

Workbook Frances Treloar





plus

Study plans

Grammar	 Present simple, past simple, present continuous and past continuous Present perfect simple and present perfect continuous Gerunds and infinitives 1 		
-	 Studying at university > Life at university > Do and make Giving personal information 		
	• An informal email		

Vocabulary

Studying at university

1 Read the words below and write them in the appropriate columns of the table.

assignment become independent cheat continuous assessment course extracurricular activity fail hall of residence lecture notes pass research resit revise student student facilities student loan term tutor tutorial undergraduate

Studying at university	Living at university	People	Exams
assignment			

2 Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words given.

- 1 You learn to be _____ (**DEPEND**) when you stop living with your parents.
- 2 One way of checking a student's progress at university is by _____ (CONTINUE) assessment.
- 3 Students have to do _____ (ASSIGN) for each of the subjects they study at university.
- 4 A _____(TUTOR) is a type of class at university.
- 5 When they are not at lectures, students can choose to do extracurricular _____(ACTIVE).

Life at university

- **3** Complete the sentences with the best answer *a*, *b*, or *c*.
 - 1 I have to be more _____ now that I'm studying away from home.
 - afriendlybindependentcabroad2Our historystarts at 2:30 and finishes at 4:00 this
 - afternoon. a tutor b term c lecture
 - a tutor
 b term
 c lecture
 3 Kath can't come out with us tonight because she's ______
 for a test tomorrow.
 - a marking **b** resitting **c** revising
 - 4 My brother is studying for a _____ in Physics at university in Canada.
 - a
 graduate
 b
 degree
 c
 research

 5
 When I read the _____ that I took in my tutorial, I couldn't understand them!
 a
 course
 b
 activities
 c
 notes

 6
 I've got to hand in my _____ tomorrow.
 c
 notes
 c
 notes

b grade

c tutor



4 Complete the sentences using the words from 1.

DAVE:	You enjoy university, don't you, Freddie?			
FREDDIE:	lt's great!			
DAVE:	Where do you live when you are at university?			
FREDDIE:	In a (1)			
DAVE:	And how do you pay for everything? You haven't got			
	a job, have you?			
FREDDIE:	No. I got a (2)			
DAVE:	What do you do in your spare time?			
FREDDIE:	There are lots of clubs which arrange			
	(3)			
DAVE:	What are the teachers called there?			
FREDDIE:	They're called lecturers or (4)			
DAVE:	What's that paper you're reading?			
FREDDIE:	An article on the latest (5) into			
	anti-viral drugs.			
DAVE:	How do you think you'll do in your end-of-term			
	exams?			
FREDDIE:	I hope I'll (6) them all!			

a assignment

Unit 1

Reading

1 Read the questions. What do you think the text is about?

- 1 What was the greatest challenge you had to overcome?
- 2 Why should students study abroad?
- 3 What were your favourite courses?
- 4 How was your accommodation?
- 5 What was your favourite attraction in Auckland?
- 6 What is your best memory of New Zealand?

2 Now read the text and check your answers to 1. Then match the questions with the correct paragraphs.

Α ____

The experiences gained during an extended time abroad are absolutely <u>invaluable</u>. Now that I have spent a semester away from my home country, I am more aware of the huge variety of cultures around the world. I am also more aware of the similarities amongst people. With Auckland being such an international centre, I especially enjoyed the excitement of sharing laughter and making memories with new friends from around the world.

В

I chose to do a homestay. I would definitely recommend the homestay experience if you are looking for a <u>taste</u> of the real New Zealand lifestyle. I suppose I would have met more of my fellow students more quickly if I'd stayed in a hall of residence, but the overall experience was entirely worthwhile.

C ____

Mount Eden was fantastic for a great view of the city and an <u>exhilarating</u> walk to the top of its crater. I also enjoyed being able to jog along the northern edge of the city towards Mission Bay. Though Mission Bay itself was just beyond a comfortable jogging distance, I could spend about NZ\$1.60 and get there in five minutes on the bus.

D

Pacific music and dance always proved to present something new and exciting. From the dance rehearsals to singing in new languages, I thoroughly enjoyed gaining a better understanding of Pacific culture through this <u>interactive</u> class. I thought that the style of teaching for each of my classes was a nice contrast to what I've experienced in the States. For each major lecture, there would be a professor brought in who specialised in that field. In my biopsychology course, we had three different professors, each with a different specialty.

Е ____

I always enjoyed the <u>spontaneity</u> of my life in Auckland. One week near the end of my stay, a friend and I decided that we should visit Australia while we were still so near (1,000 miles versus 8,000!). Four days before departing for Sydney and Tasmania, we began our preparations, purchased our flights and booked our hostels. We had a complete <u>blast</u> and I definitely learned to enjoy planning on the spur of the moment! It was a time that I think will always really stand out in my mind as very special.

F

It was a bit difficult to initiate conversation with the locals at the university to begin with. But I found that once I attended several on-campus activities, this challenge became less of a concern. I decided to enrol in a flamenco dance class as well as becoming a member of a sailing club. The friends that I met through both organisations proved to be of great assistance during my <u>adjustment</u> to living abroad, and we are still in contact today.



3 Read the text in 2 again. Are these statements true (T) or false (F)?

- 1 Erin met people of many nationalities in Auckland. <u>T/F</u>
- 2 Erin wishes she had stayed in a hall of residence. <u>T/F</u>
- **3** Erin used to enjoy jogging to Mission Bay when she <u>T/F</u> lived in Auckland.
- 4 Erin found subjects were taught in a similar way to <u>*T/F*</u> the way they are taught in the USA.
- 5 According to Erin, there are a lot of foreign people <u>T/F</u> living in Auckland.
- 6 Erin decided to take a trip to Australia without much <u>T/F</u> time to prepare.
- 7 At first, Erin found it hard to communicate with <u>T/F</u>. New Zealanders.

4 Choose the correct definitions of the words from the text.

1	invaluable (paragraph A)	without value/very useful
2	taste (paragraph B)	sample/style
3	exhilarating (paragraph C)	exciting/dangerous
4	interactive (paragraph D)	when everyone takes part/when
		computers are used
5	spontaneity (paragraph E)	behaving strangely/behaving
		without planning
6	blast (<i>paragraph E</i>)	great time/disaster
7	adjustment (paragraph G)	time of getting used to
		something/time of travelling

5 Answer the questions.

- 1 If you were going to study abroad, where would you choose to go? Why?
- 2 What advantages do students who study abroad have?
- **3** What advantages do universities gain from having lots of foreign students?

Grammar in context

Present simple, past simple, present continuous and past continuous

- 1 Complete the gaps with *present simple, past simple, present continuous* or *past continuous*. Write examples.
 - 1 actions that are happening now *present continuous Everyone's sitting down now so we can start the film.*

2 Read about Hannah's night out. Then complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs given.

It's the night of the concert ...

- 7:30 Hannah arrives at the concert hall. She stands outside the main entrance.
- 7:40 Hannah's friend Felicity arrives. They go inside the concert hall.
- 7:45 Hannah and Felicity start to look for their other friends.
- 8:15 The band begins to play.
- 8.20 Hannah and Felicity find their friends.
- 9:30 The band plays their last song.
- 9:35 Hannah and Felicity take the bus home.

At the concert last night ...

- 1 Hannah ______ (stand) outside when Felicity ______ (arrive).
- 2 Hannah and Felicity _____ (go) inside as soon as Felicity _____ (arrive).
- 3 Hannah and Felicity _____ (look for) their friends when the band _____ (begin) to play.
- 4 The band ______ (play) when Felicity and
- Hannah ______ (find) their friends at 8:20.
- 5 When the band ______ (play) their last song, Felicity and Hannah ______ (take) the bus home.

3 Read the text. Write five sentences about the library using the words given.

close construct contain extend open run

HARELOW UNIVERSITY LIBRARY Opening hours Term-time: 24-hour access all week Vacation: Weekdays, 9:00 am–5:25 pm Number of books 50,000 books Current building work basement storage area: extension new exhibition area: construction

Librarians Dr Maria Gurther, Frederick Johnson

Present perfect simple and present perfect continuous

4 Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs given.

George (1)	just	(start)
his second year as a	university student. He (2)
(study) psychology	up until now, but recently	/ he
(3)		ts to study
something else. His	tutors (4)	(tell) him to
think very carefully l	before changing his cours	se. For now, George
(5)	(follow) his tutor's adv	vice.
He (6)	(go) to all his Psyc	hology lectures and
he (7)	(think) more about	what he wants to do.

Grammar extension

1

2

3 4

5

5 Write about yourself using present perfect simple, present perfect continuous and the words given.

always for just never since yet

Developing vocabulary

Do and make

1 Read the words below and write them in the appropriate columns of the table.

an assignment breakfast a course a decision an exam an excuse friends chores a mistake a noise a promise the shopping sport a suggestion well

do	make
an assignment	

- 2 Write complete sentences using the expressions from 1.
 - 1 The exam room was all quiet, then Sally dropped her pencil case on the floor.
 - Sally made a noise.
 - 2 Elena went to the wrong place for her lecture.
 - 3 Juliet spent all day cleaning her sitting room, kitchen and bedrooms.
 - Harriet finished her Spanish classes last week. 4
 - Kate won the second prize in a poetry-writing competition. 5
 - Lara said she couldn't go out because she had a headache. 6
 - Francesca wrote 2000 words and handed it in to her tutor. 7

Vocabulary extension: phrasal verbs with do and make

- Read the sentences. Match verbs in italics 1–6 to definitions a-f. 4
 - 1 I think they need to *do up* the old parts of the university.
 - 2 I take my mobile phone everywhere. I couldn't do without it.
 - 3 Can you make out who that is in the photo? It's not clear.
 - 4 I'm going to make this part of my bedroom into an office.
 - I'm going to take Helen some flowers to make up for missing my party when she was ill. 5
 - 6 Ilike making up stories to tell my nieces and nephews.
 - a be able to see, hear or understand something, but with difficulty
 - **b** say or write something that is not true
 - c make something bad become good, or reduce the effect of something bad
 - d repair or decorate a building so that it looks attractive
 - e change one thing so it becomes another thing
 - Æ manage, despite not having something

3 Write sentences about yourself.

- 1 how often you make dinner
- 2 when you last made a phone call
- 3 someone you've done a favour to recently
- an important decision you made recently
- 5 who does the shopping in your household
- what sports you do 6





Gerunds and infinitives 1

1

1 Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs aiven.

Preparing for life at university or college

- (sort out) your finances is vital.
- 2 It is important (set up) a bank account before you start university.
- (check) the suitability of your 3 accommodation is essential.
- 4 Find out how often it is necessary (make) accommodation payments.
- 5 Set up an email account (help) you keep in contact with your family and friends.
- 6 Find out about local transport; although (walk) may save you money, you may be safer at night if you use public transport or drive.
- 7 Learn _____ (cook) some simple, cheap meals.
- 8 If your accommodation involves (share) costs with others, decide how bills will be divided amongst you.
- 9 Write a list of things you want _____ (take) well in advance to avoid (forget) anything.
- 10 Check whether there is anything you need (do) before attending your first lecture.



- Read the sentences in 1 again. Match them to the correct 2 rules 1–5.
 - 1 The infinitive is used after certain verbs.
 - 2 The infinitive is used immediately after an adjective.
 - 3 The infinitive is used to to explain why somebody does something.
 - 4 The gerund is used after certain verbs.
 - 5 The gerund is used as the subject/object of a sentence.

3 Match the sentences halves.

- 1 I'm qualified
- 2 I am not interested in 👯
- 3 I would never risk
- 3 I would never riskcto give first aid.4 I've recently decideddleaving my bike unlocked.
- 5 I'm expecting
- **a** the weather to warm up soon.
- **b** to get a dog.
- c to give first aid.
- e becoming president
- of my country.



4 Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

- 1 Jemma cycles to school for keep fit.
- 2 My friends tried to encourage me going on the roller coaster but I couldn't.
- 3 The book shop owner suggested buy this new thriller do you know it?
- 4 Make sure your password is something you'll find easy to remembered.
- 5 Klaus promised text his parents as soon as he found out his test results.
- 6 None of my friends can standing eating the food in the school canteen.
- Yasmin is always the first person at finishing her work in class. 7
- Have you ever considered to become a police officer?

Grammar extension

5 Write about yourself using the gerunds and infinitives given.

to be cycling to pass playing researching to revise to study writing

1 _____ 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Developing speaking

Giving personal information

- 1 Read the answers and write the correct questions.
 - 1 What would you like to do after you've finished school? I'd like to go to university after I've finished school.
 - 2

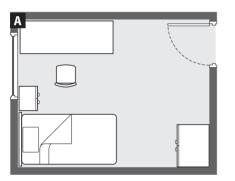
I'm not sure which one. I need to go and look at some of them first and then decide which place would be the best for me to study in.

3

I enjoy maths and biology, but I think I'd prefer to do biology at university.

2 Write your answers to questions in 1.

- 1 2 3
- Look at the pictures. Match them to the correct descriptions 1–3. 3



1 Ensuite room: single study bedrooms with ensuite facilities comprising shower, washbasin and toilet. Kitchens are usually shared by no more than 5 residents.

4 Answer the questions.

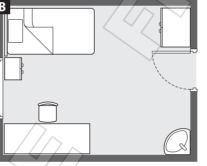
1 What are the main differences between the three rooms in 3?

2 Which one would you prefer to live in and why?

4

5

(prefer) (rather)



2 Standard room: single study bedrooms without a washbasin. Bathrooms and kitchens are normally shared between 8 or more residents

5 Read the form and write about Kim's preferences. North Richmond University Halls of Residence Name: Kim Louden

Choosing your hall. Step one. Please tick your preferences. 1 share a room with one other person have your own room (2 cook for yourself • eat in university restaurants live in a room on a corridor 3 live in a flat 4 stay in the hall for vacations go away for vacations • 5 live in the city centre live outside the city centre • (rather) *She'd rather have her own room than share a room.* 1 2 (prefer) 3 (rather)

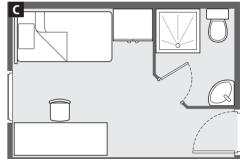
I think I'd prefer to study in my own country. In the first year, I'd rather live in a hall of residence. Maybe after that, I'd live in a house with some friends.

I think I'd prefer to go to university away from home. If I lived at

I don't know if I'd want to. I've never been abroad before, so it

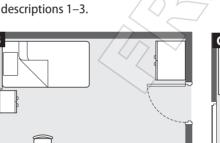
might be difficult for me to go and study in a different country.

home, I wouldn't be so independent.



3 Standard plus room: larger single study bedrooms with a washbasin and large single beds. Bathrooms and kitchens are shared by no more than 5 residents.

> 7 Unit 1



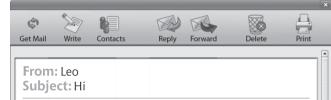
5

6

An informal email

- 1 Read the expressions and complete the gaps with *formal* or informal.
 - 1 Hi Lisa!
 - 2 Dear Mr Fellows,
 - 3 It was great to hear from you.
 - 4 All the best,
 - 5 Yours sincerely.
 - 6 Write back soon.
 - 7 I am writing to complain about one of your products.
 - 8 I would be grateful if you could send me a copy of the photograph.
 - 9 I'd love a copy of that photo can you send me one?

Read the email. Underline the points that need an answer. 2



Hi!

I hope everything's OK. It seems a long time since I heard from you. What have you and your family been doing recently?

I'm trying to decide which universities to apply for. My main decision is about whether to study abroad or not. I've looked at some universities in Australia, and I'd love to go there to study. There are some excellent courses and I could spend my free time doing water sports, which I love, as you know!

I'm also considering coming to study in your country. What do you think are the advantages for me of doing that? On the other hand, I can see that staying in England is easier. Maybe you could come and study here, or we could both go and study in Australia together! What are your preferences?

This week I've been doing work experience. My school organised some work for me in a fashion designer's studio! It was fantastic. He was really nice and I learned tons about fashion and making clothes. What kind of preparation for leaving school do you get? Write and tell me about it -I'd really like to know.

Write soon! All best wishes. Leo

3 Write an informal email to Leo. Use between 80 and 130 words.

To: Leo Subject: Hi		<		$\overline{>}$
Subject: Hi				\searrow
			$\left< \left< \right> \right>$	
		/	\sim	
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	G	\mathcal{O}		
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	7,			
	<u> </u>			
	>			
2				

8

- Read the pairs of sentences and translate the underlined fragments into English.
 - 1. Mój pradziadek <u>urodził się</u> przed II wojną światową. My great-grandfather ______ before World War II.
 - 2. Te meble sa bardzo stare i mogą być całkiem wartościowe. This furniture _____and may be quite valuable
 - 3. Nie mam pojęcia <u>gdzie jest biblioteka</u>. l have no idea
 - 4. Zadzwoń do mnie później, ponieważ w tej chwili jestem zajeta.

later because I am busy at the moment.

5. Nasz nauczyciel nigdy nie opowiada o swoim życiu prywatnym.

Our teacher _____ about his private life.

2 Look at the fragments you translated in 1 and match them to the language areas a-e which show how the English sentences differ from the Polish ones.

	English	Polish	Sentence from 1
a.	single negative	double negative	
b.	verb + object pronoun	verb + preposition	
c.	passive voice	active voice	
d.	singular (uncountable)	plural (countable)	
e.	word order of an affirmative sentence	word order of a question	

- 3 Write your own examples of structures a-e given in 2.
 - a. _____ b. _____
 - с.
 - d. _____
- Read sentences 1–5 and choose the correct alternative. Then translate the chosen fragment into Polish.
 - 1. My brother *is studying/has been studying* for his final exams since Christmas.
 - 2. The Magus by John Fowles is <u>so/such</u> an interesting book. You have to read it!
 - 3. <u>Neither/None</u> of my parents went to university.
 - 4. Mary has passed/passed her history test last Wednesday.
 - 5. My classmate *always copies/is always copying* my maths homework!

5 Make all the necessary changes in sentences 1–5 in 4 so that the other option in italics is correct.



- Read a student's translations of the fragments in brackets. Some of the translations are wrong. Find the mistakes and correct them.
 - 1. My neighbour is (uzależniony od hazardu) addicted to gambling .
 - 2. Ann (aktualnie pisze) is actually writing her PhD thesis.
 - 3. I wish I didn't have to listen to such (ordynarnych uwaq)
 - *ordinary remarks*4. The bride was holding (*bukiet tulipanów*) <u>a bouquet of</u> *tulips* that she got from her father.
 - 5. (Ta fabryka) This fabric is going to be pulled down next year.
 - 6. I have always been (pupilem naszego nauczyciela) our teacher's favourite .
 - 7. (Fatalny blgd) <u>A fatal mistake</u> by the goalkeeper made his team lose the match.
- 7 Complete the table with appropriate translations. Use a dictionary if necessary.

Polish translation	False f	English translation	
a	🔶 sympathetic	sympatyczny 🔶	f
b	🔶 receipt	recepta 🔶	g
с	← local	lokal 🔶	h
d	🔶 lunatic	lunatyk →	i
e	🗲 pension	pensja 🔶	j

Zadanie maturalne

Przetłumacz fragmenty podane w nawiasach na język angielski, 8 tak by otrzymać logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne zdania. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy.

8.1. ľá like to know (gdzie jest mój brat)	
right now.	
8.2. Could you (pomalować tę ścianę na żółto)	
?	
8.3. (Nikt nie wiedział)	
how to solve the equation.	
8.4. I'm proud of you because (zrobiłeś postępy)	
·	
8.5. I'm not sure if (<i>wszyscy rozumieją</i>)	
what I'm talking about.	
8.6. (Żaden z moich dziadków)	
could speak a foreign language.	
8.7. Our head teacher is (takim sympatycznym człowiekie	em)
8.8. She (studiowała prawo)	
in Chicago for 3 years before she moved to New Yor	k.
8.9. see (<i>myliłem się</i>)a	bout you.

Gateway plus to pięciopoziomowy kurs dla uczniów szkół ponadgimnazjalnych. Zawarte w nim materiały nie tylko umożliwiają doskonałe przygotowanie do matury, lecz także uczą języka niezbędnego w rzeczywistych, pozaszkolnych sytuacjach.

W zeszycie ćwiczeń Gateway plus uczeń znajdzi

- dodatkowe ćwiczenia leksykalne i gramatyczne utrwalające materiał z podręcznika
- sekcje Developing speaking oraz Developing Writing
 rozwijające zdobyte umiejętności
- strony Gateway to matura dedykowane pokonywaniu trudności zadań maturalnych
- strony Revision umożliwiające powtórzenie materiału i dokonanie samooceny
- kulminacyjne Progress tests przeznaczone do samodzielnego monitorowania postępów
- Strony Click onto ... (Cross-curricular, Literature and International Cultural Knowledge), poszerzające wiedzę językową o treści międzykulturowe oraz międzyprzedmiotowe







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