Find twelve past forms of the verbs from the box in the Wordsearch.

								i
are	buy	come	e co	st	eat	get	feel	
	find	is	see	spe	end	take		

W	В	Ν	S	Р	E	Ν	T	B	Т	L	P
A	0	Μ	Z	X	\mathcal{C}	V	B		0	У	H
C	U	U	S	A	W	S	D		0	R	T
V	G	G	A	S	D	F	G	Н	K	N	L
B	H	F	W	E	R	E	R	T	ý	U	-1
K	T	D	R	F	V	B	A	T	E	A	G
C	A	M	E	У	U	1	0	P	L	S	0
Z	X	\mathcal{C}	V	F	0	U	Ν	D	B	D	T
Q	E	S	D	X	R	\mathcal{C}	M	1	G	F	M
F	E	L	T	Z	N	0	J	K	T	G	K
T	Н	У	A	X	Н	S	U	V	W	A	S
G	B	J	Z	\mathcal{C}	У	T	1	X	Z	S	D

MY SONGBOOK

Listen and sing.



Once upon a time in a country far away There lived a merry dragon, called Pete. He didn't breathe out fire, he didn't scare girls. Why so? Simple. He didn't eat meat.

Every day, when the kids went to school at eight, Pete stayed in his cave feeling great. He played chess with the king and sang with the queen. Why so? Apples. That was all he ate.

So remember, dear lad, and you, fair lady, When you look for something to eat, Don't reach for the chips, don't search for the coke, Just eat apples - be as wise as Pete.

> J . E d .2

Answer key, unit 3, exercise 9, p. 11:

TONGUE TWISTER

Listen and say.

Barbie's baby brother Barry brought a big brown ball to the beach.



Listen to the limerick. Learn it by heart.

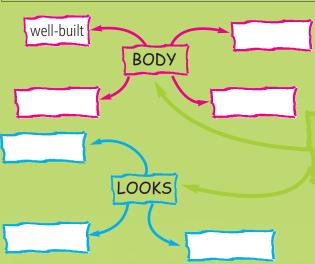
There was a pretty young girl from Kalisz Who cried each time she had to eat fish. When her mother went out, She was like a scout, Down the river went num's favourite dish.

محرير	1	Sh	1	1	~	-		~	man
Do the crossword.									
1		5		1					
14	>	\	2						
1	>	3							
	_	4							
	5								
		6							
				7					
		8		,					
		U	9						
		10	9						
		10	11						
		12	11						
4.2		12							
13								L	
						ue			
1. Th									
	olesí olish		Chrc	bry	and	Zyg	mur	it III	Waza were
3. Th			pita	l of	 Pola	nd.			
15.00			•				o fig	ht th	ne Wawel Dragon.
5. Th									
6. Ih	6. The shoemaker putinto the sheepskin sack.								
7. The eagle's nest was on a 8. The king's daughter.									
	9. The legend of the Wawel								
10. Th	ie ki	ng's	hou	ıse.					
	11. They sleep in Giewont.								
	12. Half-girl, half-fish. 13. Lech, Czech and Rus were three								
Ancw		CZEC	.ii di	iu N	us V	vere	une	_	

FRIENDS

1 Complete the word web with the words from the box.

slim handsome straight glasses attractive plump freckles curly well-built sporty braces wavy pretty



What does she/he look like?



2 Describe the children in the picture.



Compare famous sports people ⇒ **p. 19**

Read about friends in film and fiction. ⇒ **p. 20**

Check what kind of friend you are. \Rightarrow **p. 22**

Advise children about their problems. ⇒ p. 23

1. Is he taller than me?

1 What does he/she look like? Match the descriptions to the pictures.







2. Sheryl



3. Antonio



4. Pamela

slim blond long straight hair long legs glasses

brown wavy hair tall well built short curly red hair short plump

p. 114

short black hair

medium height

braces

Watch out!

What does he like?
He likes sports and playstation games.
What does he look like?
He's got short red hair. He's tall.

See Grammar Summary

2 Work in pairs.

Student A: Choose one person in the pictures.

Don't tell your friend who it is!

Student B: Find out who the person is.

Ask questions. Use the phrases from the box.

Is this person ...?
Has this person got ...?
Is this person wearing ...?

Example:

B: Has this person got short hair? A: Yes. / No.

3 Work in pairs,

Student A: go to page 102. Student B: go to page 104.

4 Read the text and decide who is who.

Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy (Flip and Flap) were popular comedians more than 50 years ago. They were both funny and friendly, but:

- Stan was **nicer** than Oliver.
- Oliver was **younger** than Stan .
- Stan was **shorter** than Oliver.
- Oliver was **bigger** than Stan.
- Stan was **slimmer** than Oliver.
- Oliver was **heavier** than Stan.
- Stan was more handsome than Oliver.
- Oliver was **more interesting** than Stan.



5 Write the correct forms of the adjectives from the text.

long longer short wise wiser nice fat fat**ter** sli**m** dirty dirtier heavy intelligent **more** intelligent handsome

6 Add one more example to the rules in Language Discoveries.

LANGUAGE DISCOVERIES

ADJECTIVES: THE COMPARATIVE

SHORT ADJECTIVES

thin - thinner

change -y into -i and add -er

lazy - lazier

LONG ADJECTIVES

⇔ more +

attractive - more attractive

See Grammar Summary

p. 113

good better bad worse

7 Complete the sentences. Use a comparative.

1. My dad isn't tall. My mum is

2. Mr Janning's car isn't very fast. He would like a

3. I think geography is interesting but history is

4. My idea isn't good. Your idea is

5. My dog is fat but Jill's cat is

6. His English test results were bad but his maths test results were

7. My hands aren't very dirty. Your hands are

8 Compare these famous sports people.
Choose the adjectives from the box.
Can you think of any other adjectives?

old tall young short popular

Example:

Robert Korzeniowski is shorter than Małgorzata Dydek.

OTYLIA

ROBERT KORZENIOWSKI



born: 1968 height: 1.68m



born: 1983 height: 1.84m

ADAM

MAŁYSZ



MAŁGORZATA

DYDEK

born: 1974 height: 2.13m

SYLWIA

MATEUSZ KUSZNIEREWICZ



born: 1975 height: 1.93m



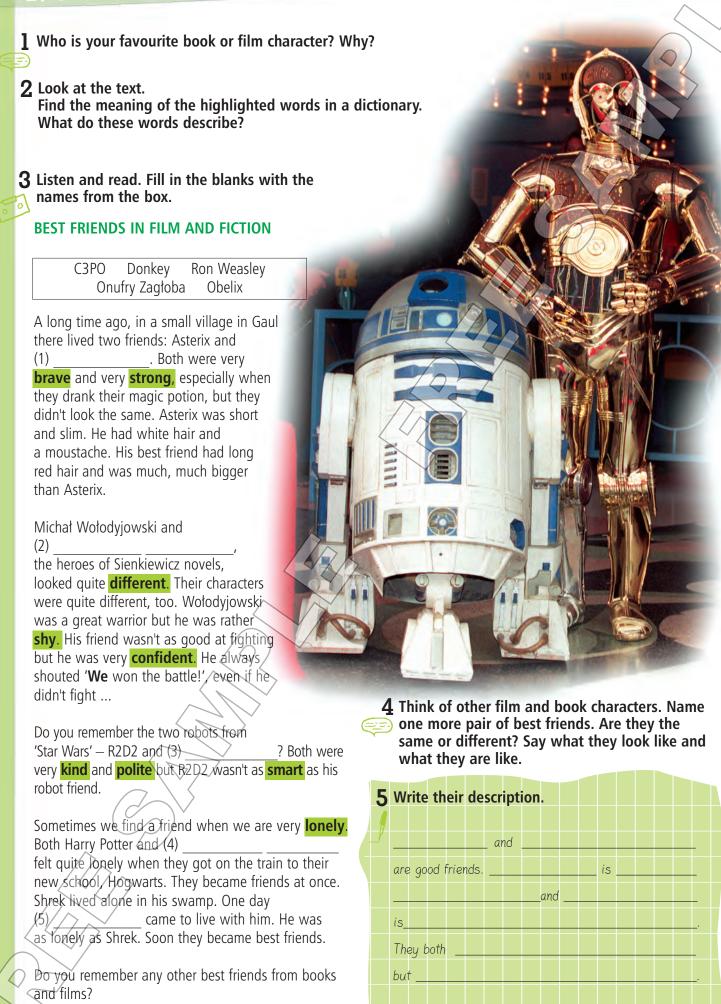
born: 1977 height: 1.69m



born: 1981 height: 1.72m

9 Write six sentences about the sports people from 8.

2. Best friends



HAVE A LOOK

Asterix was brave. Obelix was brave. Asterix was as brave as Obelix. Both Asterix and Obelix were brave.

R2D2 was smart. C3PO was smarter. R2D2 wasn't as smart as C3PO. C3PO was smarter than R2D2.

See Grammar Summary

p. 114

6 Transform the sentences as in the example.

Example:

Longinus Podbipięta is taller than Michał Wołodyjowski. Michał Wołodyjowski isn't as tall as Longinus Podbipięta.



- 1. Staś Tarkowski is stronger than Nel Rawlinson. Nel Rawlinson isn't
- 2. Shrek is green and Fiona is green, too. Shrek is
- 3. Speedy Gonzalez is faster than Bugs Bunny. Bugs Bunny isn't
- 4. Lolek is shorter than Bolek. Bolek isn't
- 5. Gomez Addams is scary and Morticia Addams is scary, too.

Gomez is

6. Harry is better at magic than Ron.

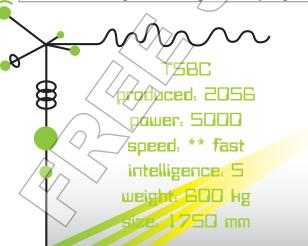


Tongue Gym Listen and repeat.

Shorty is taller than Toby. Toby is older than Jim. Jim is as handsome as Harry. Both Harry and Shorty are slim.

7 Compare the two robots. Use the adjectives from the box.

old, strong, fast, intelligent, heavy, big





Example:

GA2P is as old as T5BC.



Task Time

8 Draw two characters that look different. Show the picture to your friend.

Ask him/her to compare the characters.

Make a class portrait gallery. Whose pictures do you like most?

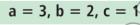
3. What is he like?

 $\mathbf 1$ Do the questionnaire. Tick (\checkmark) your answers in the blue boxes.

WHAT KIND OF FRIEND ARE YOU?

Me Billy Bighead

- 1. Your friend writes an essay. He hasn't got any ideas. Do you:
 - a. help him with the writing?
 - **b.** write it for him?
 - **c.** say: 'Sorry, I should go home now' and leave?
- 2. Your friend gets an invitation to a birthday party. But you don't. What's your reaction?
 - a. You help your friend buy a present.
 - **b.** You ignore this situation.
 - c. You tell your friend: 'You shouldn't go!'
- 3. Your friend has a broken leg and can't come to school. Do you:
 - a. visit him/her every day?
 - **b.** phone him/her from time to time?
 - c. make friends with someone else?
- 4. Your friend gets a better mark than you on a test. Do you?
 - a. congratulate him/her?
 - **b.** decide: 'I should get a better mark next time'?
 - c. say: 'The teacher wasn't fair'?
- 5. Your friend shows you her new bike. What do you say?
 - a. 'It's great! You should go for a long ride.'
 - **b.** 'Can I try it out?'
 - c. 'It's not as good as mine, but it's OK.'
- 6. Your friend is wearing a horrible orange T-shirt today. What do you say?
 - a. Nothing. Clothes aren't important.
 - b. 'This new T-shirt is cool, but you look better in blue.'
 - c. 'You shouldn't wear orange. You look like a carrot.'



Results:

Well done! You are a very good friend. 18–15 You **shouldn't** change the way you are!

You're quite a good friend, but you should 14_11 try to be a bit more helpful and understanding with other people.

You **should** try to be a better friend. 10–6 Remember that other people sometimes need you. Be kind to them!

Are you a good friend?

- 2 Listen to the dialogue and mark the answers of for Billy Bighead in the green boxes.
- 3 Look at Billy's results. What kind of friend is he? Talk to your partner.

Example:

Billy is ... He never ... And he always / usually ...

- 4 Match the sentences in Language Discoveries with their explanations.
 - a. My parents are expecting me at home.
 - b. I don't think orange is good for you.

MODAL VERBS (I)

You shouldn't wear orange.

I should go home now.

See Grammar Summary p. 114

Task Time **5** Complete the sentences with *should* or *shouldn't*. **9** Write your own letter to an agony aunt and put it into the class letter-box. 1. It is a very interesting film and I really want to see it! go to the cinema. Dear Amber, 2. Jack is very tired and sleepy. (describe your problem) go to bed. (write what you want to know) 3. This place is very dangerous. go there. 10 You are an agony aunt. Write an answer to 4. Mick and Jake need our help. the letter you got from the class letter-box. help them. I think we 5. The test starts at eight. We can't be late. Dear We be at school before 8.00. (describe the situation) 6. These documents are very important. (write what she / he should do) You touch them. **6** Work in pairs. Think of 3 things a good friend My dossier, should and shouldn't do. Put your work in your dossier. **7** Answer these questions. 1. Do you know what an agony aunt is? 2. Do you read letters on problem pages in magazines? What are they about? 3. Do you sometimes write letters to a magazine asking for advice? What about? 8 Amber is an agony aunt in a teenage magazine. Read the letters to her. Match the letters with their answers. PROBLEM PAGE

1. Dear Amber,	A. Dear,
I have a problem with my friend, Joe. We sit together in class.	Going out for long walks is very good for
He is very smart. We are both good students. In class he is very	your health. Playing with a dog in the park
nice and we talk together, but at lunch he changes into a real	can be great fun. I think your mum is right.
monster. He is rude and sometimes even throws food at other	Have a good time next time you and your
kids and me. After lunch, in class he is folendly again. Is he	brother go for a walk with Buka.
crazy or what? What should we do about it? Thanks, Billy	Love, Amber
ondines, paing	B. Dear,
2. Hello Amber,	Mark borrowed your notebook to write up
We have a lovely dog, Buka. My brother and I often	the homework, so maybe he just thinks
quarrel about walking her T think he should walk her more	you're good at maths. You shouldn't do
often because he is older than I am. Mum says that we	anything about it. Wait and see what he
should take turns or go for a walk together.	does next. Maybe he is still more
Do you think mum is right?	interested in football than in girls. That will
Heather	change!
3. Dear Amber,	Love, Amber
There is a new boy in our school, Mark. All the girls	C. Dear,
think he is handsome, but he doesn't talk to any of us.	It is a problem! A real friend shouldn't be
Vesterday he asked me for my maths notebook. I gave	nice only when he wants to. My advice is:
it to him and he copied my homework. Do you think he	ignore him. Talk to him in class, but at
dikes me? Should J do anything?	lunch time sit far away from him. He may
Please, write to me as soon as possible. Jenny	change one day, but it could take time.

PHOTOSTORY

Listen and read.





Judy: Why are you so sad, Kim? **Kim:** I'm not sad, I'm angry with Aga.

Judy: Why?

Kim: Why?! Don't you know? She's going to the

cinema with Mark today.



Judy: Oh, look! Here she comes. Hi, Aga!

Kim: I don't want to talk to her. You shouldn't tell

her anything.

Aga: What's the matter with Kim? Judy: She's not in a good mood today.

Choose one scene. Act it out.



Aga: What's going on with Kim? Why doesn't she want to talk to me?

Judy: She's very upset. I don't think you should go out with Mark. You know Kim's crazy about him ... Aga: What are you talking about? She hates Mark

Jenkins!

Judy: Mark Jenkins? So you're going to the cinema

with Mark Jenkins? Not Mark Phillips? **Aga:** Oh, no! Two Marks! What a mess!

I must see Kim ...



Kim: I'm sorry, Aga. It was so stupid. We should never fight about boys again.

Aga: You're right. I think both Marks are nice and friendly.

Kim: But Mark Jenkins isn't as handsome as Mark Phillips.

Aga: Please, Kim! Don't start again ...

Speaker A

Speaker B

Expressing concern

What's the matter with ...?



Intonation practice Listen and repeat.

A: What's going on with Kim?

A: What's the matter with Kim?

A: Why are you so sad, Kim?

B: She's very upset.

B: She's not in a good mood today.

B: I'm not sad, I'm angry.

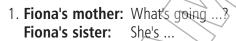


Role Play

Work in pairs. Act out the dialogues with your friends. Write your own dialogue for picture 4.



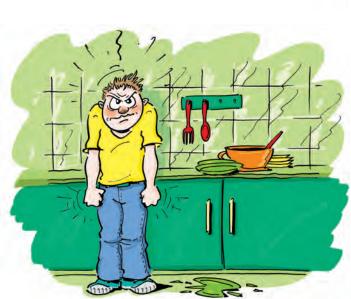
3. Teacher: Why is ...? Carol's friend: She ...





2. Mum: **Grandfather:** What's the ...?

He's ...



REVISION

Look at the pic	ture and describe the people	Compare these characters. Use the adjectives from the box. Think of other adjectives too.
	and He's got	big small tall short ugly beautiful nice young old fat slim
	b. Lisa is She's got	
		4 Give advice. Use should or shouldn't. Example: A: I'm very tired. I went to sleep very late yesterday. B: I think you should go to bed early today.
Complete the t	ext with the correct form	A: I can't do my maths homework. It's too difficult. B: You
	are twins but they don't look re both twelve but Rick looks (yo than Sandra. Sandra is (tall	B: You
(dark)	than her brother. Her hair is and (long) than his. Rick is plump. San	A: I have an English test tomorrow.
is much (slim) Sandra is (good)	than her bro	ther. 4. A: Grace doesn't want to talk to me.
but not as (good) skiing. All the gir	as Rick a ls in class think that Rick is	5. S. A: Luke is ill in bed.

A: My best friend wants to copy my homework

than other boys. All the boys

say that Sandra is (friendly) _____ and (beautiful) _____ than other girls.

5 Transform the sentences as in the example.

Example:

A motorbike is faster than a bike.

A bike isn't as fast as a motorbike.

My bike is new and your motorbike is new, too.

My bike is as new as your motorbike.

1.	I think that crocodiles are more dangerous than sharks.
	Sharks aren'tcrocodiles.
2.	The Browns' house is bigger than the Wilsons' house.
	The Wilsons' house isn't
	the Browns' house.
3.	Terry and Mike are very good at sports.
	Terry is
4.	The English test was more difficult than the French test.
	The French test wasn't
	the English test.
5.	Martha is 146 cm tall and her twin sister is 146 cm
	tall, too.
	Martha is her twin sister.
6.	I think that vanilla ice cream and chocolate
	ice cream are delicious.
	Vanilla icocroam is

The Magazine Project

You are magazine reporters and editors.
Work in small groups.
Think up a title for your magazine.
In your groups, choose one of the three projects.

A. A map: Polish legends.

- 1. Collect information about legends from different parts of Poland.
- 2. Prepare a large (poster size) map of Poland.
- 3. Mark the places on the map
- 4. Add illustrations and short descriptions of the legends.

B. An interview: How did you spend your holiday this year?

- 1. Prepare the questions you want to ask.
- 2. Talk in English to two or three schoolmates, teachers, your family members.
- 3. If you can, record the interview. Take some photographs or draw pictures.
- 4. Write down the interview and illustrate it.

C. An article: The ideal friend.

- 1. What is an ideal friend like? Think about it. Ask your friends.
- 2. Find illustrations or pictures of famous good friends.
- 3. Write an article about an ideal friend.
 - 4. Illustrate your text.



Display your projects in your classroom. Put them in your dossier.

COMMUNICATION

Play the Communication Game. Follow your teacher's instructions.

* *	v. v. v.	W W V	, v. v.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * *	* * *	* * *
*SuperKids/Portfølio Builde	r		
* * *			
* Pø Issue 2 potrafie:	\odot	\odot	
* PO WYSŁUCHANIU ZROZUMIEĆ:			<u>()</u>
^ _ / _ /			
* – czytankę o najlepszych przyjaciołach			
* książkowych filmowych			
rozmowę o psychozabawie			
* "Jakim jesteś przyjacielem?" * – historyjkę obrazkową o przyjaźni			
* PRZECZYTAĆ I ZROZUMIEĆ:			-
*			
* – tekst o Flipie i Flapie			
* – czytankę o najlepszych przyjaciołach			
książkowych i filmowych			
* – psychozabawę "Jakim jesteś przyjacielem?"			
* – listy nastolatków do czasopisma z prośbą			
* o rady * admostrately postalations			
— odpowiedzi na listy nastolatków			
* do czasopisma z prośbą o porady			
* – historyjkę obrazkową o przyjaźni			
* NAPISAĆ:			
* – porównanie wyglądu różnych ludzi			
* – charakterystykę porównawczą bohaterów			
* książkowych lub filmowych			
→ list do czasopisma z prośbą o poradę			
* – odpowiedź na list z prośbą o poradę			
* – wywiad na temat wakacji			
artykuł o idealnym przyjacielu			
* POWIEDZIEĆ:			
* – jak wygląda mój rówieśnik			
🔭 – jak wyglądają różni ludzie			
* – kto jest moim ulubionym bohaterem			
* książkowym lub filmowym i dlaczego			;
* – czym różnią się bohaterowie książkowi lub filmowi			
* – jakim kto jest przyjacielem			,
*— co powinien, a czego nie powinien robić			
* nrawdziwy nrzyjacjel			
* POROZMAWIAĆ NA TEMAT:			
* — wyglądu i ubioru			-
– różnic między osobami			
* – ulubionych bohaterów książkowych			
* lub filmowych			
* – przyjaźni			
* POTRAFIĘ RÓWNIEŻ :			
* – opowiedzieć fragment historyjki obrazkowej			,
* – wyrazić troskę i niepokój			
vv y ruzic troskę i incpokoj			