

# 4 Go trans-global

## Vocabulary

### Geographical features

1 Find these geographical features in the word search. Write them next to the pictures.



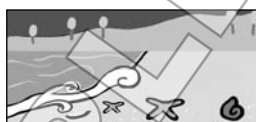
a island



e \_\_\_\_\_



b \_\_\_\_\_



f \_\_\_\_\_



c \_\_\_\_\_



g \_\_\_\_\_



d \_\_\_\_\_



h \_\_\_\_\_

See	Mini-Dictionary, page 93
More practice	Revision/Consolidation/Extension, pages 39-41

## Grammar

### Present perfect

2 Complete the irregular past participles with vowels. Then write the infinitive and translate the word into Polish.

Past participle	Infinitive	Meaning
g <u>a</u> n <u>e</u>	<u>go</u>	_____
b _ _ g h t	_____	_____
s w _ m	_____	_____
d r _ n k	_____	_____
m _ t	_____	_____
r _ d d _ n	_____	_____
b _ n	_____	_____
f l _ w n	_____	_____
k n _ w n	_____	_____
w r _ t t _ n	_____	_____
s _ _ n	_____	_____

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the present perfect.

- a Have you seen (see) a waterfall?
- b My friend \_\_\_\_\_ (not meet) a famous person.
- c \_\_\_\_\_ your parents \_\_\_\_\_ (climb) a mountain?
- d They \_\_\_\_\_ (do) lots of dangerous things.
- e We \_\_\_\_\_ (not write) a poem.
- f Lisa \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) lots of different juices.
- g I \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) a motorbike.
- h \_\_\_\_\_ your uncle \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) in a helicopter?
- i Alan \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) to Los Angeles.

4 Complete the text about this adventurer with the words below.



have ~~has~~ given ~~hasn't~~  
he had broken

Steve Cunningham became blind when he was 12 years old. When that happened, he decided that it wasn't going to stop him from having an exciting life. He (a) has done some incredible things. He has (b) \_\_\_\_\_ a number of different records. Which records has (c) \_\_\_\_\_ broken? Well, for example, he has become the fastest blind person on land and sea. But he (d) \_\_\_\_\_ only travelled on land and sea – he's flown planes too. Other people (e) \_\_\_\_\_ flown round the UK, of course, but he has become the first blind person to do it. He did it with the help of a talking computer programme, and he had a co-pilot in case something went wrong. Because he has (f) \_\_\_\_\_ such an interesting life he has (g) \_\_\_\_\_ lots of inspirational talks to different companies and organizations.

## Grammar

### Ever and never

5 Translate these sentences into Polish.

a I've never had an accident.

\_\_\_\_\_

b Have you ever seen a scorpion?

\_\_\_\_\_

c She's never met a real princess.

\_\_\_\_\_

d Has Bob ever driven a sports car?

\_\_\_\_\_

6 Complete the dialogue with the correct form of the present perfect. Include *ever* or *never* in the correct position in the sentence.



**Bernie** (a) *Have* you *ever lived* (ever live) on an island?

**Margaret** No, I (b) \_\_\_\_\_ (never live) on an island, but I (c) \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) some islands.

**Bernie** (d) \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (ever travel) to the Canary Islands?

**Margaret** Yes, I (e) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Bernie** Did you know that Phil (f) \_\_\_\_\_ (never travel) outside the UK?

**Margaret** (g) \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ (ever be) in a boat?

**Bernie** No, he (h) \_\_\_\_\_. And he (i) \_\_\_\_\_ (never fly). Phil gets travel sick when he goes to school by bus!

See

Student's Book, *Grammar Summary*, pages 136–137

More practice

*Revision/Consolidation/Extension*, pages 39–41

## Vocabulary

### Things to see in a city or town

7 Put the letters in order to make the names of places or things in a city or town.

- a quaser     square
- b tustae     \_\_\_\_\_
- c rowte     \_\_\_\_\_
- d summue   \_\_\_\_\_
- e cruchh    \_\_\_\_\_
- f clapea    \_\_\_\_\_
- g niftunoa   \_\_\_\_\_
- h tar legrayl \_\_\_\_\_
- i hateclard \_\_\_\_\_
- j bedgri    \_\_\_\_\_
- k enueva    \_\_\_\_\_

8 Match the correct words in 7 with these pictures.



1 \_\_\_\_\_

5 \_\_\_\_\_



2 \_\_\_\_\_

6 \_\_\_\_\_



3 \_\_\_\_\_

7 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_

8 \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammar

### Present perfect with already and yet

9 The New Zealand Prime Minister is on a tour of Europe. She has already visited Madrid and Paris, but she hasn't visited London or Warsaw yet. Here is a list of things to do on her European tour. Write sentences saying what she has already done and what she hasn't done yet.



- a visit the Prado  
She has already visited the Prado.
- b talk to the Polish President  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c see Notre Dame Cathedral  
\_\_\_\_\_
- d meet the British Prime Minister  
\_\_\_\_\_
- e have dinner with the British Queen  
\_\_\_\_\_
- f appear in an interview on Spanish television  
\_\_\_\_\_
- g buy French perfume  
\_\_\_\_\_
- h speak in the Polish Parliament  
\_\_\_\_\_
- i walk along the Vistula River  
\_\_\_\_\_
- j admire the Eiffel Tower  
\_\_\_\_\_

See  
More  
practice

Mini-Dictionary, page 93  
Revision/Consolidation/Extension,  
pages 39-41

**Present perfect with just**

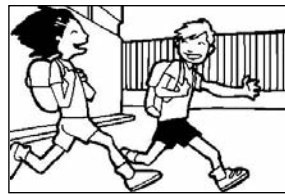
**10** Write sentences with the correct form of the present perfect and *just*.



- a She / have a shower  
*She has just had a shower.*
- b I / make a phone call



- c We / be in a race
- d Sarah / have lunch



- e They / finish school
- f She / find some money

**11** Translate the complete sentences in 10.

- a \_\_\_\_\_
- b \_\_\_\_\_
- c \_\_\_\_\_
- d \_\_\_\_\_
- e \_\_\_\_\_
- f \_\_\_\_\_

See

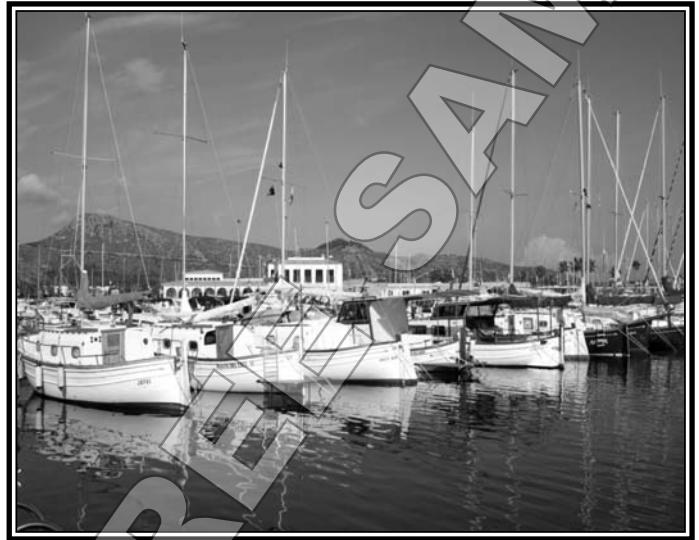
Student's Book, *Grammar Summary*, page 137–138

More practice

*Revision/Consolidation/Extension*, pages 39–41

**English in Use**  
*Talking about a trip*

**12** Put the answers in the correct place in the dialogue.



It was last year.  
I went to Majorca.  
I went with the people in my class.  
~~Yes, I have.~~  
It was exciting. I really enjoyed it.

**Tom** (1) Have you ever been on a boat?

**Alex** (a) *Yes, I have.*

**Tom** (2) When did you go on it?

**Alex** (b) \_\_\_\_\_

**Tom** (3) What was it like?

**Alex** (c) \_\_\_\_\_

**Tom** (4) Where did you go?

**Alex** (d) \_\_\_\_\_

**Tom** (5) Who did you go with?

**Alex** (e) \_\_\_\_\_

**13** Now answer the questions in 12 about yourself. You can choose 'boat', 'plane' or another type of transport that you have used.

- (1) \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) \_\_\_\_\_

# Reading

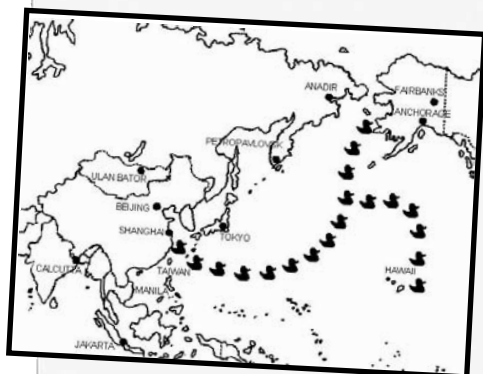
## Rubber ducks on the ocean

Sometimes, when there are big storms at sea, containers can fall off ships and their contents fall out. This tends to happen when containers travel on top of a ship, instead of inside it. In 1992 this is what happened to a container carrying 29,000 yellow rubber ducks (and blue turtles and green frogs!) which was on a ship travelling across the Pacific from China to the USA. But, of course, rubber ducks can float. This was the start of a 12 year journey through three oceans for this band of intrepid ducks!

First, the ducks went to Alaska, and a few years later they reached the Bering Strait. Then the ice trapped them and moved them very slowly into the Atlantic. In 2001 the ducks began to separate into different groups. Some travelled east towards Europe, others went back into the Pacific and reached Hawaii!

A scientist called Curtis Ebbesmeyer followed the progress of the ducks as they floated through the oceans. He has used his observations to study surface and deep water currents. This helps us to understand how fast and in what direction the world's oceans move.

Rubber ducks are not the only things which have fallen into the sea. In December 2002, 30,000 Nike trainers fell off a ship during a storm near California. The trainers moved up to 29 miles a day! Oceanographers have also been able to follow the journey of 3 million pieces of Lego and thousands of hockey gloves!



**1 Read the text. Are the statements true or false?**

- a The text mentions ships which travel from Asia to America. \_\_\_\_\_
- b The ducks in the text all travelled in the same direction. \_\_\_\_\_
- c The ducks in the text are useful for scientific investigation. \_\_\_\_\_

**2 Read the text again and answer the questions.**

- a Why do so many plastic and rubber objects fall into the ocean?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b Explain the route that the ducks took when they fell in the ocean.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c What other examples of objects in the ocean does the text give apart from rubber animals?  
\_\_\_\_\_

**d What information do the ducks and other objects give us?**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Extension

**3 Explain why these numbers appear in the text.**

- a 1992 \_\_\_\_\_
- b 2002 \_\_\_\_\_
- c 3,000,000 \_\_\_\_\_
- d 12 \_\_\_\_\_
- e 30,000 \_\_\_\_\_
- f 29 \_\_\_\_\_
- g 29,000 \_\_\_\_\_

# Writing

## Describing places



1 Complete the description with the words below.

however too but also too

Bristol is a busy city. It's got a university and some important museums. It has some big parks and a lot of shops (a) \_\_\_\_\_.

In my opinion, one of the good things about living here in Bristol is that it's a busy city and it's interesting to live here. There are a lot of places to go out in the evening, and there are (b) \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of opportunities to do sport here. It's good living close to the sea (c) \_\_\_\_\_.

(d) \_\_\_\_\_, there are some things about Bristol that I don't like. There are a lot of concerts, films and exhibitions (e) \_\_\_\_\_ there are a lot of people and it's usually difficult to get tickets. In general, I like Bristol. It's a good place for teenagers because it's a very active place.

2 Does the writer like Bristol? Why?/Why not?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3 Use these notes and the model in 1 and 2 to write a description of Oxford.

**Paragraph 1:** Basic description. *Oxford. Old and historic. Famous University - many colleges. Bridges, museums, libraries.*

**Paragraph 2:** Good things. *Beautiful and old. Lots of shops, bars, restaurants, concerts, films. Not too big - can cycle from one place to another.*

**Paragraph 3:** Bad things. *Lots of people in a small city. Pretty - very busy with students and tourists. Expensive.*

**Paragraph 4:** Conclusion. *Good place. Lots of things to see and do.*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Extension

4 Use a dictionary to find out if these words are linkers of addition or contrast. How do you say the words in your language?

- a moreover                      Addition / Contrast = \_\_\_\_\_
- b on the other hand            Addition / Contrast = \_\_\_\_\_
- c in addition                    Addition / Contrast = \_\_\_\_\_
- d although                        Addition / Contrast = \_\_\_\_\_

# Revision

Do the exercises and evaluate your knowledge. Circle 1 (not satisfactory), 2 (quite good) or 3 (excellent).

## Vocabulary

### Geographical features

1	2	3
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- 1 Match the explanations with the words below.

river ocean mountain range forest  
equator border island lake

- a a piece of land with water all around it  
island
- b a large area of water \_\_\_\_\_
- c a line of mountains \_\_\_\_\_
- d a big group of trees \_\_\_\_\_
- e the official line between two countries  
\_\_\_\_\_
- f an imaginary line that separates the earth  
into two hemispheres \_\_\_\_\_
- g an area of water that has land all around  
it \_\_\_\_\_
- h a large area of water that goes to the sea  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Things to see in a city or town

1	2	3
---	---	---

- 2 Complete the examples of places to see in a city or town.

- a Buckingham Palace, London
- b The S of Liberty, New York
- c Trafalgar S, London
- d Fifth A, New York
- e The Eiffel T, Paris
- f The Louvre M, Paris
- g The Trevi F, Rome
- h The Golden Gate B, San Francisco
- i Sagrada Familia C, Barcelona

## Grammar

### Present perfect

1	2	3
---	---	---

- 3 Write the past participles of these verbs.

- a meet met                      d read \_\_\_\_\_
- b swim \_\_\_\_\_                  e give \_\_\_\_\_
- c buy \_\_\_\_\_                      f fly \_\_\_\_\_

### Present perfect with ever and never

1	2	3
---	---	---

- 4 Choose the correct alternatives.

- a Has/~~Have~~ you heard of U2?
- b My friend has written/~~wrote~~ a book.
- c I've ever/~~never~~ had a party at my house.

### Present perfect with already, yet and just

1	2	3
---	---	---

- 5a Write sentences about these activities. Which ones have you already done? Which ones haven't you done yet?

- a study at primary school  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b learn to ride a bike  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c learn to drive  
\_\_\_\_\_

- b Write sentences about these activities. Which ones have you just done?

- a write sentences with 'yet' and 'already'  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b study German  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c do an exercise in English  
\_\_\_\_\_

If you have circled 1 or 2 in any of the exercises, you need to revise the material.

If you have circled 3, congratulations! You can extend your knowledge.

See

Consolidation, page 40

See

Extension, page 41

# Consolidation

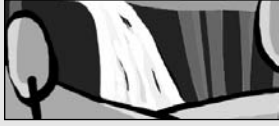
## Vocabulary

### Geographical features

1 Complete the words with vowels.



a i s l a n d



e w \_ t \_ r f \_ l l



b l \_ k \_



f f \_ r \_ s t



c \_ c \_ \_ n



g r \_ v \_ r



d \_ q \_ \_ t \_ r



h m \_ \_ n t \_ \_ n  
r \_ n g \_

### Things to see in a city or town

2 Join the parts of the words to make the names of places or things in a city or town.

Column A

pal  
mus  
to  
bri  
chur  
sta  
cath  
foun  
aven

Column B

ue  
tue  
ch  
wer  
ace  
dge  
eum  
edral  
tain

## Grammar

### Present perfect

3 Match the infinitives and past participles.

Infinitives

see  
know  
write  
ride  
drink

Past participles

known  
drunk  
ridden  
seen  
written

### Present perfect with ever and never

4 Complete the sentences with the words below.

never ever ridden Have

- a Have you seen the new *Batman* film?
- b I've \_\_\_\_\_ flown because I'm scared of flying.
- c My big brother and sister have \_\_\_\_\_ a motorbike.
- d Have your parents \_\_\_\_\_ travelled to Italy?

### Present perfect with already, yet and just

5 Are these sentences true or false?



- a The woman has just eaten. True/False
- b She hasn't drunk her water yet. True/False
- c She's already put her shoes on. True/False
- d She hasn't put her watch on. True/False
- e She's just washed her hair. True/False

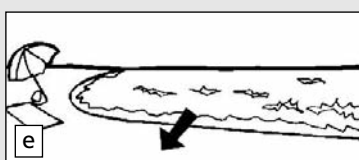
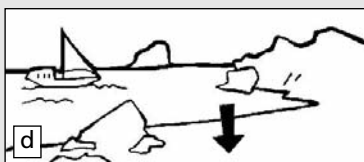
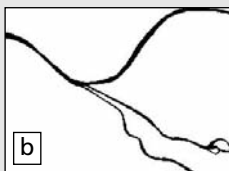
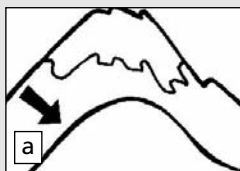


# Extension

## Vocabulary

### Geographical features

1 Match the pictures with the words below.



valley coast hill beach desert

- a \_\_\_\_\_ d \_\_\_\_\_
- b \_\_\_\_\_ e \_\_\_\_\_
- c \_\_\_\_\_

### Things to see in a city or town

2 Find words for eight things to see in a city or town. Three words do not appear in the unit.

A	C	A	T	H	E	D	R	A	L	T	S
S	H	U	M	I	C	H	E	T	E	G	F
B	U	T	M	M	U	S	E	U	M	H	O
A	R	E	T	M	N	T	P	E	Z	T	R
Y	C	L	W	R	R	A	S	C	L	H	R
B	H	A	G	S	O	T	K	T	A	E	D
R	E	X	T	D	I	U	N	O	S	A	H
C	B	R	I	D	G	E	N	O	M	T	B
A	R	A	N	D	A	T	O	W	E	R	R
N	A	G	H	M	A	V	E	N	U	E	T

- a \_\_\_\_\_ e \_\_\_\_\_
- b \_\_\_\_\_ f \_\_\_\_\_
- c \_\_\_\_\_ g \_\_\_\_\_
- d \_\_\_\_\_ h \_\_\_\_\_

## Grammar

### Present perfect

3 Write the past participles of these verbs.

- a bring *brought* e think \_\_\_\_\_
- b run \_\_\_\_\_ f teach \_\_\_\_\_
- c sing \_\_\_\_\_ g catch \_\_\_\_\_
- d begin \_\_\_\_\_ h take \_\_\_\_\_

### Present perfect with ever and never

4 Correct these sentences.

- a George and Mary never swum in a river.  
*George and Mary have never swum in a river.*
- b Has Kate travelled ever to India?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c Have you written a composition in French?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- d My friends and I have ever seen a Formula 1 race.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- e My English teacher gone to Canada.  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Present perfect with already, yet and just

5 Is the word order in these sentences correct or not? If not, correct it.

- a Have you yet read this book?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b I've already bought a newspaper.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c We haven't had lunch yet.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- d My friend has ridden already a motorbike.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- e I've arrived just at school.  
\_\_\_\_\_
- f James and Alice have never been to Poland.  
\_\_\_\_\_