

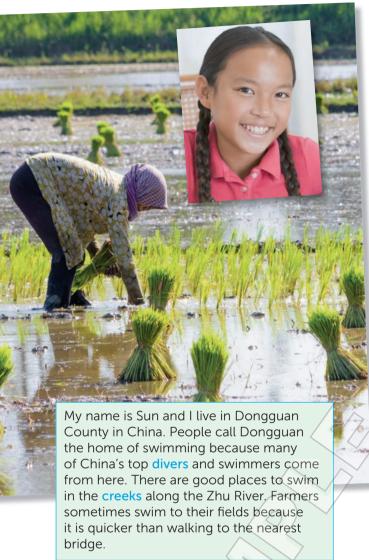
Where I live

Lesson objective Talking about the place where you live

Presentation



Listen and read. What is special about the places where Sun and Lukas live?



2 Read again. Can you guess what the words in blue mean?

Comprehension

- 3 Read again. Answer these questions in your notebook. /
 - 1 in Dongquan County
 - 1 Where does Sun live?
 - 2 What do people call Dongguan?
 - **3** Why do farmers sometimes swim to their fields?
 - 4 Where does Lukas live?
 - 5 What does Lukas sometimes see in his garden?
 - **6** When do bears hibernate?
- Work in groups. Tell your classmates what you remember about Sun or Lucas.



GrammarSpot

Present simple

I live in Dongguan County in China.

Lucas lives in the Yukon in Canada.

Farmers sometimes don't walk to their fields.

Lucas doesn't have to worry in the winter.

Do farmers swim to their fields? Yes, they do./No, they don't.

Does Lucas clap when he leaves the house?

Yes, he does./No, he doesn't.

Grammarpage 17



Remember!

Remember the -(e)s!

Where do you live?

I live in ...

Where does he live?

He lives in ...

Grammar practice

- 5 In your notebook, write questions with do or does.
 - **1** Where Sun live?
 - 2 Where ______ you come from?
 - **3** What ______ bears do in the winter?
 - 4 Where your friends go swimming?
 - 5 Why Lukas not have to worry about bears in the winter?
- 6 Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions.

Where does Sun live?

She lives in Dongguan County.

Class poll

7 What is special about where you live? Work in a small group and write down some ideas. Use a dictionary to help you with new vocabulary. Then write your ideas on the board.

There is a big forest and lots of lakes. Lots of people work or farms. You can sometimes see deer.

8 What are the best three ideas? Vote with your classmates.

Pronunciation



9 Listen to this tongue twister.

/h/

Hedgehogs have to hibernate in their homes but humans have houses and don't have to.



10 Listen again and repeat. How fast can you say it?

Listening



11 Listen to Rachel. Is her life different from yours?





12 Listen again. In your notebook, write answers to the questions below. Use the words in the box.

> the USA a simple, traditional life horse-drawn buggies on their farms TVs, computers and mobile phones

- 1 Rachel lives in the USA.
- 1 Where does Rachel live?
- 2 What kind of life do Amish people like?
- 3 What have they not got?
- 4 How do they travel?
- 5 How do they help their neighbours?



Check your English

- 13 How much can you remember? In your notebook, complete the sentences.
 - **1** Sun (live) ...
 - 2 People (call) Dongguan ...
 - 3 Lukas (live) ...
 - 4 Lukas (not worry) ...
 - 5 Amish people (live) ...
 - 6 Amish people (travel) ...
- 14 Do the following things.
 - 1 Write the name of a top diver or swimmer.
 - 2 Draw a creek.
 - **3** Clap your hands.
 - 4 Think of two animals that hibernate.
 - **5** Think of the name of one of your neighbours.
 - **6** Think of something traditional in your country.





Charlie's busy week

Lesson objective Talking about future arrangements

Presentation



1 Listen and read. Today is Monday. When are Charlie and his friends practising the sketch?

Mel Here are the scripts. This is

yours, Charlie, and this is mine. So when can we practise the

sketch?

Charlie Let's see. I'll look in my diary on

my mobile.

Sophie How about tomorrow after

school?

Charlie No, I'm sorry, I can't. I'm seeing

the dentist on Tuesday.

Mel Okay. Are you free on

Wednesday?

Charlie No, I'm going out with my

family. We're going to the

cinema.

Sophie Right. How about on Thursday?

Charlie Let's see. No, I'm afraid not. My

sister's playing netball for the school team on Thursday and I'm watching the match.

Mel So that leaves Friday. Are you

free on Friday?

Charlie Let's see. Oh no! We're going

away for the weekend on Friday and we aren't coming back until Sunday night.

Sophie But that's terrible! We're

performing the sketch in class

next Monday.

Charlie How about now?

Mel What? You're free now?

Charlie Yes.

Sophie Great! Let's practise the sketch

right now. We haven't got a moment to lose.





Listen again. Then read the dialogue with your classmates.



Let's see.

How about tomorrow?

No, I'm afraid not.

Comprehension

- When is Charlie doing what? Match the activities in column A with the times in column B. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 seeing the dentist Tuesday

Α

- 1 seeing the dentist
- **2** going to the cinema
- **3** watching netball
- 4 going away
- 5 coming back
- **6** performing the sketch
- **7** practising the sketch

В

- a Sunday night
- **b** Wednesday
- **c** Friday
- **d** right now
- e next Monday
- **f** Thursday
- **g** Tuesday

Grammarpage 17



GrammarSpot

Present continuous for future arrangements

I'm seeing the dentist on Tuesday.

My sister's playing netball for the school team on Thursday.

What are you doing on Wednesday?

I'm not doing anything.

Grammarpage 17

Grammar practice

- 4 In your notebook, write questions about future arrangements.
 - 1 When is Charlie seeing the dentist?
 - 1 When/Charlie/see the dentist?
 - 2 When/Charlie and his family/go/to the cinema?
 - **3** When/Charlie's sister/play/netball?
 - **4** When/Charlie and his family/go/away for the weekend?
 - 5 When/they/come/back?
 - 6 When/Mel, Charlie and Sophie/practise/their sketch?
- 5 Now ask and answer the questions.

When is Charlie seeing the dentist?

He's seeing the dentist on Tuesday.

Speaking

6 Invent some plans for the week. Choose one day when you don't have any plans. Don't show the notes to your classmate,

Monday - I'm meeting my friends. Tuesday - I'm watching TV.

Wednesday - I'm going to the park.

Thursday -

friday - I'm doing my homework.

Saturday — I'm shopping. Sunday — I'm visiting my grandparents.

7 Now find out which day your classmate is free. Ask and answer questions.

Are you free on Friday?

No, I'm not. I'm doing my homework.

How about on Monday?

No, I'm afraid not. I'm meeting my friends.



Grammar practice

- 8 Choose the correct form. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 My name is Matt. What's your/yours?
 - 2 This isn't my book. Mine/Ours has got my name on it.
 - 3 Are these Tom and Susan's? No, theirs/hers are over there.

Writing

9 In your notebook, write about your true plans for the rest of the week.

My English file

I'm playing basketball tomorrow. I'm going shopping on Saturday morning.

Check your English

10 In your notebook, complete the sentences with the correct forms of these verbs.

help hang out wash go watch do have A: What ¹ you this evening?

- **B:** I ² a shower and ³ my hair. And then my sister and I 4 _____ our favourite TV programme at nine o'clock. What about you? Are you ⁵ with your friends?
- **B:** No, I'm not. My brother ⁶ away tomorrow and I ⁷ him get ready.
- 11 Collect things from your classmates and put them on a desk. Can you remember who the things belong to? Make sentences.

These are theirs.

This is his.



The cheapest shirts in town

Lesson objective • Talking about and comparing your things

Guessing

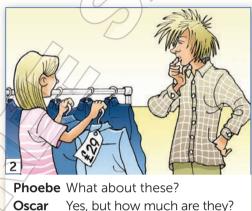
- 1 Look at the pictures. Choose the correct option. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 The boy wants to buy some jeans/to buy a shirt.
- 2 He wants to/doesn't want to buy a cheap shirt.

Presentation



2 Listen and read. Which shirt does Oscar buy?





Yes, but how much are they?

Phoebe They're £29.

£29! They're much more Oscar

expensive than the shirts in

the sale.

Phoebe Yes, but these shirts are much

nicer



cheaper than the blue shirts.

What size are they? **Phoebe** They're large.

No, those shirts are too big.



Phoebe But you can't buy that! It's the same as the

shirt you've got on!

Yes, and I like the shirt I've got on – that's Oscar

why I'm buying it.



3 Listen again. Then read the dialogue with a classmate.

Comprehension

- 4 Answer these questions about the dialogue. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 Why doesn't Phoebe like the yellow shirt?
 - 2 Why doesn't Oscar like the blue shirt?
- **3** What's wrong with the green shirt?
- 4 Why does Oscar like the brown shirt?



GrammarSpot

Comparative/superlative

Comparative

These shirts are **cheaper** than the blue shirts. These shirts are **more expensive** than the shirts in the sale.

Superlative

These are the cheapest shirts in town.

These are the most expensive shirts in town.

We can make comparatives stronger with **much**:

These shirts are much nicer.



Grammarpage 17

Grammar practice

- 5 Look at the pictures and make comparisons, using the words given. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 The yellow ball is bigger than the white ball.
 - 1 yellow ball/white ball (big)
 - 2 yellow ball/brown ball (small)
 - **3** brown vase/green vase (cheap)
 - 4 green vase/orange vase (expensive)





- 6 Look at the pictures again and make sentences, using the words given. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 The white ball is the smallest.
 - 1 white ball (small)
 - 2 brown ball (big)
 - 3 brown vase (cheap)
 - 4 green vase (expensive)



Remember!

The spelling changes in comparative and superlative adjectives:

big bigger biggest

tidy tidier tidiest

Speaking

7 Make true sentences about things in the classroom with the words below.

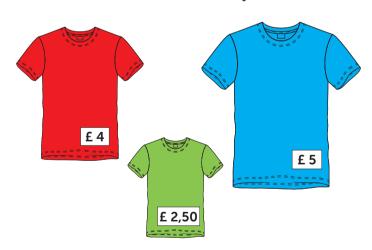
more interesting/most interesting smaller/smallest older/oldest nicer/nicest more comfortable/most comfortable worse/worst tidier/tidiest messier/messiest more beautiful/most beautiful/better/best

This book is more interesting than that book.



Check your English

8 Complete the sentences about these T-shirts. Use the correct form of the adjectives in brackets. Write the answers in your notebook.



- 1 The red T-shirt is _____ than the green T-shirt. (expensive)
- 2 The green T-shirt is _____ than the blue T-shirt. (cheap)
- **3** The blue T-shirt is the ______. (big)
- 4 The green T-shirt is the ______. (small)
- **5** The blue T-shirt is the ______. (expensive)



Looking after your pet

Reading



1 Listen and read what these children are saying about their pets. Match the texts (1-6) with the pictures (a-f). Write the answers in your notebook.

Home	Services Portfolio About Us Contact
a	Max loves going for walks. Every time I hold up his lead he goes crazy. He starts jumping up and down and runs to the door barking. I take him for a walk every morning and then again in the afternoon. Natasha, 14
b	2 Dolly lives in a large glass aquarium so she's got plenty of water to swim in. It's also very important to keep the water clean so every week I put Dolly into a small bowl of water while I change the water in the aquarium. Will, 12
C	3 A lot of people don't like Terry because they are afraid of him. But Terry isn't dangerous and doesn't bite and I think he's a wonderful pet. His favourite food is mice and he eats one mouse about once every two weeks. Simon, 14
d	4 I've got a very small pet called Max. I don't have to feed him because he catches his own food. I didn't have to buy him in a pet shop, I just found him sitting on his web on our balcony. Sometimes I even put him on my hand. Tracey, 11
е	5 I think my pet, Sally, is great because she can talk to me. I teach her something new every week and her favourite words at the moment are 'Good night, see you in the morning'. She sits on her perch and repeats this about 100 times a day. Joe, 12
f	6 My pet can't live in the house because she is too big and lives in a shed in the garden. I have to feed her, brush her coat, clean out the shed, and give her plenty of exercise every day when I ride her across the fields. Jill, 13

2 Find these words in the texts. Can you guess what they mean?

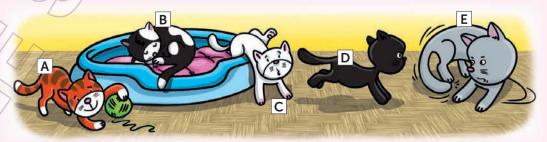
lead aquarium mice web shed perch



TestingSpot



Usłyszysz dwukrotnie dialog. Na podstawie informacji zawartych w nagraniu do każdego imienia (1–4) dopasuj kota przedstawionego na ilustracji (A–E). Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie. Uwaga! Jedna litera na ilustracji pozostanie niewykorzystana.



1 Felix

2 Gina

3 Sam

4 Sunny

Speaking

4 Think of a pet animal and write the name on a piece of paper. Don't show it to your classmates.



A rabbit.

5 Guess what your classmate's pet animal is. Ask questions with Do ...? Is ...? Can ...? Has ...?



Writing

6 Read the text below. Can you guess what kind of animal it is?

ooking after my pet

talk to him every day.

| clean his cage every week.

| feed him small pieces of fruit and seeds.

| give him fresh water every day.

| put toys in his cage.

7 Now choose an animal. In your notebook, write how you look after it. Then get your classmates to guess what animal it is.

Looking after my pet
I feed her once a day.
I give her biscuits and pet food.
I take her for a walk twice a day.





Check if you can do these things

I can use the *Present simple* to talk about people and animals.

1 In your notebook, copy and complete these sentences with the *Present simple* form of these verbs.

	clap travel live leave swim hibernate
1	Sun in China.
2	Farmers in Dongguan County, China, sometimes to their fields.
3	When Lukas his house, he his hands.
4	Bears in the winter.
5	Amish people in horse-drawn buggies.

I can make and answer questions.

- 2 Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then answer the questions in your notebook.
 - 1 Lukas/his/does/clap/Why/hands?
 - **2** Zhu/the/Where/River/is/?
 - **3** fields/do/their/swim/Why/to/farmers/?
- 4 do/bears/the/winter/What/do/in/?
- 5 people/travel/do/Amish/How/?

I can use the *Present continuous* to talk about future arrangements.

3 Use the *Present continuous* to complete this dialogue. Write the answers in your notebook.

Mum Eric, your room is a mess! Please tidy it up this afternoon.

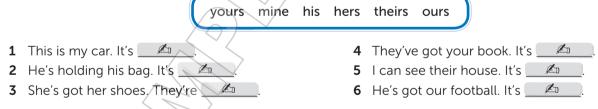
Eric Oh, sorry mum, I can't. I (play) football with Viv this afternoon.

Mum Well, what about Saturday morning then?

Eric No, that's impossible. I ² (meet) my friends, Mark and Rama. We ³ (go) to the cinema.

I can talk about possessions.

4 In your notebook, copy and complete the sentences with the correct possessive pronoun from the box.



I can compare things.

5 In your notebook, complete the sentences to compare the things. Use the adjectives in brackets.



2 The green hat is _____ than the pink hat. The orange hat is _____ (big)











TestingPractice

1 Read the texts in Activity 2 quickly. Match two of the pictures below to each text. Write the answers in your notebook.















TestingSpot

- 2 Przeczytaj poniższe teksty (1-3) i zdecyduj, o czym jest każdy z nich (A-D). Uwaga! Jeden temat nie pasuje do żadnego tekstu. Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie.
 - **A** My best friend
 - **B** Plans for the weekend
 - **C** My sister
 - **D** Daily routine
- Luke takes the bus to school at 7.30 every morning. He usually meets his friends, Jack and Jason, on the bus and they often play games on their phones together. They get to school at 8.15 and they have lessons until 2.30. Then they take the bus home. In the afternoon, he usually does his homework or watches TV.

The text is about 🔼

2

Hi, Rose. What are you doing on Saturday?

Hi, Jan. I'm meeting my friends in town and we're going shopping. Then we're having a pizza in town. In the afternoon, I'm playing netball with my sister and in the evening, we're going to the cinema with our cousins.

0

The text is about 🙇

Jade is two years older than me but we spend a lot of time together. She's more hard-working than me and she's better at maths and English, but I'm sportier than her and I'm also tidier than her. I think Jade is the messiest person in our family — she never tidies her bedroom!

The text is about 🙇

- 3 Read the dialogues and choose the correct option. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - **1** A: Is Tom's computer more expensive than Sally's?
 - **B:** Yes, it is. Sally's computer is **cheaper**/**the cheapest** than Tom's.
 - 2 A: What are you doing on Sunday?
 - B: I'm having/I have lunch with a friend.
 - 3 A: What/How do you usually wear at the weekend?
 - **B**: Jeans and a T-shirt.
 - 4 A: Why/How do you take the bus to school?
 - B: Because it's quicker than walking.



TestingSpot



- 4 Usłyszysz dwukrotnie cztery wypowiedzi (1–4). Do każdej z nich dobierz właściwą reakcję. Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie.
- **1** A Yes, I am. I'm the tallest person in my class.
 - **B** Yes, I am. He's shorter than me.
 - C Yes, he is. He's taller than me.
- **2** A I sometimes watch TV with my friends.
 - **B** I'm seeing the doctor.
 - **C** I never do my homework in the afternoon.
- **3** A Every Wednesday morning.
 - **B** At about 7.30.
 - C Eggs and toast.
- **4 A** Because I always have a swimming lesson before school.
 - **B** Because I don't like getting up early.
 - **C** Because I live very close to the school.



6-7 points: You are quite a good friend. 4-5 points: Oh dear! You aren't a very good friend.

8 points: You are a very good friend. Congratulations. But are you really telling the truth? You get 2 points for every answer A and 1 point for every answer B.

1 Read the guiz. Then work in pairs and match the words with the correct verbs.

make say hello the truth friends a joke an excuse nothing a lie a secret a promise

2 Work in pairs. Do the quiz together. Write the answers in your notebook. Then read the score at the top of the page. Do you agree with it?

Are You a Good Friend?

- Your friend is wearing a new dress. It's horrible. What do you do?
 - Tell a lie. Say, 'It's beautiful!'
 - Tell the truth. Say, 'It's horrible.'
- Your friend is acting in a play. You make a promise to watch the play. But now you're very busy and don't want to go. What do you do?
 - I go to the play. A promise is a promise.
 - I make an excuse and stay at home.

- You arrive at a friend's party. You don't know any other people there. What do you do?
 - Tell some jokes and make friends with lots of new people.
- Say hello to two or three people and then go home.
- Your friend tells you a secret. What do you do?
- Of course, I say nothing! It's a secret.
- It's a really interesting story! I tell one or two other people.
- 3 Work in pairs. Copy and complete the questions in your notebook and then ask and answer them with your partner.
 - 1 How often do you _____ jokes?
 - Is it easy or difficult for you to ____ inew friends?
- Do you sometimes _____ promises and then not keep them?
- Is it sometimes OK to ______ a lie? Why/Why not?

LanguageSpot

Read the text and then answer the questions below. Write the answers in your notebook.

My name's Cooper. I live on a cattle farm in Queensland, Australia. I usually get up very early in the morning because I help my father with the cows before school. Then my mum takes me to school on her motorbike! My favourite subject at school is PE. I'm really good at cricket, but my sister, Ruby, is better than me at running. She's the fastest runner in our school! Tomorrow is Friday, but I'm not going to school. I'm working with my dad. We're preparing the cows for a big agricultural show on Saturday.

- 1 Where does Cooper live?
- 2 Why does he get up early in the morning?
- 3 How does he get to school?
- 4 Who is better at running, Cooper or Ruby?
- 5 Why isn't Cooper going to school on Friday?

TestingSpot

Uzupełnij każdą rozmowę brakującą wypowiedzią. Wybierz literę A, B albo C. Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie.

Who's the oldest person in your class?





- 1 A Jasmine. I'm older than her.
 - B Jasmine. She's fourteen.
 - **C** Jasmine. She's younger than me.





Sorry, I'm visiting my aunt.

- 2 A Are you free on Saturday morning?
 - **B** What do you usually do on Saturday morning?
 - C Do you often visit your grandmother at the weekend?

How do you get to school?





3 A I'm walking. **B** At 7.30. **C** I walk.



Present simple

Czasu *Present simple* używamy do mówienia o faktach, ogólnych informacjach o kimś.

Sun doesn't live in England. She lives in China.

Używamy go także z wyrażeniami takimi jak: every morning, usually, always, sometimes do mówienia o czynnościach, które wykonujemy regularnie.

I get up at seven o'clock every morning.

A: Do you always walk to school?

B: Yes, I do.

Present continuous

Czasu *Present continuous* używamy do mówienia o czynnościach, które wykonujemy w danej chwili.

What are you eating? I'm eating an apple.

She isn't doing her homework.

Czasu *Present continuous* używamy także do mówienia o uzgodnionych planach na przyszłość.

What are you doing next weekend? I'm visiting my grandparents.

Is she playing netball on Friday?

Comparative and superlative adjectives

Przymiotników w stopniu wyższym używamy do porównywania dwóch osób lub rzeczy.

I'm **older** than my sister. (I'm **older** than her.) Your book is **more interesting** than my book.

Przymiotników w stopniu najwyższym używamy do mówienia o osobach lub rzeczach, które są np. najwyższe, najstarsze itd. W stopniu najwyższym przed przymiotnikiem zawsze wstawiamy the

I'm the oldest student in my class,

This is the most interesting book in the library.

Krótkie przymiotniki

Adjective Comparative Superlative old older the oldest Krótkie przymiotniki zakończone na samogłoskę oraz spółgłoskę

Adjective Comparative Superlative big bigger the biggest

Przymiotniki zakończone na -y

Adjective Comparative Superlative busy busier the busiest

Wielosylabowe przymiotniki

Adjective Comparative Superlative beautiful more beautiful the most beautiful

Nieregularne przymiotniki

Adjective Comparative Superlative good better the best bad worse the worst

Possessive pronouns

Przymiotników my, your, his, her, its, our, their i zaimków dzierżawczych (possesive pronouns) mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, theirs używamy, aby określić przynależność. Przymiotniki dzierżawcze stawiamy przed rzeczownikiem:

This is **my** guitar.

Zaimki dzierżawcze występują samodzielnie, bez rzeczownika:

This guitar is mine.

Singular Plural My name's Jake. What's yours?
mine ours This isn't Ann's shirt. Hers is red.
yours yours Are those your shoes?
his/hers/its theirs Yes, these are mine.

Check your grammar

In your notebook, write the answers to Activities 1–3.

- 1 Make questions with these words. Answer them about yourself with full sentences.
 - 1 Do you read a lot of books?
 Yes, I read a lot of books./No, I don't read a lot of books.
 - 1 you/read/a lot of books
 - 2 your friends/live/near you
 - 3 it/snow/a lot in your country
 - 4 your teacher/give/you a lot of homework
- 2 What are your plans and arrangements for the future? Write true sentences.
 - 1 I'm going out/I'm not going out this evening.
 - 1 go out/this evening
 - 2 visit/relatives/this weekend
 - 3 meet/my friends/tomorrow
 - 4 stay/at home/on Friday night
- Write sentences a with the comparative and sentences b with the superlative.
 - 1a I am older than my friend.
 - b I am the oldest.
 - 1a I/my friend (old)
 - b I (old)
 - 2a a chocolate bar/a sweet (expensive)
 - **b** a chocolate bar (expensive)
 - **3a** English/geography (interesting)
 - **b** English (interesting)



Extra Special



Mystery European adventure

- 1 Work in a small team.
- 2 Look at the map and read about this journey around Europe. Use the legend to help you. In your notebook, write the names of the cities you visit.
 - 1 Amsterdam

We're starting in London and then taking the train to ¹ 🔼. Next, we're taking the ferry to ² <u>After that we're taking</u> the plane to ³ 🔼. Then we're taking the ferry to ⁴ 🔼. After that we're taking the train to ⁵ **L**. Next, we're taking the coach to ⁶ 🖾 . Then we're taking the ferry to 7 \triangle . Then we're taking the train to ⁸ 🖾 . After that we're taking the plane to ⁹ 🔼 . Next, we're taking the ferry to 10 6. Then we're taking the coach to 11 6. After that we're taking the train to 12 🖾 Then we're taking the plane to 13 🙇 . And finally, we're taking the ferry to 14 .

3 The winner is the first team to write the names of the 14 cities in the correct order.

4 Listen to the answers.







Mini project

1 Read Sam's poster. Compare his world with yours.

Me and my world

My family is ...

My mum, my kid brother, my cousin Toby, my uncle and aunt and my cat, Tickle.



My home is ...

A flat in Hope Street, Liverpool. It's on the second floor and has got two bedrooms, a big living room, a kitchen and a bathroom.

My school is ...

Crosby High School. It's a very big school with 1,600 students. I'm in Year 9 and my form teacher is Miss Edwards.

My friends are ...

Lex, Rich, Tony, Bof and Danny. They're all at the same school as me. Rich, Tony and Bof are in the same year as me and Lex and Danny are in Year 10.

My favourite sports are ...

Football, skateboarding and running. I'm good at running and football but I'm terrible at skateboarding.

Sam

- 2 Make a poster about your world.
- 3 Exchange posters with your classmates. Find out about their world.



Sports day

Lesson objectives • Talking about the past

• Talking about sports

Vocabulary



1 Listen and match the sports with the pictures. Write the answers in your notebook.

swimming race the javelin 100-metre race obstacle course the long jump

Presentation



2 Listen and read. Why is Charlie unhappy?













Charlie Hello.

Mel Hi, Charlie! How was Sports Day?Charlie Oh, not so good. What a disaster!Mel But you're really good at sport! What

happened?

Charlie I ran fast and I won the 100-metre race.

Mel Brilliant!

Charlie My team swam well in the swimming

race. We didn't win, but we got a medal.

Mel Cool!

Charlie I threw the javelin 28 metres and everyone cheered.

Mel Well done!

Charlie I jumped 4.8 metres and I broke the

school long jump record!

Mel Wow, Charlie, that's amazing!

Charlie The last race was the obstacle course.

I didn't see the rope and I fell over ...



Comprehension

- 3 Listen and read again. Answer these questions in your notebook.
 - 1 The swimming race.
 - 1 In which sport did Charlie win a medal?
 - 2 How far did Charlie throw the javelin?
 - **3** How far did Charlie jump?
 - 4 What was the last race?
 - 5 What happened to Charlie in the last race?



GrammarSpot

Past simple

I **jumped** 4.8 metres and I **broke** the school record!

We didn't win but we got a medal.

How far did Charlie jump?

→ Grammarpage 31



StudyTip

Past simple

Add irregular verbs to your verb table.

break – broke get – got win – won fall – fell swim – swam run – ran

Grammar practice

4 What did they do on Sports Day? Look at the chart. In your notebook, write sentences about Charlie's friends.

Ryan didn't swim in the swimming race. He ran in the 800-metre race.



Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about Ryan and Sophie.

Did Ryan swim in the swimming race?

No, he didn't.

Listening



6 Listen to Charlie talking about his weekend. Put the phrases in the correct order. Write the answers in your notebook.

Last weekend, Charlie ...

bought a tennis	talked about cycling
racket	visited an exhibition
🙇 looked at a bike	did his homework
read a book	went to his uncle's
1 watched TV	

7 Tell your classmates what you remember about Charlie.

Speaking

8 What did you do last weekend? Read the questions and write the answers in your notebook.

Did you buy anything?		
What did you buy?		
Did you read a book or a magazine?		
Did you watch TV?		
What did you watch?		
Did you visit a friend/a relative?		
What did you talk about?		
Did you do your homework?		

- 9 Work in pairs. Find out about your friend's weekend. Ask the questions above and make notes in your notebook.
- 10 Tell another classmate about your friend's weekend.

Last weekend, Sophie bought a CD. She ...

Pronunciation



11 Listen to this tongue twister.

/v/ /w/

Victoria Wells won one hundred volleyball victories and was wonderful at windsurfing.



12 Listen again and repeat. How fast can you say it?

Check your English

13 Complete Mel's diary with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets. Write the answers in your notebook.

Last Saturday, I ¹ (visit) Charlie and
then we ² (go) to the new café in town
for lunch. After lunch, I ³ (buy) some
trainers and Charlie ⁴ (get) a DVD
of his favourite film. Then we ⁵ (go) to
Charlie's house and 6 (watch) the DVD.

What were you doing?

Lesson objective • Describing past actions

Vocabulary



1 Listen and find these things in the picture below.

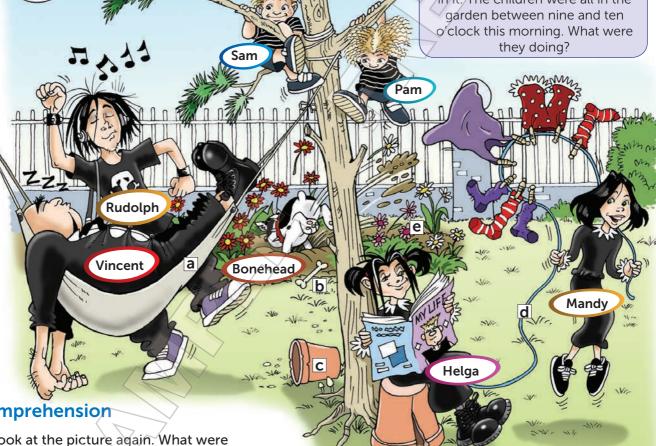
hammock clothes line flowerbed bone flowerpot

Presentation



2 Look at the picture on the right and listen to Martha Gloom. Why is she angry?

> I was watering the flowers in the garden at nine o'clock this morning. The flowerbed was fine. Now it's ten o'clock and there's a big hole in it. The children were all in the garden between nine and ten o'clock this morning. What were



Comprehension

3 Look at the picture again. What were the Glooms doing this morning? Write the names in your notebook.

1 Helga

- was reading a magazine.
- was listening to music.
- were climbing a tree.
- was sleeping in a hammock.
- was skipping.
- was burying a bone.

Listen and check.



GrammarSpot

Past continuous

Affirmative

I was watering the flowers. He was listening to music. They were climbing a tree.



Grammar practice



- 5 Look at the picture in Activity 2 and listen to Vincent. Then correct his mistakes. Use the phrases given. Write the sentences in your notebook.
 - 1 Helga wasn't mowing the lawn. She was reading a magazine.





6 Listen and check.



GrammarSpot

Past continuous

Negative

Helga wasn't mowing the lawn. Sam and Pam weren't playing with toys.

Questions

Were you having a shower? Yes, I was.
Was she doing her homework? No, she wasn't.
Were they watching TV? No, they weren't.



Speaking

7 Use these ideas to write about what you were doing at a given time yesterday. Write the sentences in your notebook.

sleep eat breakfast/lunch/dinner/a snack do my homework play football/tennis talk on the phone watch TV get up have a shower have a lesson

7.30 am I was eating breakfast.

10.00 am 11.30 am 5.30 pm 8.00 pm 10.00 pm

8 Work in pairs. Find out what your classmate was doing at a given time yesterday.

Were you having a shower at 7.30 yesterday?

No, I wasn't. I was eating breakfast.

Pronunciation



- 9 Listen and practise saying the weak forms of was /wəz/ and were /wə/.
 - 1 was playing tennis yesterday.
 - 2 They were doing their homework.
 - 3 Sarah was working with him.
 - 4 We were eating breakfast.

Game

10 Work in pairs. Look at the picture in Activity 2 for one minute. Now close your books. Ask and answer questions about the Glooms.

Was Rudolph mowing the lawn?

No, he wasn't. He was listening to music.

Correct!

Check your English

- 11 Choose the correct form. Copy the correct sentences in your notebook.
 - 1 I was/were doing my homework at six o'clock last night.
 - **2 Was/Were** they watching TV yesterday afternoon?
 - 3 Sara and Fred wasn't/weren't playing tennis this morning, they was/were taking the dog for a walk.
 - **4** Last Sunday afternoon, we were **sit/sitting** on the beach, **eat/eating** ice cream.



Presentation



1 Listen and read. Match the photos with the emails.

True Stories Page Have you got an amazing story for us? Send an email to Teen Dreams and tell us your stories.

Hi Teen Dreams!

Last Wednesday, I was playing football with my school. It was a very important match and the score was 1–1. I was running towards the ball when I fell. My football boot came off and flew through the air. It hit the ball and the ball went into the goal. Just then, the referee blew his whistle and the game ended. Our team won the match! My football boot was the hero of the match! It was very funny!





Last Saturday morning, my mum was mowing the lawn and my dad was at work. I was doing my homework in my room when I heard our dog, Bobo. He was barking loudly in the kitchen. I ran into the kitchen and saw a lot of smoke. The saucepan was on fire and Bobo was trying to tell me. I called my mum and we put out the fire. Bobo saved our lives! We were very lucky.





I was shopping with my friend. We were looking at some CDs in a music shop. I was listening to some music when I heard a loud noise. It sounded like an alarm. I shouted, 'Fire! Fire!' and everyone started to run out of the shop. Then I realised that it wasn't an alarm, it was music. It was so embarrassing!

Freya



Comprehension

2 Can you remember? Try to answer these questions from memory using the names given.

Sally Bobo Tony Freya

- 1 Sally
- 1 Who was doing his/her homework?
- 2 Who was listening to music?
- **3** Who shouted, 'Fire! Fire!'?
- 4 Who was playing football?
- **5** Who was barking loudly?

3 Imagine you are Tony, Sally or Freya and tell your classmate your story.



GrammarSpot

Past continuous and past simple with when

I was running towards the ball when I fell.
I was listening to some music when I heard a loud noise.

→ Grammarpage 31

Grammar practice

- 4 Copy the story into your notebook and complete it with past forms of the verbs in brackets.
 - 1 was watching
 - 2 heard



5 Listen and check.

Vocabulary

- Find words in the emails in Activity 1 to match these pictures. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - 1 whistle







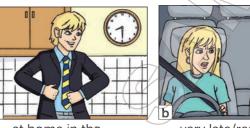






Writing

- 7 Look at the phrases below. In your notebook, copy and complete Ted's letter to Teen Dreams.
 - 1 I was at home in the morning.



at home in the morning/get ready

very late/really angry/ get into the car





walk/start/point

wear

Hello Teen Dreams!

This is my true story. I ¹ and I ² for school. I ³ and my mum ⁴ with me.

I ⁵ very quickly. I ⁶ into the classroom when my friend ⁷ to laugh. He ⁸ at my feet. I ⁹ my slippers! How embarrassing!

Ted



- 8 Now listen and check.
- 9 In your notebook, write your own amazing story.



My English file

- ✓ Where were you?
- ✓ What were you doing?
- ✓ What happened?
- I was in my room, listening to music. My sister \dots

Check your English

- 10 Use the prompts to make sentences with when. Write the sentences in your notebook.
 - 1 I was walking the dog when I found a purse.
 - 1 walk the dog/find a purse
 - 2 eat a sandwich/break my tooth
 - **3** ride my bike/fall off
 - 4 do my homework/fall asleep



My hero

Reading

- 1 Read the text about Lionel Messi quickly. Put these events from his life in the correct order. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - He moved to Spain.
 - He gave 600,000 euros to a children's hospital.
 - He joined Grandoli.
 - He joined Newell's Old Boys.
 - He started the Leo Messi Foundation.



TestingSpot

2 Przeczytaj tekst. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź A, B albo C. Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie.

MY HERO: LIONEL MESSI



Lionel Messi was born in 1987 in Rosario, Argentina. He always loved to play football, and he joined a local football club, Grandoli, when he was five years old. His father was his coach. In 1995, he moved to another club, Newell's Old Boys. His team at this club was very successful and they only lost one match in four years.

However, Messi had some health problems. He was very short and he didn't grow. He needed some expensive medicine. He decided to join the Spanish football club FC Barcelona in 2000 because they paid for his medicine. Messi and his father moved to Spain and Messi started to play for Barcelona's youth team. He still plays for Barcelona, although he plays for Argentina in international matches. Messi also does a lot of charity work. He started a charity, the Leo Messi Foundation, in 2007. It pays for sick children's education and medicine. In 2013, he gave 600,000 euros to a children's hospital in Rosario, Argentina.

Messi is my hero because although he had health problems, he didn't give up. He's short but he's very strong. He's a very successful football player and he tries to help sick children in his home country as well.

1 How old was Messi when he joined Newell's Old Boys?







2 Why did Messi join FC Barcelona?







3 Who did Messi give money to in 2013?







Speaking

Work in pairs. Look at the information below. Choose one person and tell your classmate about him/her.

Orlando Bloom ..

Orlando Bloom



- was born in 1977 in Kent, England
- had a lot of problems at school because he was dyslexic
- left home at 16 to study drama
- broke his back in 1998 but recovered quickly
- became famous as Legolas in 'The Lord of the Rings' trilogy

Bethany Hamilton •



- was born in 1990 in Hawaii
- loved swimming and surfing
- won first surfing competition at the age of 8
- a shark attacked her in October 2003 and bit off her arm
- went surfing again just three weeks after the shark attack
- won the NSSA surfing championships in 2005

Listening



4 Listen to Adam talk about Bethany Hamilton. He makes three mistakes. Can you spot the mistakes? Use the information in Activity 3 to help you.



5 Listen and check.

Writing

- 6 Who is your hero? Think of a person you admire. It can be a famous person, a friend or someone in your family.
- 7 In your notebook, make some notes about your hero.
 - Where and when was your hero born?
 - What did your hero do?
 - What did your hero achieve?
 - Why is this person a hero for you?
- Now, in your notebook, write about your hero.

 My hero is my uncle. He was born in ...



WritingTip

Try to use these words to link sentences together:

however (...) they only lost one match in four years. **However**, Messi had some

health problems.

but He's short but he's very strong.

as well He's a very successful football player

and he tries to help sick children in

his home country as well.

because Messi is my hero because although he

had health problems, he didn't give up.

\odot

FunSpot

Past simple bingo

1 Choose six verbs from this list. Write the past forms in your notebook.

run win swim get throw break do read buy go fly blow see put hear have learn study cut enjoy leave

Listen to your teacher. When you hear a verb from your list, put a cross through it. Shout 'Bingo!' when all six verbs are crossed through. The first person to shout 'Bingo!' is the winner.

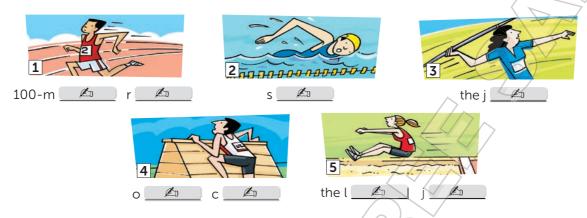




Check if you can do these things

I know the names of these sports.

1 Write the names of the sports in your notebook. Use the initial letters to help you.



I know the Past simple irregular form of ten verbs.

2 In your notebook, write the Past simple form of these irregular verbs.

1	run	3	swim	5	break /		7	get	9	reac
2	win	4	throw	6	fall		8	do	10	buy

I can use the Past simple to talk about finished actions in the past.

3 In your notebook, copy and complete this text about Charlie. Use the *Past simple* form of the verbs in brackets.

Last weekend, Charlie ¹	🖄 (not do) any sport. He ² 🔼 💆	(watch) football on TV on Friday night.
On Saturday, he ³	(read) a book about swimming. He ⁴	(do) his homework and then he
⁵ (visit) his uncle. (On Sunday, he ⁶ (buy) a new t	ennis racket and ⁷ <u></u> (go) to a loca
museum		

4 What did you do yesterday? In your notebook, write three sentences with the Past simple.

I went to school.

I can ask and answer questions about the past.

- 5 Look at the picture on page 22 for one minute. Then, try to remember what the Glooms were doing this morning. Ask and answer.
 - 1 Was Helga mowing the lawn? No, she wasn't. She was reading a magazine.

MP3 player. She ⁶ sang/was singing with the music!

- 1 Helga/mow the lawn?
- 2 Rudolph/water the plants?
- 3 Mandy/hang up the washing?
- 4 Bonehead/sleep?
- 5 Sam and Pam/play with toys?

I can tell a story in the past, using the Past simple and the Past continuous.

6 Choose the correct form to complete this story. Write the answers in your notebook.

Last Sunday, I ¹ watched/was watching TV when I ² heard/was hearing a strange noise. I ³ switched/was switching off the TV and ⁴ ran/was running upstairs. My little sister ⁵ listened/was listening to music on her



- 1 Match the questions to the answers. Write the answers in your notebook.
 - **1** What was your teacher doing at 3 o'clock yesterday?
 - 2 Did you finish your homework last night?
 - **3** Why is your sister unhappy?
 - **4** What were you doing at 5 o'clock this morning?
 - 5 What did you do last weekend?

- a Because she lost the race.
- **b** She was writing some words on the board.
- c I was sleeping!
- d No, I didn't. I fell asleep!
- e I went to my friend's house and we played football.



TestingSpot

- 2 Dla każdej z opisanych sytuacji (1–4) wybierz właściwą reakcję (A–F). Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie. Uwaga! Dwie reakcje nie pasują do żadnej sytuacji.
 - 1 Kolega pyta cię, co robiłeś/robiłaś wczoraj. Co mu odpowiesz?
 - 2 Koleżanka pyta cię, czym zajmowałeś się/ zajmowałaś się wczoraj o szóstej wieczorem. Co jej odpowiesz?
 - 3 Kolega pyta cię, czy grałeś/grałaś w jakąś grę zespołową w ten weekend. Co mu odpowiesz?
 - 4 Babcia pyta cię, co robili twoi rodzice dziś rano pomiędzy dziewiątą a jedenastą. Co jej odpowiesz?

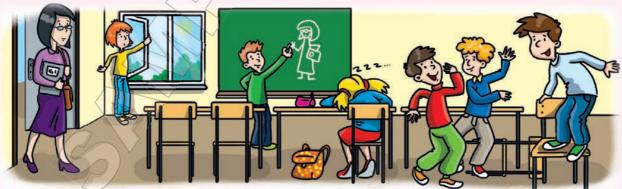
- A I was listening to music.
- **B** No, they didn't. They were at home.
- **C** I went cycling with my brother.
- **D** I went swimming in the morning and visited my aunt in the afternoon.
- E They were playing tennis.
- Yes, I did. I played volleyball with my friends.
- 3 Look at the picture below. Find these things:

a table a window a picture three boys two girls a teacher



TestingSpot

4 Popatrz na ilustrację i zdecyduj, czy poniższe zdania (1–5) są prawdziwe (Tak), czy fałszywe (Nie). Napisz odpowiedzi w zeszycie. W przypadku zdań fałszywych (Nie), popraw je.



When the teacher came into the room, ...

Tak Nie

- 1 two girls were dancing.
- 2 a boy was standing on the table.
- **3** a girl was looking out the window.
- 4 a boy was drawing a picture.
- **5** a girl was sleeping under her desk.







1 Read the text and then use the blue words to label the pictures. Write the answers in your notebook.

I love watching the sky at night. I've got a telescope in my bedroom and I love to look at all the stars in the sky. Here are my favourite space facts.

There are eight planets in our solar system: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune. These planets go round the sun. There are also comets and moons in our solar system.

A comet is a ball of ice and rock. It goes round the sun and burns. This makes a bright moving light.

Our planet, the Earth, has one moon. It goes round the Earth. You can usually see it at night and sometimes you can see it during the day. There is only one star in our solar system. It's the sun The sun gives us heat and light and is very important.

Sometimes I can see another kind of bright light in the sky. It comes from a satellite. This is a machine which we use for communication or to collect information. Do you watch satellite TV? The signal comes from a satellite in space. I think that's cool!



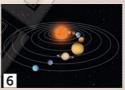








Work in pairs.



a picture from Activity 1. Tell Student

Student A: Cover the text above. Choose

B one fact about it.

Student B: Look at the text and check Student



Read the text again. In your notebook, mark the sentences true or false and correct the false sentences.

true false

1 The Earth goes round the sun.

2 A comet doesn't move.

3 You can't see the moon during the day. 🔼 💆

4 There is more than one moon in our solar system.

5 Satellites are important for communication.

6 The sun is a planet.

(L)

There are nine planets in our solar system.

A's fact.

No, that's wrong. There are eight planets in our solar system.





LanguageSpot

4 Copy the dialogues into your notebook and complete them with the correct words from the box.

ate wasn't was eating did

- 1 A: Were you talking to your brother on the phone?
 - B: No. I I was talking to my uncle.
- 2 A: Did you walk to school yesterday?
 - B: Yes, I ____. And I got very wet, because it _____ raining!
- 3 A: Why is your friend angry?
 - B: Because I his sandwich.
- 4 A: What were you doing at seven o'clock this morning?
- B: I was breakfast.



TestingSpot

- Dla każdego z poniższych pytań (1–4) wybierz właściwą reakcję. Wybierz odpowiedź A, B albo C. Odpowiedzi zapisz w zeszycie.
- **1** What were you doing yesterday at half past one?
 - A I didn't have lunch at half past one.
 - **B** I was having lunch.
 - **C** I have lunch every day at half past one.
- 2 Did you visit your friends on Saturday?
 - **A** Yes, I did. I spent the afternoon at their house.
 - **B** Yes, I was. It was great fun.
 - **C** Yes, they did. We went to London.
- **3** Was your sister playing football after school on Monday?
 - A No, she doesn't. She never plays football on Monday.
 - **B** No, she wasn't. She was doing her homework.
 - C No, she isn't. She doesn't like football.
- **4** Why were you late for school yesterday?
 - A I fell off my bike.
 - **B** I was falling off my bike.
 - C I fall off my bike.



Grammar Summary

Past simple

Czasu *Past simple* używamy, gdy mówimy, że coś się wydarzyło w określonym momencie w przeszłości.

Marie and Pierre Curie discovered radium.

A: Did you win the race?

B: Yes, I did.

W tym czasie bardzo często używamy takich słów jak: yesterday, last weekend, in 2010.

Past continuous

Czasu *Past continuous* używamy, gdy chcemy powiedzieć, że dana czynność trwała w określonym momencie w przeszłości. np. *last evening, that morning, yesterday at 6 o'clock.*

What were you doing yesterday at six o'clock?

I was listening to music.

Affirmative sentences

I was playing games.

You were playing games.

He was playing games. She was playing games.

It was playing games.

We were playing games.

You were playing games.

They were playing games.

Questions

Was I playing games?

Were you playing games?

Was he playing games?

Was she playing games?

Was it playing games?

Were we playing games?

Were you playing games?

Were they playing games?

Negative sentences

I was not (wasn't) playing games.

You were not (weren't) playing games.

He was not (wasn't) playing games.

She was not (wasn't) playing games.

It was not (wasn't) playing games.

We were not (weren't) playing games.

You were not (weren't) playing games. They were not (weren't) playing games.

Short answers

Yes, I was./No, I wasn't.

Yes, you were./No, you weren't.

Yes, he was./No, he wasn't.

Yes, she was./No, she wasn't.

Yes, it was./No, it wasn't.

Yes, we were./No, we weren't.

Yes, you were./No, you weren't.

Yes, they were./No, they weren't.

Past continuous and Past simple

Często używamy obu czasów i łączymy je słowem when, gdy chcemy powiedzieć, że coś się wydarzyło podczas trwania innej czynności w przeszłości.

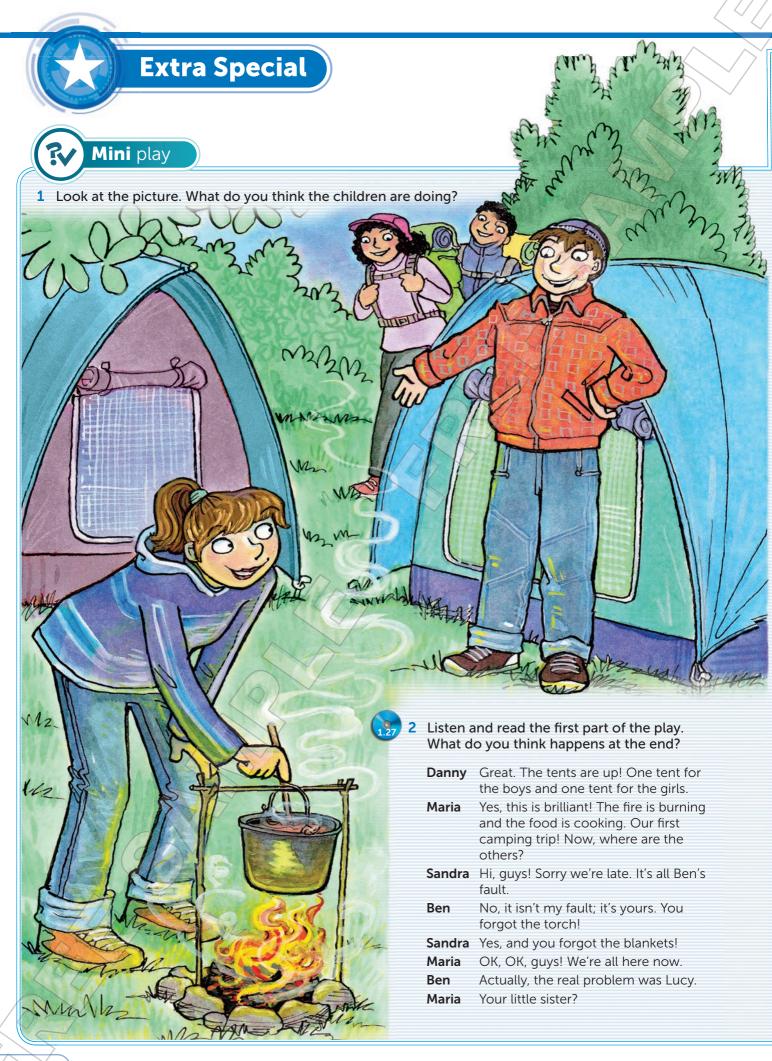


I was sleeping when the alarm rang at seven.

Check your grammar

In your notebook, write the answers to Activities 1–2.

- Write questions in the correct past tense. Then answer about yourself.
 - 1 Did you meet your friends last weekend? Yes, I did, or No, I didn't.
 - 1 meet/your friends/last weekend?
 - 2 watch/TV/last night?
 - 3 swim/in the sea/last year?
 - 4 go to bed early/yesterday?
 - 5 make/your bed/this morning?
- 2 Make sentences using the correct past forms.
 - 1 He was skateboarding when he fell over.
 - 1 He/skateboard/when/he/fall over
 - 2 We/have/a picnic/when/it/start/ to rain
 - **3** They/swim/when/they/ see/a shark
 - **4** I/look/out of the window/when/ it/begin/to snow
 - **5** She/tell/a joke/when/the teacher /come/into/the room



Sandra Yes. She really wanted to come too.

But she's too young for camping.

Ben She's at home with mum and dad. **Danny** Anyway ... I'm hungry! Let's have

some food.

Sandra Great idea.

Maria Right, sausages and beans for

everyone. Mm, delicious.

Sandra Wow! Look at the stars. They're

beautiful!

Danny Yes. And it's so quiet. **Ben** It's quite dark here.

Maria Yes. No electric lights. This is the

real natural world!

Sandra Well, Maria, it's not actually the real

natural world. It's your garden!

Maria OK, OK. But it's still exciting!

Sandra Did you hear that?

Danny What?

Maria I think I heard something.

Ben What did you hear?

Maria I don't know. A strange sound.

Sandra I didn't hear anything. **Danny** Did you hear that?

Sandra Yes, I did.

Ben Oh, don't be silly. It was nothing.

Just a ... sound.

Danny I'm not scared.

Sandra No, I'm not scared. I'm definitely

not scared.

All Aaagggh!

Ben OK everyone. Calm down, calm

down. It's probably a bird.

Sandra Or a fox.

Danny I've got a really good idea.

Maria What?

Danny Let's go and get mum and dad.

Maria No way!

Sandra That sound's coming from your

tent, boys!

Ben Right! That's it! Come on, Danny,

we're going in!

3 Now listen to the last part. Did you guess the ending?

the ending

4 Listen again to the whole dialogue. Then read with your classmates.





Mini project

1 Read Jack's fact sheet. Does your school have any similar after-school sports clubs?

sports at my school

We do lots of sports at my school. In the summer, we play cricket, rounders and do athletics. In the winter we play football, rugby and do gymnastics. My favourite sport is gymnastics.



We also have after-school sports clubs.



I do karate and play netball after school. Every summer we have a sports day at our school. The students take part in lots of different sports competitions and the winners get medals.



Jack

2 In your notebook, write about sports at your school. Draw pictures or use photos from magazines to illustrate your fact sheet.