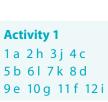
Travel time

AfL Activity Pupils' own answers



10 🔇



Key learning outcome: Identify and use words to talk about travelling



Objectives: Identify and use words to talk about travelling

Vocabulary: arrivals, check-in desk, departures, ferry, passenger, platform, queue, ticket collector, ticket

machine, trip, trolley, waiting room

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, Flashcards

Optional: Travel brochures and pictures from your holidays

Opening routine

To **energise** the class, do TPR Dynamic routine 3 on p. 32. To **focus** the class, do Mindfulness routine 3 on p. 32.

Pupil's Book, page 10

What do you know?

Follow the **Assessment for learning routine** on p. 17.

1 1.1 Match the words to the photos. Then listen, check and repeat.

Follow the Vocabulary presentation routine on p. 17.

1 ferry 2 queue 3 waiting room 4 platform
5 ticket machine 6 ticket collector 7 passenger
8 arrivals 9 departures 10 trolley
11 check-in desk 12 trip

Engage If you brought the suggested optional items, show them to the class. Which holiday would they most like to go on? Hold a class vote. Show images from the brochures (one by one) and ask pupils to raise their hands for their favourite. Count hands to see which holiday is most popular. If you don't have brochures, find images of holidays online and display on the board for pupils to vote for their favourite.

2 Work in pairs. Take turns to describe a place from Activity 1 for your partner to guess.

Follow the **Vocabulary practice activity routine** on p. 17. Before starting this activity, check the pronunciation and lead a drill of any difficult words (e.g. the *t* in *departures* may cause difficulties, so model the 'ch' sound).

Support Pair less confident pupils with someone more confident, and ensure that the confident partner goes first to demonstrate the activity.

3 Think. Answer the questions.

Follow the Vocabulary practice activity routine on p. 17.

Reach higher If time allows, pupils can answer further questions, such as:

What are the disadvantages of lots of people travelling to popular places?

How is travelling bad for the environment?

Write these questions on the board for early finishers to answer.

Activity Book, page 10

1 Find and write eight travel words.

Encourage pupils to remember the words and refer them to Activity 1 on Pupil's Book p. 10 for help with spelling. If you have time, play some games with the vocabulary in Activity 1 to reinforce the vocabulary and to encourage pupils to use the Pupil's Book as a resource to help with remembering vocabulary and spellings. For example, put pupils into pairs. Ask one of them to read out all the words in the vocabulary set, except for one. Their partner should listen carefully and say the word that has been missed out.

Reach higher After finishing the activity, pupils who are more confident with the vocabulary can scramble three or four of the words (writing them in their notebook) and give them to a partner to unscramble.

Support Show pupils who need more support each picture flashcard in turn and elicit the corresponding word. Display the picture cards on the board with the corresponding word cards next to them for reference.

Write the words. There are two words you don't need.

Support As you monitor, tell pupils who need more support which two words aren't needed.

3 Write answers for you.

Reach higher Ask early finishers to write sentences explaining why they *don't* prefer the other options for numbers 1–3. For example, *I don't like waiting in arrivals because sometimes planes are delayed and I have to wait a long time!*

Closing routine

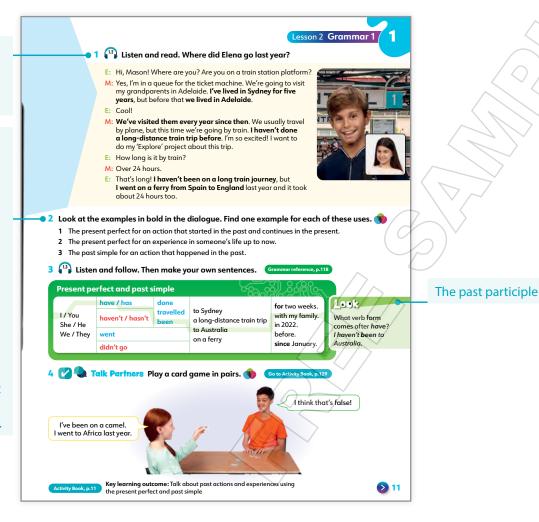
Do Communication routine 4 on p. 32.

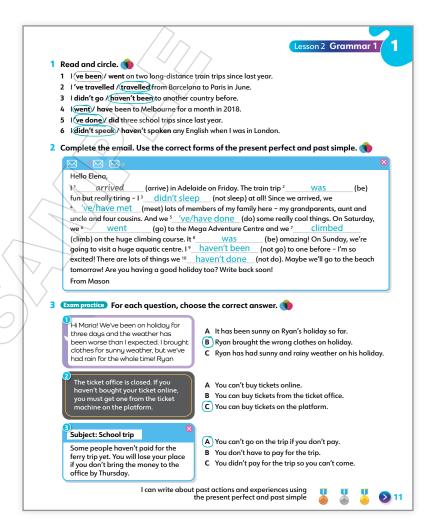
1

Activity 1

Elena went on a ferry from Spain to England.

- 1 I've lived in Sydney for five years. / We've visited them every year since then.
- 2 I haven't done a long-distance train trip before. / I haven't been on a long train journey.
- 3 We lived in Adelaide. / I went on a ferry from Spain to England.





Objectives: Talk about past actions and experiences using the present perfect and past simple; Exam practice: B1 Preliminary for Schools Reading, Part 1

Grammar: Present perfect: I have been to Australia with my family.; Past simple: He went on a ferry in 2022.

Recycled language: ferry, platform, queue, ticket machine, trip, waiting room

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, No Something for Everyone Book, Activity Book Cutouts,

teacher and peer Assessment Rubrics

Optional: Pictures of a map of Australia, France and USA from the internet

Opening routine

To **energise** the class, do Communication routine 2 on p. 32.

Pupil's Book, page 11

1 1.2 Listen and read. Where did Elena go last year?

Follow the **Grammar presentation routine** on p. 19.

2 Look at the examples in bold in the dialogue. Find one example for each of these uses. **9**

Follow the Focus on meaning and use routine on p. 19.

Ask pupils how the present perfect is formed in their own language. Is it similar or different to in English?

3 1.3 Listen and follow. Then make your own sentences.

Engage Say sentences and ask concept questions to check pupils' understanding. Pupils put both thumbs up for *Yes* and tap their shoulders for *No*. Point to each use in Activity 2 as you say them to help guide pupils.

I have been to Sydney before. Does this sentence describe an experience in someone's life up until now? (Yes)

She has been on a ferry before. Does this sentence describe an action that started at a specific time in the past? (No)

I have done a long-distance train trip. Does this sentence describe an action that happened over a period of time? (Yes)

He went on a ferry in 2022. Does this sentence describe an action that was completed in the past? (Yes)

Look Ask pupils if they know where they can find a list of irregular past participles (Pupil's Book, p. 127).

Follow the **Controlled grammar practice routine** on p. 19.

- 1 I have been to Australia with my family.
- 2 We haven't done a long-distance train trip before.
- 3 We went to Sydney for two weeks.

4 Talk Partners Play a card game in pairs.

Follow the **Communicative practice routine** on p. 19. Divide the class into pairs and have pupils cut up one set of Unit 1 cutouts between the two of them. Review the instructions with the class and point out the example in the Pupil's Book.

Classroom management tip

To ensure pupils start this activity at the same time, give pupils two minutes to prepare. In this time, they need to find the correct cutouts, cut them out, place their cards on the table, and sit next to their partner. After two minutes, check everyone is ready and then they can start the game.

Follow the **Assessment for learning routine** on p. 19.

Activity Book, page 11

- 1 Read and circle.
- 2 Complete the email. Use the correct forms of the present perfect and past simple. •

Reach higher Ask early finishers to write a reply email as Elena. Ask them to write at least two examples of the present perfect and two of the past simple in their email.

3 Exam practice For each question, choose the correct answer.

Exam tip

B1 Preliminary for Schools Reading, Part 1

In this task, pupils have to read five real-world messages and other short texts for the main message. Tell pupils that they do not need to understand every word, but that they need to understand the main meaning.

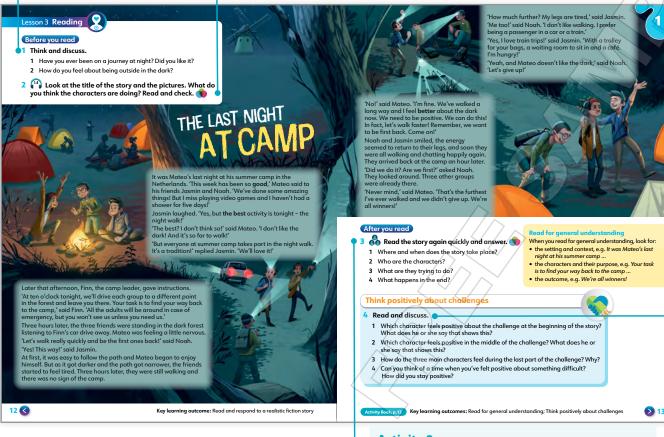
Closing routine

Do Mindfulness routine 4 on p. 32.

Activity 1 Pupils' own answers

Activity 2

They are doing a long walk in a forest at night. (They have to find their way back to the camp by themselves.)

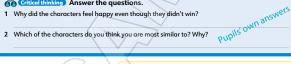




THE LAST NIGHT AT

- 1 Remember the story. Number the events in order.
- a The friends started walking quickly.
- b The camp leaders took the friends to the forest and left them there
- c The friends finally arrived back at the camp. They were happy that they didn't give up.
- **d** Noah and Jasmin were excited about the night walk activity, but Mateo wasn't.
- ${\bf e} \quad {\bf After \, three \, hours, \, Noah \, and \, Jasmin \, didn't \, want \, to \, go \, on, \, but \, Mateo \, wanted \, them \, to \, continue.}$
- Read the story on Pupil's Book pages 12–13 again. Write T (True) or F (False).
- 1 Mateo has mostly enjoyed the summer camp.
- 2 Mateo was worried about the dark and the length of the walk. 3 The adults stayed with the children during the whole night walk.
- 4 Noah wanted to win the walk and arrive back first.
- 5 Jasmin helped the friends feel better for the last part of the walk
- 6 They were unhappy because they didn't arrive first.





Word work: Irregular comparative

Some comparative and superlative adjectives are irregular.

Find and write the comparative and superlative forms of good in the story.

good

better

the best

Complete the sentences with the correct comparative or superlative adjectives.

- 1 It was very cold at camp we had

 WORSE weather than last year.
- 2 Summer camp was great it's the best thing I've ever done.
- $\frac{ \quad \quad The \ best \quad \quad }{ \text{the campfire I loved it!}} \text{ activity was telling stories by }$
- You're better than me at thinking positively you've got lots of good ideas.
- 6 I'm really bad at football but Danny is

 WOI'SE than me! He's terrible.

L can read and respond to a realistic fiction story;

12. C I can use irregular comparative and superlative adjectives







Activity 3

- 1 At a summer camp in the Netherlands at night.
- 2 Mateo, Jasmin and Noah
- 3 They are trying to be the first ones to find their way back to the camp with no help from anyone else.
- 4 They don't give up. They make it back to the camp, but they aren't the first group.

- 1 Jasmin feels positive at the beginning. She says
 - "... the best activity is tonight ..." and 'We'll love it!"
- 2 Mateo feels positive in the middle. He says 'We need to be positive. We can do this! ... Come on!'
- 3 They all feel happy and full of energy because Mateo was positive and motivated them to try to finish.
- 4 Pupils' own answers

Objectives: Read and respond to a realistic fiction story; Read for general understanding; Social-emotional learning (SEL): Think positively about challenges

Recycled language: passenger, trolley, waiting room; This week has been so good. We've done some amazing things! It was Mateo's last night at his summer camp ... I haven't had a shower for five days! That's the furthest I've ever walked.

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, Something for Everyone Book, SEL Activity Card 1, SEL Posters 1 and 2

Opening routine

Play the mindfulness animation or audio to **calm** pupils before they read.

Pupil's Book, pages 12-13

Before you read

1 Think and discuss.

Follow the **Before you read routine** on p. 21.

2 1.4 Look at the title of the story and the pictures. What do you think the characters are doing? Read and check.

Follow the While you read routine on p. 21.

After you read

Follow the **After you read routine** on p. 21.

3 🔥 Read the story again quickly and answer. 🐠

Give a short time limit here to encourage pupils to read for general understanding and not get stuck on trying to understand lots of detail.

Pupils identify the characters' **main purpose** in the story.

Reading skill: Read for general understanding

Ask pupils what the key words of the tip in the box are (setting, context, characters, purpose, outcome). Explain that often if we pay attention to these things, that is enough information for us to get a general understanding of a story. Ask pupils to match the answers to 1–4 to the key words, to help make the meanings clear (1 setting and context; 2 characters; 3 purpose; 4 outcome).

4 Read and discuss.

Follow the **Social-emotional learning (SEL) routine** on p. 21.

Social-emotional learning:Think positively about challenges



For question 1, have pupils look at the first paragraph. Then have pupils discuss questions 2–4 in pairs and say how they know how these characters are feeling. Then ask: Why do we use the word 'challenge' and not 'difficulty'? Why is it important to think positively about challenging situations?

Highlight that the main thing is not winning but trying your best and working well as a team.

Activity Book, page 12

- 1 Remember the story. Number the events in order.
- 2 Read the story on Pupil's Book pages 12–13 again. Write *T* (True) or *F* (False).
- 3 Critical thinking Answer the questions.

In this activity, pupils consider the characters' thoughts and feelings further, and express their personal response.

4 Complete the sentences with the correct comparative or superlative adjectives.

Follow the \boldsymbol{Word} \boldsymbol{work} $\boldsymbol{routine}$ on p. 21.



Word work: Irregular comparative and superlative adjectives

Elicit which of the adjectives are comparative (worse, better) and which are superlative (the worst, the best). Remind pupils that we use comparative adjectives to compare **two things** and superlative adjectives to compare **more than two things**.

Ask pupils how they say *better/best* and *worse/worst* in their own language. Do the comparative and superlative forms change in the same way?

Closing routine

Do TPR Dynamic routine 1 on p. 32.

1c 2f 3a 4b 5d 6e

Activity 3

1e 2b 3a 4c 5d

Activity 4

- 2 True
- 3 False
- 4 False
- 5 False

4 Vocabulary 2 & Listening

Match the words to the photos. Then listen, check and repeat.











- 2 (a) Look at the photos below and answer the questions. Then listen and check your ideas.
- 1 What do you think a 'Travel Ambassador' does at school?
- What do you think makes someone a good Travel Ambassador?
- What do you think he is going to talk about?

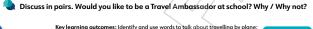




When you listen, pay

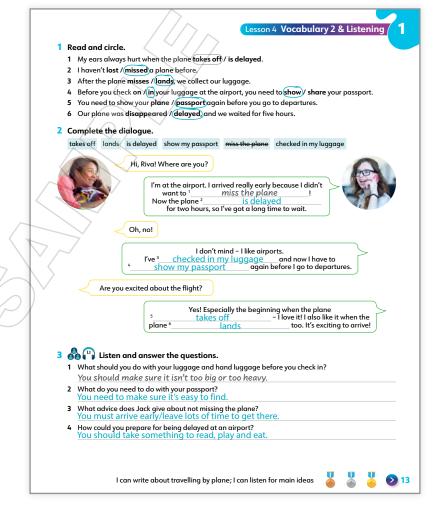
🔐 Listen again. Number phrases a-e in the order you

- The thing you have to remember is ... The most important thing is .. I'm going to talk about . What you really need to know is .
- attention to expressions introduce the main idea: I'm going to talk about ... most important thing is . Listen again. Answer True or False.
- Jack is a Travel Ambassador because he has experience of school trips. 2 The meeting is about travelling by plane
- 3 Jack says he has never taken too much luggage on a trip.
- Jack says you should put your passport at the bottom of your rucksack
- 5 Jack says you should bring sweets in case you are delayed at the airport.



Key learning outcomes: Identify and use words to talk about travelling by plane; Listen for main ideas

- 1 He/She helps other pupils to get ready to go on school trips. For example, he/she organises meetings to give advice about travelling.
- 2 He/She loves travelling and he/ she has been on some school trips, so he/she can give advice.
- 3 What to do at the airport. (Main ideas) Making sure your luggage isn't too big or heavy, having your passport ready and arriving early at the airport. (Other ideas) What to take in case your plane is delayed or your ears hurt on the plane.



Objectives: Identify and use words to talk about travelling by plane; Listen for main ideas **Vocabulary:** be delayed, check in your luggage, land, miss a plane, show your passport, take off **Materials:** Classroom Presentation Kit, Flashcards, Assessment Rubric

Opening routine

To focus the class, do Mindfulness routine 1 on p. 32.

Pupil's Book, page 14

1 1.5 Match the words to the photos. Then listen, check and repeat.

Follow the Vocabulary presentation routine on p. 23.

1 check in your luggage 2 show your passport 3 take off 4 land 5 miss a plane 6 be delayed

Engage Put pupils into groups of five or six and ask them to make a 'tableau' (a scene, like a painting). Use one group as an example. Whisper a scene into the ears of the group (e.g. a supermarket) and help them arrange themselves so they look like a scene in a supermarket. For example, one pupil sitting with their hand 'scanning' an item. Another waiting in a queue. Another reaching up for a tin of tomatoes, etc. The important thing is that they are all frozen, so they look like a picture. Ask the rest of the class what the scene is. Give the groups five minutes and the 'tableau' scene: an airport. After five minutes, go around each group and guess what everyone is doing. Write any useful language on the board.

Focus pupils on *check in* and *take off*. Explain that these words are phrasal verbs: a verb and a preposition that have a different meaning to just the verb alone. Encourage pupils to make a list of phrasal verbs with the translations in their own language in their notebooks.

2 1.6 Look at the photos below and answer the questions. Then listen and check your ideas.

Follow the **Before listening routine** on p. 23. See audioscript, p. 224.

Listening skill: Listen for main ideas

Before doing Activity 2, have pupils think about other examples of expressions that introduce a main idea. Write their ideas on the board (e.g. I really want to tell you about ...; Today I want to talk about ...; This is the most important part, etc.). Pupils copy all of the expressions into their notebooks. Play the audio. Pupils give a thumbs up every time they hear one of the expressions from their list.

3 1.6 Listen again. Number phrases a-e in the order you hear them.

Follow the While listening routine on p. 23.

4 🗸 🎧 1.6 Listen again. Answer True or False,

Follow the While listening routine on p. 23.

Reach higher Challenge pupils who finish quickly to write two comprehension questions about the audio for another early finisher to answer.

5 Discuss in pairs. Would you like to be a Travel Ambassador at school? Why / Why not?

Follow the After listening routine on p. 23.

Engage Adapt this activity to make this an interview for the position of Travel Ambassador. Each pupil thinks about their answers and why they would be the best for the job. Then, in threes, they act out the interviews.

Support On the board, write useful sentence stems for this discussion (e.g. *Shall I go first? Yes, I would like to be a Travel Ambassador because ...*, etc.). Pupils who need support can look at the board for help.

Follow the Assessment for learning routine on p. 23.

Activity Book, page 13

- 1 Read and circle.
- **2** Complete the dialogue.
- 3 🎧 🞧 🗔 Listen and answer the questions.

See audioscript, p. 224.

Support On the board, write sentence stems for pupils to copy before listening (1 You should ...; 2 You need to ...; 3 You must ...; 4 You could ...). This will help them write full sentences while listening.

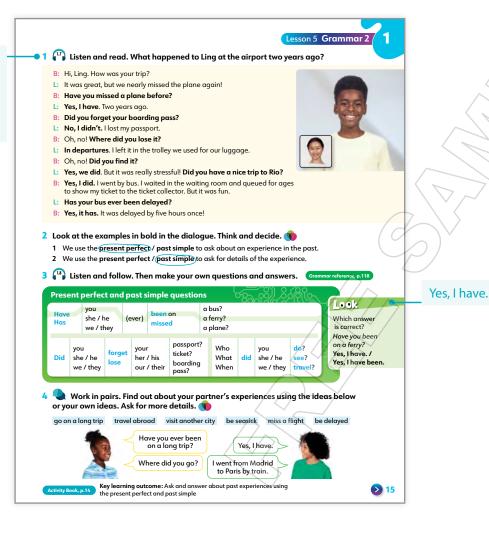
In this activity, pupils practise **relaying specific information** in written form.

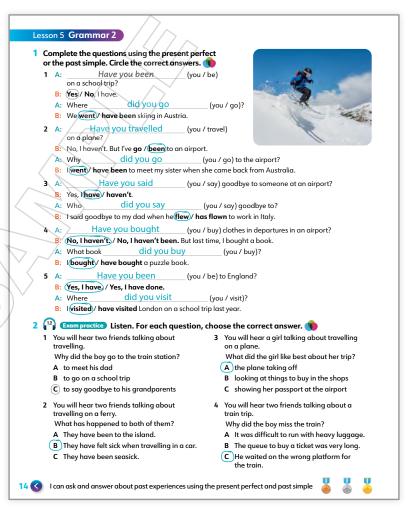
Closing routine

Do Communication routine 3 on p. 32.

1

Activity 1
She missed her plane because she lost her passport in departures.





Objectives: Ask and answer about past experiences using the present perfect and past simple; Exam practice: B1 Preliminary for Schools Listening, Part 2

Grammar: Present perfect and past simple questions: *Have you ever missed a plane? Did you forget your passport? What did you do?*

Recycled language: be delayed, boarding pass, luggage, miss a plane, queue, ticket collector, trolley, waiting room

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, Flashcards, No Something for Everyone Book

Opening routine

To energise the class, do TPR Dynamic routine 2 on p. 32.

Pupil's Book, page 15

1 1.7 Listen and read. What happened to Ling at the airport two years ago?

Follow the **Grammar presentation routine** on p. 25.

Engage Ask the class to stand up if they: have been to an airport / have lost their passport / have missed a plane.

2 Look at the examples in bold in the dialogue. Think and decide.

Follow the **Focus on meaning and use routine** on p. 25. Divide the board into two columns and write *present perfect questions* in one column and *past simple questions* in the other. Elicit which column each question from the dialogue in Activity 1 should go into. Nominate several pupils to come to the board to circle the verbs in each question. Guide pupils to notice the past participle verb forms in the present perfect questions.

3 1.8 Listen and follow. Then make your own questions and answers.

Follow the **Controlled grammar practice routine** on p. 25.

- 1 Have you ever been on a ferry?
- 2 Did she lose her ticket?
- 3 What did they see?

Look Read out the question and elicit answers.

4 Work in pairs. Find out about your partner's experiences using the ideas below or your own ideas. Ask for more details.

Follow the **Communicative practice routine** on p. 25.

Activity Book, page 14

- 1 Complete the questions using the present perfect or the past simple. Circle the correct answers.
- 2 1.2 Exam practice Listen. For each question, choose the correct answer.

Exam tip

B1 Preliminary for Schools Listening, Part 2

Tell pupils that for exam activities like this, it is important to read all the multiple choice options first, before listening.

See audioscript, p. 224

Closing routine

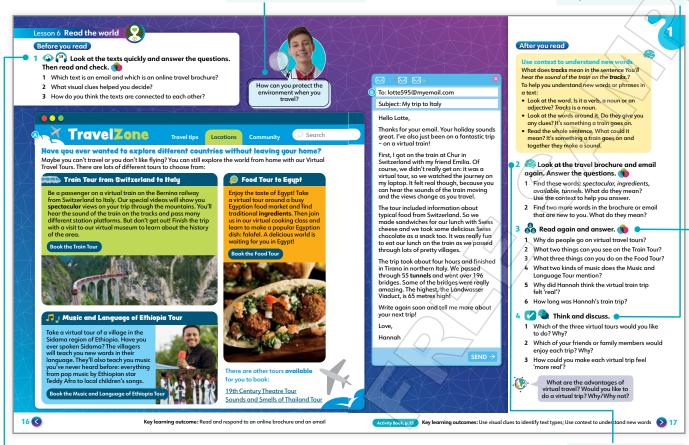
Do Mindfulness routine 3 on p. 32.

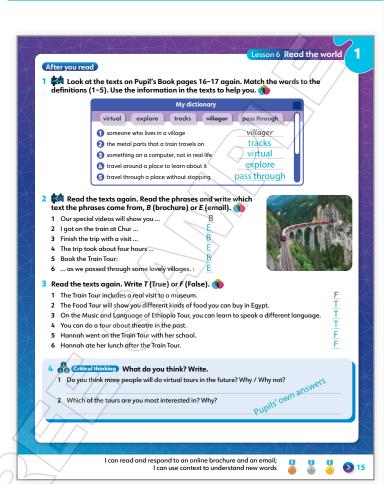
1

Science questionPupils' own answers

Activity 4

Pupils' own answers





Activity 1

1 B is an email and A is an online travel brochure.: 2 We know B is an email because of the beginning and the ending (Hello Lotte, Write again soon..., Love, Hannah), the 'To' and 'Subject' at the top, the SEND button, etc. We know A is an online travel brochure because of the tabs and search window at the top, the pictures, the persuasive language, etc.; 3 The email talks about a tour described in the online travel brochure.

Activity 2

spectacular (adj)
= beautiful in a
dramatic way
ingredients (noun)
= food or liquid
that you use to
make a particular
meal
available (adj) =
able to be used or
bought
tunnels (noun)
= underground
passages built
through a hill or
under a road, etc.

- 1 Because they can't travel or they don't like flying.
- 2 Mountains and train station platforms
- 3 Visit a food market; Find ingredients; Learn to cook an Egyptian recipe
- 4 Pop music by Teddy Afro and local children's songs (from the Sidama region)
- 5 You can hear the sounds of the train moving and the views change as you travel.
- 6 About four hours

Objectives: Read and respond to an online brochure and an email; Use visual clues to identify text types (visual literacy); Use context to understand new words (critical literacy)

Recycled language: passenger, platform, trip; Have you ever wanted to ...? I've also just been on a ... We didn't really get on ... We made sandwiches.

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, • Something for Everyone Book, teacher and peer **Assessment Rubrics**

Opening routine

Play the mindfulness animation or audio to **focus** pupils before they read.

Pupil's Book, pages 16-17

Science question

How can you protect the environment when you

This question relates to the social science topic of consequences of human action on the environment. Elicit ways of travelling and brainstorm how each affects the environment. As a class, think of ideas of environmentally-friendly travel.

Before you read

1 🚇 🞧 1.9 Look at the texts quickly and answer the guestions. Then read and check.

Visual literacy: Use visual clues to identify text types

Elicit or point out that visual clues can help us to understand texts. For example, images are attached to each section to show us what it's about and the email subject tells us the topic of the email.

Follow the **Before you read routine** on p. 27.

After you read

2 🥰 Look at the travel brochure and email again. Answer the questions.

Follow the While you read routine on p. 27.

Critical literacy: Use context to understand new words

Explain that the questions in the box help us to use what we know about language and so help us understand new words. We can ask these questions about any unknown word.

3 🧥 Read again and answer. 🐠



Follow the While you read routine on p. 27.

A Pupils practise relaying specific information.

4 Think and discuss.

Follow the **After you read routine** on p. 27. Follow the **Assessment for learning routine** on p. 27.

Classroom management tip

To avoid one pupil dominating, put them in threes and allocate one question per group member. Pupils take turns to ask their question.

ESDC





What are the advantages of virtual travel? Would you like to do a virtual trip? Why / Why not?

This guestion relates to **SDG Goal 12: Responsible** consumption and production. Elicit some of the advantages of virtual travel for the environment. **Possible answers:** We don't need to fly or use other transport so it reduces our carbon footprint; there will be less damage to natural areas, indigenous cultures, wildlife, etc. caused by tourists.

Activity Book, page 15

- 1 Figure 1 Look at the texts on Pupil's Book pages 16-17 again. Match the words to the definitions (1-5). Use the information in the texts to help vou. 🤎
- 2 Read the texts again. Read the phrases and write which text the phrases come from, B (brochure) or E (email).
- 3 Read the texts again. Write T (True) or F (False). 🐠
- 4 Critical thinking What do you think? Write. A In this activity, pupils practise giving a personal response to creative texts.

Closing routine

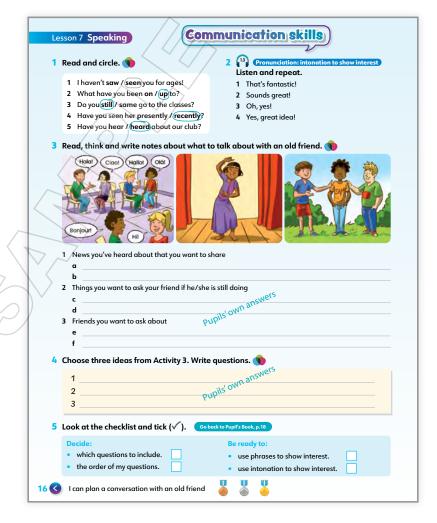
Do TPR Dynamic routine 3 on p. 32.

- 1 A Banyan tree.
- 2 A Bengal tiger.
- 3 Indian food.

All these things are from India.

- 1 boy
- 2 girl
- 3 girl
- J giii
- 4 boy
- 5 girl





Objectives: Have a conversation with an old friend; Show interest

Functional language: Sounds great! Really? That's fantastic! Oh, yes! Yes, great idea!

Recycled language: check-in desk, luggage, queue, trolley, waiting; I've been to a lot of different places.

Have you heard about virtual travel? I went to India virtually!

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, • Something for Everyone Book, teacher and peer

Assessment Rubrics

Opening routine

Play the mindfulness animation or audio to **energise** pupils before speaking activities.

Pupil's Book, page 18

1 Look and think. What can you see? Which country do you think these things are from?

Follow the activity routine on p. 29.

2 1.10 Watch the boy and girl talking about what they've done recently. Check your ideas in Activity 1.

Follow the **Video activity routine** on p. 29. See video script, p. 224

3 1.10 Watch again. Read and answer boy or girl. Follow the Video activity routine on p. 29.

4 Match the parts of the sentences.

Follow the **Key phrases routine** on p. 29.

Speaking skill: Showing interest

Write the following scenarios on the board: You saw a good film at the weekend. / You won a sports event yesterday. In pairs, pupils take turns to choose a scenario and explain what happened. Their partner should use some of the expressions to show interest in their story.

5 Plan your conversation.

Follow the Planning and preparation routine on p. 29.

Activity Book, page 16

- 1 Read and circle.
- 2 13 Listen and repeat.
- 3 Read, think and write notes about what to talk about with an old friend.
- 4 Choose three ideas from Activity 3. Write questions.
- **5** Look at the checklist and tick ().

Pupil's Book, page 18

6 Talk Partners Work in pairs. Take turns to practise your conversation. Use phrases from Activity 4 and show interest when you listen.

Follow the **Communicative practice routine** on p. 29. Pupils practise **facilitating interaction** by showing interest and asking questions.

Classroom management tip

To help manage speaking activities, put pupils into groups of three. Pupils take turns to be the 'monitor'. This person will just listen and tick how many of the phrases on this page each group member uses.

7 Reflect. Discuss your conversation with your partner.

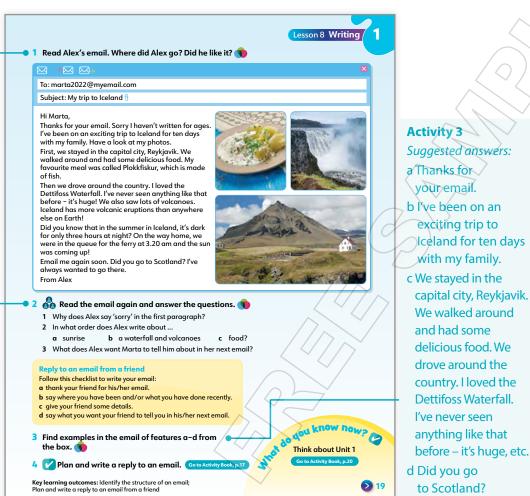
Follow the Assessment for learning routine on p. 29.

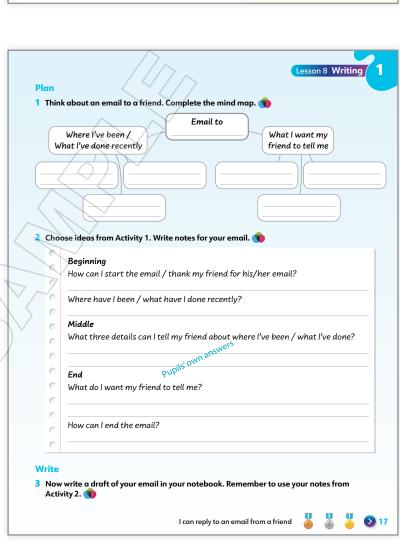
Closing routine

Do Communication routine 2 on p. 32.

Alex went to Iceland. Yes, he loved it.

- 1 He says 'sorry' because he hasn't written for ages (because he's been on a trip).
- 2 Order: c, b, a
- 3 He wants her to tell him if she went to Scotland.





Objectives: Identify the structure of an email; Plan and write a reply to an email from a friend Recycled language: ferry, queue, trip; I've been on an exciting trip. We walked around ...

Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, Something for Everyone Book, Assessment Rubrics Optional: Mini glossary handout with translations/images for the following words: meal, huge, eruption, dark, queue, come up (as in rise)

Opening routine

To focus the class, do Mindfulness routine 2 on p. 32.

Pupil's Book, page 19

1 Read Alex's email. Where did Alex go? Did he like it?

Follow the **Model text activity routine** on p. 31. Ask the following questions: *Have you ever been to Iceland?* What do you think Iceland is like? Do you think there are lots of things to do there?

Engage Lead a class vote on who would like to go to Iceland. Count the number of hands.

Support If you prepared the *Optional* mini glossary, hand this out to pupils who may need more support to help them as they read.

2 🔥 Read the email again and answer the questions. 🕦

Follow the Model text activity routine on p. 31.

Reach higher Ask early finishers to think of another comprehension question, and to ask it to another early finisher.

Have pupils practise **relaying specific information** from the text by sharing their answers.

3 Find examples in the email of features a-d from the box. ••

Follow the Writing skill routine on p. 31.

Reach higher Ask your language assistant to monitor confident pupils and to have them think of other features of emails to friends (e.g. start the email with *Hi/Hello*). Your language assistant can give oral feedback on their ideas.

Writing skill: Reply to an email from a friend

Read the box aloud and, as you do, point to the different parts of the email that are mentioned in the example text.

Ask pupils if they often write emails to their friends. Do emails in their home language generally follow the same pattern as in this example? How are they different?

4 🕜 Plan and write a reply to an email.

Follow the Planning routine on p. 31.

Activity Book, page 17

Plan

- 1 Think about an email to a friend. Complete the mind map
- 2 Choose ideas from Activity 1. Write notes for your email.

Write

3 Now write a draft of your email in your notebook. Remember to use your notes from Activity 2.

Follow the **Writing activity routine** on p. 31.
Follow the **Assessment for learning routine** on p. 31.

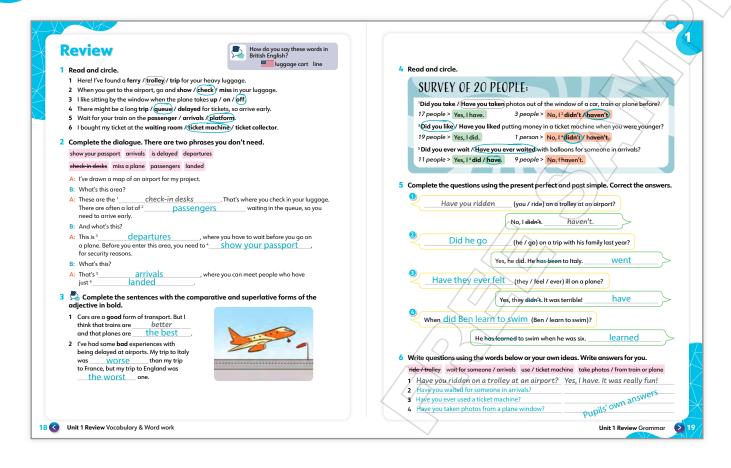
Pupil's Book, page 19

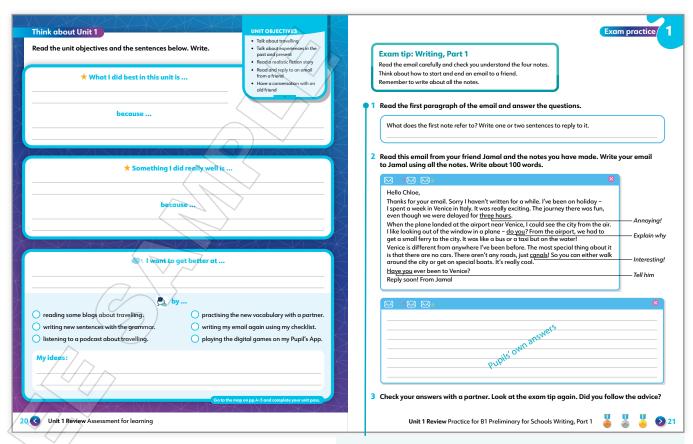
What do you know now? 🔽

Follow the Assessment for learning: Progress review routine on p. 31.

Closing routine

Do TPR Dynamic routine 1 on p. 32.





- 1 Jamal's journey to Venice, which was delayed by three hours.
- 2 Suggested answer: It's annoying that your plane was delayed on the way there. Did you have anything to do while you were waiting?

Objectives: Review vocabulary and grammar from Unit 1; Assessment for learning Unit 1;

Exam practice: B1 Preliminary for Schools Writing, Part 1 Materials: Classroom Presentation Kit, Flashcards (Unit 1)

Opening routine

To energise the class, do Communication routine 1 on p. 32.

Activity Book, pages 18–21



How do you say these words in British English?

Remind students that English is spoken in many countries but that some words are different. Elicit examples of words in their own language that are different in other countries which speak the same language.

1 Read and circle.

Engage Before completing this activity, stick the flashcards for this vocabulary on the board. Tell the class that you're going to point to each of the pictures and say the word. If the word is correct (e.g. you point to the picture of a queue, and say the word queue), pupils should clap their hands once. If you say an incorrect word, they should put their hands on their ears.

Complete the dialogue. There are two phrases you don't need.

Support As you monitor, help pupils who need support by telling them which options they can cross out, because they do not need to use them (is delayed and miss a plane).

3 Scomplete the sentences with the comparative and superlative forms of the adjective in bold.

Reach higher Ask early finishers to write their own sentences using these comparatives and superlatives (following the examples in this activity). Ask your language assistant to monitor this and provide oral feedback on their sentences.

- 4 Read and circle.
- 5 Complete the questions using the present perfect and past simple. Correct the answers.
- 6 Write questions using the words below or your own ideas. Write answers for you.

Think about Unit 1

Read the unit objectives and the sentences below. Write.

Peer feedback is an important part of AfL that needs guided support at this primary level. Ask pupils to check/ discuss their 'improvement' list together and also to offer any other suggestions to support each other.

Exam practice

Exam tip

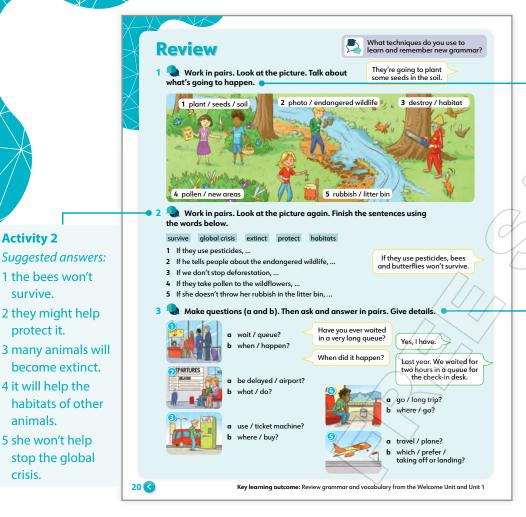
B1 Preliminary for Schools Writing, Part 1

Tell pupils that for this part of the exam, they need to read an email (and possibly some notes), and then they need to write a response. Explain that it is important to answer any questions that are in the email. Elicit or explain that we can write a quick plan before we start writing the email, to help us remember what we need to include.

- 1 Read the first paragraph of the email and answer the questions.
- 2 Read this email from your friend Jamal and the notes you have made. Write your email to Jamal using all the notes. Write about 100 words.
- 3 Check your answers with a partner. Look at the exam tip again. Did you follow the advice?

Closing routine

Do TPR Dynamic routine 3 on p. 32.





- 1 They're going to plant some seeds in the soil.
- 2 He's going to take a photo of endangered
- 3 She's going to destroy their habitat.
- 4 The bees are going to take pollen to new areas.
- 5 She's going to throw/ put her rubbish in the litter bin.

Activity 3

- a Have you ever waited in a very long queue?
- b When did it happen?
- a Have you ever been delayed at an airport?
- b What did you do?

- a Have you ever used a ticket machine?
- b Where did you buy the tickets?

- a Have you ever been on a long (bus/train/ ferry) trip?
- b Where did you go?

- a Have you ever travelled by plane?
- b Which did you prefer: taking off or landing?

Activity 2

survive.

protect it.

1 the bees won't

2 they might help

become extinct.

habitats of other

4 it will help the

5 she won't help

stop the global

animals.