cooler: Telephone game}
- See the Games bank on pages 14-17 for how to play this game.
- Use a sentence with an adverb of frequency.

\section*{1 (1) 2.2 Listen and write \(T\) (true) or \(F\) (false).}

\section*{Audioscript}

1 Mum always plays tennis on Sunday.
2 Dad usually plays football on Saturday.
3 The children sometimes play chess after school.
4 Diego hardly ever plays computer games.
5 The family always have dinner together in the evening.
6 The children never wash up.

Answers: 1 T 2 F 3 F 4 T 5 T 6 F

\section*{2 Order the words to make sentences.}

Answers: 1 Dad sometimes makes the bed. 2 I usually wash up. 3 She never plays computer games. 4 They hardly ever clean the kitchen. 5 They always go swimming.

\section*{3 Tick \((\checkmark)\) the free time activities you do. Think of one more activity you do and add it to the table.}

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{4 Write sentences about the free time activities you do.}

Answers: Children's own answers.

Pupil's Book page 28
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
Lesson 5 Language in use & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Vocalbulary \\
once a month three times a day \\
twice a week
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Learning objectives: Use How often do you ...?; Use new words: frequency expressions

Vocabulary: once / twice / three times a day / a week / a month

Review vocabulary: chores and free-time activities
Resources: Language in use video; Flashcards, Grammar 2 worksheet, Vocabulary 2 worksheet

Materials: adverbs of frequency cards from Lesson 4

\section*{Warm-up: Match}
- Draw the ticks and cross on the board as in the Graphic Grammar box on page 27 of the Pupil's Book.
- Hold up the word cards with the adverbs of frequency one at a time. Ask the children to say the word and then say which set of ticks or cross the card matches.
- Ask a different child each time to put the card in the correct place.

\section*{1 (D) 2.7 Listen and say.}
- If you don't have access to the class video, teach the new vocabulary. Draw a table on the board like this. Explain once, twice and three times.
\begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline & once & twice & three times \\
\hline a day & watch TV & & \\
\hline a week & & & \\
\hline a month & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
- Point to the table and say I watch TV once a day.
- Ask a volunteer to fill in another box with another activity, e.g. play football. Ask How often do you play football? Elicit an answer, e.g. twice a week.
- Refer the children to page 28. Tell them they will listen to a girl asking a boy how often he does things. Ask the children to listen and count how many questions she asks (four).
- Play the audio. Tell the children to listen the first time.
- Play the audio again and have the children repeat.
- Ask some comprehension questions. How often does he wash his hair? etc. Elicit answers.
- If you have access to the class video, pre-teach the vocabulary with a table as outlined at the start of Activity 1.
- Tell the children to count how many questions the girl asks. Play the video and then elicit the answer (four).
- Play the video again. Ask comprehension questions afterwards: e.g. How often does he wash his hair? Elicit answers.
- Play the video once more and have the children repeat, copying all intonation and body language as closely as possible.
- Divide the class into two, and have them act out the dialogue with each half taking one role. Then change roles.

\section*{2 Answer the questions.}
- Have the children write answers for themselves. They then compare answers with a partner.
- Children ask and answer the questions in pairs.
- Have some pairs read out their questions and answers.

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{Teaching star!}

\section*{Game}
- Playing games helps less confident children relax.
- Have the children ask questions around the class. Ask a child in the front row How often do you ...? The child answers. Then the same child asks the next child How often do you ...? who answers and so on. The questions can be silly, e.g. How often do you fly to school? and so can the answers, e.g. Twice a week!

3 Work in pairs. Now make a new dialogue.
- Elicit ideas from the whole class and build a new dialogue with their suggestions.
- Divide the class into pairs. Have them make a new version of the dialogue similar to the example.
- Invite some pairs to perform their new dialogue.

\section*{Cooler: Roleplay}
- Have volunteer pairs role play the dialogue from Activity 1.
- Have the class vote for the best performance.

Workbook page 22


\section*{Grammar reference:}

Remind the children that they can refer to the grammar reference on page 119 while completing these Workbook activities.

\section*{1 GEFI (D) 2.3 What chores do they do? Listen and write a letter in each box.}

This activity helps the children prepare for Part 3 of the Listening paper in the Cambridge English:
A1 Movers test.
- Have the children look at the pictures and say what they can see.
- The children listen and write letters in each box. They work individually.
- Have the children work as a class to check their answers.

\section*{Grammar booster}

For additional practice, ask the children to turn to page 135 of their Pupil's Book to complete Activities 2 and 3 . You may also wish to have the children complete these activities at home.

Answers: 2 Children's own answers 31 always 2 never 3 sometimes 4 always

\section*{Audioscript}

Boy: Can I ask you some questions, Suzy?
Girl: Yes!
Boy: Do you help with the chores at home?
Girl: Yes, I do! I usually tidy up my bedroom once a week.
Boy: Does your brother do chores at home?
Girl: Yes, he does. He sometimes washes up after dinner.
Boy: What about your dad?
Girl: He always washes his car at the weekend!
Boy: Does your grandma help with the chores?
Girl: Yes, she does. She usually dusts the house on Tuesday.
Boy: ... and what about your grandpa?
Girl: He makes the beds.

Answers: Suzy-F, her brother-C, her dad-B, her grandma-D, her grandpa-A

\section*{2 Write questions and answers.}

Answers: 1 How often do you wash up? I wash up three times a week. 2 How often do you make your bed? I make my bed once a day. 3 How often do you play computer games? I play computer games once a week. 4 How often do you play chess? I never play chess.

\section*{3 Answer the questions in Activity 2 about you.}

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{1 Look and say what the robot is doing.}

Pupil's Book page 29


Learning objectives: Listening: sequence events; Speaking: give a presentation
Language: My robot's name is ... / It's purple. / It's got two arms. / It always makes the bed. / It sometimes watches TV.
Materials: (optional) sheet of paper for each child

\section*{Warm-up: Phrase building}
- Write these verbs on the board: make, play, watch, wash, tidy, read, sweep. Ask the children to make phrases that are chores or free time activities with the verbs.
- Have the children raise their hands to suggest answers. Invite volunteers to write the rest of the phrases on the board.

Answers: make the bed/breakfast, play computer games / football / tennis /chess, watch TV / a film, wash up, tidy up (my bedroom, etc.), read a comic, sweep the floor
- Ask the children to look at the pictures and think about what the robot is doing in each picture.
- Have the children discuss in pairs. Encourage them use the new vocabulary they know from this unit.
- Ask the children to raise their hands to súggest answers.

Answers: \(\mathbf{a}\) dusting \(\mathbf{b}\) playing chess \(\mathbf{c m a k i n g}\) breakfast d reading a comic etidying up

\section*{2 (A) 2.8 Listen and number the pictures.}
- Tell the children that they will listen to Ella. She will say what the robot does and they must order the pictures.
- Play the first part of the audio and pause after Blip always makes our breakfast in the morning. Ask the children to point to the example.
- Play the rest of the audio and have the children number the rest of the pictures.
- Check answers. Ask What letter is number 1? and elicit \(c\), etc.

\section*{Audioscript}

Ella: We've got a robot. It lives in our house. It's name is Blip. It's grey and it's got four eyes. Blip always makes our breakfast in the morning. After that, we go to school and Blip stays at home. It tidies up our books and toys. Then it dusts. After school, it plays with us. We sometimes play computer games, but Blip usually likes reading comics. Before bed, we always play chess. Blip's very good at chess.

Answers:a3 b5 c1 d4 e2

\section*{Teaching star!}

\section*{Game}
- The children can get restless if they sit down for a long time, so include activities that get them moving.
- Play Simon says followed by chores and free time activities the robot does. See the Games bank (pages 14-17) for how to play Simon says. Have volunteers first think up mimes and practise them as a class.

\section*{3 \\ Read the example. Invent a robot and complete the information. Then draw your robot.}
- Have a child read the example presentation.
- Then have the children invent their own robots and complete the information.
- Monitor and help the children while they think and write.
- Children can use a separate piece of paper to copy their text and draw a picture of their robot.

Answers: Children's own answers and drawings.

\section*{Workbook page 23}


\section*{4 Present your robot to the class.}
- Have the children stand up and read out the information about their robot. Remind them to speak clearly because this is a presentation.

\section*{Cooler: Best robot competition}
- Hand a slip of paper to each child. Have the children decide which robot they like best and write the name of the child who presented it on a slip of paper. They put the slip in the bag.
- Quickly count up the names and find the winner.
- Have the winner read out their presentation again.

1 CEAL Read the text. Choose the right words and write them on the lines. There is one example.
This activity helps the children prepare for Part 4 of the Reading and Writing paper in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.
- If done in class, have the children look at the picture and say what they can see.
- The children read the story and choose words in the table to complete the gaps. They work individually.
- Children complete the sentences.
- Read out the complete story for the children to check their answers.

Answers: 1 always 2 After 3 then 4 usually 5 Before

\section*{2 Look at the robot and complete the sentences.}

Answers: 1 Deet 2 four eyes, four ears 3 two arms, two legs 4 dusts the furniture, sweeps the floor and watches TV


Learning objectives: Write a blog post using capital letters and punctuation

Materials: (optional) a piece of lined paper for each child

\section*{Warm-up: Anagrams}
- Write these anagrams on the board: imlf, terpomcu semag, strop, gineard (film, computer games, sport, reading).
- Have the children work in pairs to solve the anagrams. When they finish they raise their hands.
- Invite volunteers to write the words on the board. Ask if the class agrees with the volunteers.

\section*{1 * Look at the blog on pages 24-25.} Circle the capital letters and punctuation in paragraph 2.
- Refer children to the punctuation in the lozenge. Then refer the children to the blog on page 24. Ask them to circle each type of punctuation in the blog.
- Elicit: capital letters are at the start of sentences, names and countries; commas are in lists and before 'but'; full stops are at the end of sentences; questions marks are at the end of questions.

Answers: Our home 26th January
We live in a village in Asturias in the north of Spain. Our family has got a small hotel. It's called the Palace Hotel. It's white with a red roof. We live on the top floor, and there isn't a lift, so we go up and down the stairs all day! There's a big garden outside and a garage in the basement. We've got ten bedrooms for people to stay in.

\section*{Teaching star!}

\section*{Pairwork}
- If the children enjoy a certain type of activity, let them do it again so that they are motivated in class.
- Have the children work in pairs and circle the punctuation in the rest of the Camarillo family blog on page 25 .

\section*{2 Add punctuation and capital letters to the Nowak family blog.}
- First ask the children to find the words that were anagrams in the warm-up.
- Then have the children add punctuation and capital letters to the blog post.
- Have the children write the blog out correctly in their notebooks. Have them work individually on this activity.
- Have volunteers write one sentence at a time on the board. Ask for class agreement and correct as necessary.

Answers: We are the Nowak family from Poland. There is Grandpa, Grandma, Mum, Dad, Dario and Anna. We like reading, playing computer games, watching films and doing sport. What does your family like doing?

\section*{3 Look at the pictures. Complete the Nowak family blog post.} Beastar:
- Discuss as a class what the children can see in the pictures. Write their ideas on the board.
- Have the children write the Nowak family blog post in their books. They should do this individually. Remind them to use correct punctuation and capital letters. They can then compare their work with a partner.
- Have volunteers read out a sentence each from their blog. Write their ideas on the board to create the blog post.

Suggested answer: Our favourite day is Sunday. In the morning, we all do chores at home. Mum usually makes the beds. Dad usually sweeps the floor. We never play basketball.
In the afternoon, we go to the park, but Grandpa and Grandma like playing chess. We hardly ever wash the car!

\section*{Cooler: What about you?}
- Discuss as a class what the children think about blog posts. Prompt with questions: Do you like blog posts?
Do you read blogs? Do you have a blog? What is an interesting subject for a blog?

Workbook pages 24-25


\section*{Prepare to write}

\section*{1 Answer the questions.}
- The children answer the questions for themselves.
- If done in class, first discuss the questions as a class and have the children tell each other their answers.
- Then have the children write down their answer individually.
- Nominate children to read out their answers.

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{2 Complete with the correct words for your house.}
- The children complete the sentences with the correct words for their own house.
- If done in class, read through the words in the box and check comprehension. Explain in L1 if necessary.
- Have the children complete the activity.

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{3 Complete the sentences.}
- The children complete the sentences with their own ideas.
- If done in class, read through the start of each sentence. Have the children raise their hands to make suggestions. Write some ideas on the board.
- Have the children complete the sentences for themselves.

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{Ready to write}

4 Write your blog posts about your famliy.
- Have the children write their blog posts individually.

\section*{5 Read and check your work in Activity 4. Tick ( \(\checkmark\) ).}
- The children read their own work and check it. They should check punctuation and spelling.
- The children can check each other's work to help out.

\title{
Lesson 8 Think about it!
}

Pupil's Book page 31
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{(3) Lesson 8 Think about it} & et's & survey! & \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{1 Read and complete the survey information.} \\
\hline How often do you ... ? & \begin{tabular}{l}
Once \\
a day
\end{tabular} & Twice a week & Never & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{3}{*}{Look at the results of my class survey about free time activities.}} \\
\hline watch TV & 13 & 5 & 3 & & \\
\hline do sport & 6 & 12 & 3 & & \\
\hline play computer games & 10 & 7 & 4 & & \\
\hline read a book & 11 & 8 & 2 & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Free time activity class survey \\
1 There are 21 pupils in her class. \\
2 \(\qquad\) pupils never watch TV. \\
3 \(\qquad\) pupils do sport twice a week. \\
4 \(\qquad\) pupils read a book once a day. \\
5 Six pupils \(\qquad\) once a day. \\
6 Ten pupils \(\qquad\) \\
7 Two pupils \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} &  & \\
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
2 Work in groups. Do a survey about chores. \\
- Copy the table. Choose four chores. \\
- Ask your friends and complete the table. \\
- Write about the results of your survey.
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{(0)} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Unit 2 Decode and sequence information WB: pages 26-27} & 31 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Learning objectives: Decode and sequence information

Additional language: do a survey
Resources: Unit 2 test
Materials: paper, pens, pencils, card, coloured pens or pencils

\section*{Warm-up: First letters}
- Write the first letters only of the chores and free time activities on the board (with space to complete the words): make the bed, read a comic, wash up, watch a film, tidy up, play chess, dust, clean, sweep the floor, play computer games.
- Ask the children to try to remember the vocabulary from this unit, and come to the board to complete the words. Help them by miming, if necessary.

\section*{1 Read and complete the survey information.}
- Read the speech bubble to the children. Teach the words survey and results by explaining the meaning in L1. Have the children repeat the words.
- Have the children look at the survey. Ask some comprehension questions, e.g. How many children watch TV once a day? Elicit answers. (13)
- Ask How many children are in the class? The children add up the numbers in the first row to find the answer. (21)
- Have the children read the survey and complete the information.

Answers: \(121 \quad 23 \quad 312 \quad 411 \quad 5\) do sport 6 play computer games once a day 7 never read a book

\section*{2 Work in groups. Do a survey about chores.}

\section*{Be a star:}
- Divide the class into groups. Give each child a piece of paper for their surveys and have them copy the table from Activity 1 (they only copy the information in the first row).
- Give the children some time to choose three chores.
- The children write their chores in the left column of their table. Monitor and help as necessary.
- They then ask the other children in their group questions so they can complete their surveys.
- The children look at their results. They use the results to write some sentences.
- Ask for volunteers to show the class their surveys and read out their sentences.
- Encourage groups to compare work and ideas.

\section*{Arts and crafts}
- If the children like to be creative, encourage them to produce work that can be displayed in the classroom.
- Have the children work in pairs and combine their surveys. Give each pair a piece of card. They create an attractive survey with the results on it. Display the surveys so the class can see each other's work.

\section*{Cooler: Disappearing sentences}
- Choose three or four memorable, key sentences from this unit and write them on the board: e.g. I always wash the car. I never play basketball. How often do you watch TV?
- Have the children read out the sentences all together.
- Then erase some of the words in each sentence, and have the children remember and say the complete sentences.
- Erase some more words and have the children remember again.
- Finally, erase all the words and have the children remember the sentences from an empty board! This is a challenging but satisfying activity for the children!


\section*{1 Look at the pictures. Complete the list of chores.}

Answers: wash up - Nadia, tidy up - Rob, dust the living room - Joan, clean the shoes - Ken, sweep the floors - Ted, make the beds - Mum

\section*{2 Write three chores you hardly ever do.}

Answers: Children's own answers.

\section*{3 Circle the odd one out in each group.}

Answers: 1 read a comic 2 do homework 3 then 4 classroom

4 GEFIT Read and choose the best answer. There is one example.
This activity helps the children prepare for Part 2 of the Reading and Writing paper in the Cambridge English:
A1 Movers test.
- The children read the information and use it to choose the correct answers.
- If done in class, read through all the information to the class.
- Have the children complete the activity individually.

Answers: 1 B 2 C 3 A

\section*{Grammar reference:}

Remind the children that they can refer to the grammar reference on page 119 while completing these Workbook activities.

Pupil's Book page 32


Learning objectives: Review Units 1 and 2; A1 Movers: Reading and Writing, Part 3; Speaking, Part 1

Resources: Speaking exam practice video
Materials: (optional) Flashcards from Units 1 and 2

\section*{Warm-up: We've got talent!}
- Divide the class into two groups. Group 1 will sing the Unit 1 song (Pupil's Book page 9), and Group 2 the Unit 2 song (Pupil's Book page 23). Have them perform to the other group as if they are in a talent show. They can use their books for the lyrics.
- Have Group 1 stand up. Play the audio (track 1.3) and have the children sing along. When they finish Group 2 should clap.
- Repeat for Group 2. Play the audio (track 2.3).

\section*{Game}
- Review vocabulary at the start of a class before children open their books.
- Play the Missing card game with the flashcards from Units 1 and 2. See the Games bank (pages 14-17) for how to play the game.

1 (.) Work in pairs. Take turns to choose a subject. Ask and answer.
- Write before and after on the board and revise the meanings with a question about your class. Ask /s English before / after PE? Elicit yes / no.
- Have two children read out the example to the class. Have pairs of children ask and answer questions using the pictures.
- The children can repeat the activity in pairs.

\section*{2 (D) 2.9 Listen and write the words in the} diagram.
- Explain the diagram to the children if necessary: Mum and Dad's words go in the yellow part, the children's words in the blue part, and words for Mum, Dad and the children in the yellow and blue part. Explain that both means Mum, Dad and the children do this.
- Tell the children to listen the first time. Play the audio.
- Then play the audio again and pause after each number to give the children time to write.
- Have volunteers write the answers on the board.

\section*{Audioscript}

1 Mum and Dad wash up.
2 Mum and Dad and the children make the beds.
3 The children tidy up.
4 Mum and Dad and the children watch a film.
5 Mum and Dad clean.
6 The children play computer games.
7 Mum and Dad dust.

Answers: Mum and Dad: wash up, clean, dust
Children: tidy up, play computer games
Both: make the beds, watch a film

\section*{3 Complete the sentences.}
- Write always on the board and draw seven ticks next to it.
- Have the children call out the other adverbs of frequency and write them on the board, too. Then have volunteers draw ticks and a cross next to the words. (usually - 5 ticks, sometimes - 3 ticks, hardly ever-1 tick, never-1 cross).
- Read out the example. Ask How often is once a week? One time or two? and elicit one.
- Have the children complete the activity individually. Then ask the children to raise their hands to suggest answers.
- Have volunteers read out the correct sentences.

Answers: \(\mathbf{1}\) sometimes \(\mathbf{2}\) always \(\mathbf{3}\) hardly ever 4 never 5 usually 6 always

Pupil's Book page 33


\section*{1 CAN Read. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers \(1-5\). There is one example.}

This activity helps the children prepare for Part 3 of the Reading and Writing paper in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.
- Explain the activity to the children. They read the sentences and find the correct picture each sentence describes. They then write the word in the gapped sentence.
- For item 6, ask the children to choose the best name for the story by ticking the box next to the name.
- Have the children complete the activity individually.
- Choose different children to read out a sentence and suggest an answer. Write the answers on the board.

Answers: 1 hotel 2 stairs 3 Grandma 4 bedroom 5 garden 6 My grandma's hotel

2 CEM Work in pairs. Look at the pictures. Find the differences.
- This activity helps the children prepare for Part 1 of the Speaking paper in the Cambridge English: A1 Movers test.
- Have the children look at the two pictures and identify the differences between them.
- Have two children read out the example to the class.
- Then have pairs of children look for the differences in the pictures. Prompt by naming objects if necessary (e.g. dresses, comics, oranges, apples, \(T\)-shirt, book, homework, swimming).
- Correct the use of the present simple or continuous.
- The children can repeat the activity in pairs.

Answers: 1st picture - Flo: She's doing her homework. She's eating an apple. She's wearing a pink T-shirt. She reads books. She eats apples. She swims / likes swimming. She wears pink dresses.
2nd picture - Ella: She's reading a book. She's eating an orange. She's wearing a yellow T-shirt. She reads comics. She eats oranges. She plays tennis / likes tennis. She wears red dresses.

\section*{Cooler: Well done!}
- Tell the children Well done! You're an Academy Star!
- Ask the children for feedback with these questions: Which activity was easy? Which activity was difficult? Which activity did you like best? Which activity did you not like?```

