Vocabulary

English-speaking countries and nationalities

Complete the table with the countries and nationalities.

Country		Nationality	
	Australia	1	
2	Ireland	3	Canadian
4			British
	the US	5	
6	•		New Zealander

Write the countries in 1 next to their capital city.

_		
1	Lond	n n
	LOHU	OI.

- 2 Wellington
- Canberra
- Ottawa
- 5 Dublin
- Washington D.C.
- Answer the questions about the countries in 1.
 - 1 Which countries are in the southern hemisphere?
 - 2 Which countries are in Europe?
 - Which countries are in North America?
- Read the dialogue. Underline the countries and nationalities from 1.

Liam:

Hi. How are you? My name's Liam

and this is Noah. He's from

Australia.

Madisen: Hi, nice to meet you.

Liam: Nice to meet you, too. Are you

American?

Madisen: No, I'm from Canada.

Liam: Are you from the capital, Toronto?

Madisen: I'm from Toronto, but it isn't the

capital. The capital is Ottawa.

Noah: Oh yes, sorry! How do you spell

Ottawa? Is it with one t or two?

Madisen: Two: O-T-T-A-W-A. Are you from

Sydney, Noah?

Noah: No, I'm from Melbourne.

Madisen: Are you from Australia too, Liam?

Liam: No! I'm from New Zealand but my

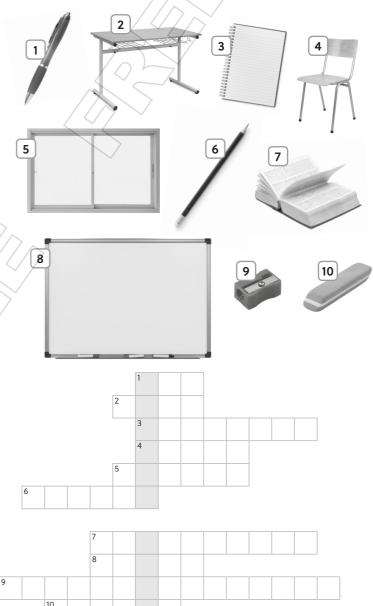
parents are British.

Read the dialogue again. Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)?

Noah isn't Australian. 2 Madisen isn't American. 3 Madisen is from the capital city of Canada. T/F 4 Noah is from the capital of Australia. T/F 5 Liam isn't from Sydney. T/F 6 Liam's parents are from the UK. T/F 7 They aren't all from English-speaking countries. T/F

Classroom objects

6 Complete the word puzzle below using the photos. What's the classroom object in grey?



- 7 Complete the classroom objects with the missing vowels.
 - **1** b....g

4 t...xtb.....k

2 d....r

5 b.....rd r...bb...r

3 r.l.r

Speaking -

Classroom expressions

1 Put the words in order to make classroom expressions.



- does / What / mean / 'pencil' / ?
- say / you / How / do / libreta / English / in /?
- spell / How / do / that / you /?
- please / you / that, / Can / repeat /?
- 5 sorry, / don't / I'm / understand / I / .
- 2 Choose the correct answers to the questions in 1.
 - 1 a Yes, of course. It's P-E-N-C-I-L
 - **b** You write with it.
 - 2 a It's 'notebook' in English.
 - **b** It's *libreta* in Spanish.
 - 3 a No problem!
 - b It's O-T-T-A-W-A.
 - 4 a No, thank you.
 - **b** Yes, of course. 'Go to page 8'.
 - 5 a Yes, of course.
 - **b** No problem!
- 3 Put the conversation in the correct order.
 - a Sorry, can you repeat that, please?
 - **b** My name's Mushtaq.
 - c Hi! What's your name?
 - d It's M-U-S-H-T-A-Q.
 - e How do you spell that?
 - f Yes, of course, it's M-U-S-H-T-A-Q.

Saying hello

4 Match the halves to make phrases.



- How old meet you. are you? Nice to How are English? How do you spell it? Are you your name? What's you?
- 5/ Choose the correct alternative.

Emma: Hello! (a) How are you?/Nice to meet you.

Anya: I'm fine, thanks.

Emma: I'm Emma. (b) How old are you?/

What's your name?

Anya: I'm Anya.

Emma: (c) How do you spell that?/Are you English?

Anya: It's A-N-Y-A. (d) How old are you?/ Nice to meet you!

Emma: Nice to meet you, too! Are you new here?

Anya: Yes, I am. Today's my first day.

Emma: (e) How are you?/How old are you?

Anya: I'm 14. What about you? Emma: I'm 14, too! (f) How do you spell it?/Are you Irish?



Grammar in context =

to be

- 1 Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 A: Is/Are you English? B: No, I'm/'re not.
 - 2 A: How is/are your mum? B: She's/'re fine.
 - 3 A: Is/Are we in our classroom? B: No we am not/aren't.
 - 4 A: Is/Are they in our class? B: No, they isn't/aren't.
 - 5 A: <u>Is/Are</u> this your pencil? B: Yes, it <u>is/am</u>.
- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of be.

1		he from Wellington?
2	No, we	British. We are from the US.
3		Sydney the capital of Australia?
4	A:	they in London today?
	B: No, they	
		from the US but my parents
		Irish.
6	She	from New Zealand, not Canada.
7	A:	your English teacher British?
	B: Yes, he	

- 3 Rewrite the sentences in the negative.
 - 1 New York is the capital of the US.
 - 2 You are 14.
 - **3** My teacher is from New Zealand.
 - 4 I am Irish.
 - **5** We are in Sydney today.
 - 6 Iris is a new student.
 - **7** They are Canadian.
- 4 Answer the questions with short answers. Look for the answers if necessary.



- 1 Is Coco Gauff from the US?
- 2 Are Vancouver and Calgary in the UK?
- 3 Is Harry Styles Canadian?
- 4 Are 'Kiwis' from New Zealand?
- 5 Is Tasmania in Australia?
- 6 Is Robert Pattinson Irish?

Subject pronouns and possessive adjectives

5 Match the subject pronouns to the possessive adjectives.

Subject pronouns	Possessive adjectives
1 l	a your
2 you	b its
3 he	c her
4 she	d their
5 it	e our
6 we	f my
7 they	g his

6 Choose the correct alternative.



- 1 She's an English teacher. <u>Her/His/She</u> name is Eva.
- 2 Canada is in North America. <u>It/Her/Its</u> capital is Ottawa.
- 3 Hi, Oleg. How are you? Is this <u>you/your/she</u> notebook?
- 4 <u>He/Her/His</u> name is Oscar. He's a new student.
- 5 Izán and Elias are my cousins and <u>his/their/they</u> school is in Sydney.
- 6 Hi! His/I/My name's Laura. Nice to meet you.
- 7 We are from Canada but <u>you/our/they</u> teachers are British
- 8 Their names are Penny and Charlotte. <u>They/Her/She</u> are New Zealanders.

Imperatives

7 Complete the imperative sentences with the correct form of these verbs.

Speaking =

Telling the time

1 Look at the clocks and write the time.







2 It's



3 It's



4 It's



5 It's



6 It's



7 It's

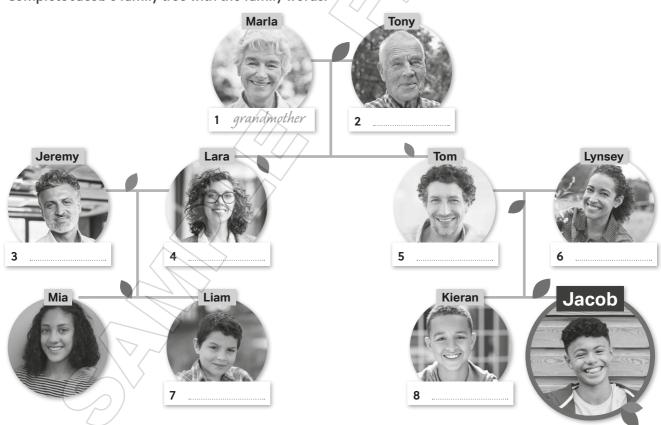


8 It's

Vocabulary =

Family

1 Complete Jacob's family tree with the family words.



2 Complete the sentences about Jacob's family with these words. There are two words you don't need.

children daughter grandchildren granddaughter grandparents grandson husband nephew niece sister son wife

- 1 Jacob is Marla's
- 2 Mia and Liam are Lara's
- 3 Mia is Liam's
- 4 Tony is Marla's
- 5 Marla is Tony's
- 6 Kieran is Lara's
- 7 Mia is Lynsey's
- 8 Mia and Liam are Tony's
- 9 Tony and Marla are Kieran's
- 10 Mia is Lara's

Vocabulary =

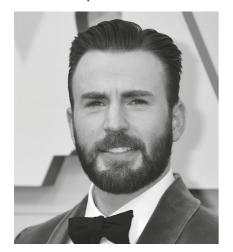
Descriptions

1 Complete the table with these words. Some words can go in more than one column.

beard · blonde · blue · brown · curly · dark · glasses · green · heavy · long · medium build · moustache · red • short • straight • tall • thin • wavy

Eyes	Hair	On the face	Body type

2 Look at the photos and choose the correct alternative.



In this photo, Chris Evans has got (a) <u>a beard/glasses</u>. He's got (b) long/short, (c) dark/blonde hair.



2 Edurne Garcia has got long (d) <u>blonde/dark</u> hair. In this photo her hair is (e) straight/ <u>wavy</u>.



3 In this photo, Nico Parker has got (f) long/short, dark, (g) <u>curly/straight</u> hair. Her eyes are (h) blue/brown.

School subjects

3 Complete the table with school subject words.

Languages	Science	The Arts	Technology	Other
English	4 cy	art	design and	10 ma
1 Gn	5 ps	7 da	technology	S S
2 Sh	6 by	8 mc	9 cr	11 hy
3 Fh			s e	PE
				12 gy
				maths

Vocabulary and Grammar in context

Possessive 's

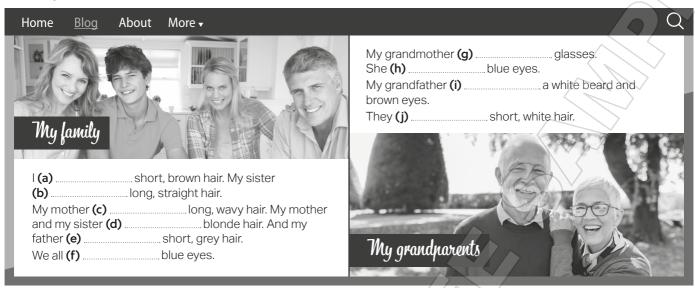
1 Tick ✓ the correct sentences. Correct th	e incorrect sentences.
--	------------------------

Tick ✓ the correct sentences. Correct the i	incorrect sente	ences.	
1 Gianna's dog's names are Fina and Star.		6 Luke's father's family is from New Zealand.	
2 Mollys eye's are green.		7 Gema's son's Oliver is José's best friend.	
3 Enzo's beard is long and black.		8 Are Harrys' mother's eyes green?	
4 Is Britain's capital London?		9 Mohid's grandparents' hair is white.	
5 My sister's names are Olga and Annika.		10 Fiona's grandchildrens' dog is black and white.	

Grammar in context =

have got

1 Complete the blog about Daniel's family with the correct affirmative form of have got.



2 Look at the information about Clara's family and complete the sentences. Use the affirmative or negative form of have got.

	Brown eyes	Dark hair	Glasses	A beard	A dog
Clara	✓	✓		×	×
Brian (brother)	×	× //	(A)	✓	✓
Gill (mother)	×	×	×	×	×
David (father)	✓	✓	*/	✓	×

- 1 David and Brian _____beards.
- 2 Briana dog.
- **3** Gill and Brian _____brown eyes.
- 4 Gill glasses.
- 5 David and Claradark hair.
- 6 Clara, Brian and Davidglasses.
- 3 Complete the questions and short answers with the correct form of have.
- 3 Clara and her brother got glasses?
 Yes, they
- 4Clara got brown eyes?

Demonstrative pronouns

4 Look at the pictures. Write sentences with this, that, these and those and the phrases in the box.

my cousins - my glasses - my pencil - my school





2



3

1	Complete th	e dialogues	with the	correct form
	of to be.			

1	A:		Dylan your brother or your
		cousin?	
	B:	He	my cousin.
2	A:	How old	you?
	B:	1	14.
3	A:		they from London?
	B:	No, they	from London. They
		***************************************	from Dublin.
4	A:		they short and heavy?
	B:	No, they	
5	A:		Sally from Canada?
	B:	Yes, she	
6	A:		Dublin in North America?
	B:	No. it	

Complete the text with the correct subject and possessive adjectives.



Hello! (a)	'm Juana and
(b)	best friend is Sammy.
(c)	's from London, but we live in
Sydney. (d)	eyes are green and
(e)	's got long blonde hair. Sammy
has got a broth	er. (f) name is Owen
and (g)	
Owen and (h)	are all in the same
school. Have (i)	got a best friend?

3 Match the halves to make sentences.

- 1 Open
- a quiet in class, please.
- **2**/Be
- **b** on the desks.
- 3 Don't use
- Don't write

Don't look

- **c** at the answers.
- Sit
- d your books at page 10. e your phones in class.
- **f** in your chair.

- 4 Rewrite the sentences with the apostrophe(s) in the correct place.
 - My childrens birthdays are in April and May.
 - Our Great-Aunt Mabels eyes are brown.
 - Those are Luccas mothers books.
 - Our teachers desk is by the window.
 - My grandparents dogs are black.
 - 6 The walls in Calebs maths class are white.

5 Choose the correct alternative.

- 1 Eric <u>has/have</u> got maths at ten o'clock.
- 2 Her parents <u>hasn't/haven't</u> got glasses.
- 3 I has/have got a white cat.
- 4 A: <u>Has/Have</u> you got my French notebook? B: Yes, I have/have got.
- 5 We <u>has/have</u> got ten cousins.
- 6 Stephanie <u>hasn't/haven't</u> got a brother.

6 Choose the correct word to complete the sentences.

1		IS	n't y	our textbook/		
	а	This	b	These	c	Those
2		ru	ıbb	er is my moth	er's	5.
	а	Those	b	These	c	That
3		bo	ook	s are the teac	her	·'S.
	а	This	b	These	c	That
4	Ar	e	S	ingers Americ	an'	?
	а	that	b	this	c	those
5	0	pen your boo	ks t	0	p	age.
	а	those	b	these	С	this

- Correct the mistakes in the sentences. 1 This are my dogs, Rusty and Betsy. 2 I've got french class at half past one. My grandparents hasn't got glasses. Monicas' cat has got blue eyes. It's quarter passed eight. How you spell that?
- Has you got curly hair?
- That are my pens.

1	Write the countries f	or the na	tionalities.
	1 British		
	2 Australian		
	3 New Zealander		
	4 American		
	5 Canadian	•	
2	Write the classroom	objects.	
	1 d	4	F
	2 b	-	S
	3 W	5	r
3	Find eight classroom Write your answers b	pelow.	
Ph.	io _{er Yubagghtextbook} rgch	airts _{des}	encilth
46	Servuhagahtextboo.	4/3	Some will a
	Japaggiie		orijnotebook
	1	5	
	2	6	
	3	7	
	4	8	
	Complete the crossv	4	5 6
	1 Your brother is you	r mother's	S
		/	are your
	5 Your mother's brot		
	7 Your uncle's mothe	er is your	
	8 Your father's sister	is your	
	9 Your sister is your fa	ather's	
	Down		

2 Your brother's daughter is your ..

4 Your aunt's father is your ...6 Your sister's son is your

3 You and your brother and sister are your parents'

5	he Cas it's (b) (c) hai fati a (c)	r family. ssie hasn't g curly. Cassie w d r isn't long, her hasn't go	ot (a) s	hair. It's long onde. Their monds to the hair. It's long onde. Their monds to the hair. Their shead, but he's	r, and other's eir
6		ok at the pl nool subjec		complete th	e
				2 P	
	3	Cs		4 a	
	5	m		6 d	
7	Cir	cle the wor	d that is d		
	1	Australia	Canada	the UK	Irish
	2	curly ruler	wavy maths	heavy	straight desk
	э 4	father	son	pen wife	uncle
	5	French	German	drama	Spanish
	6	cousin	daughter	sister	aunt
			1		

heavy

Canada

thin

American

7

tall

British

blonde

Irish

FROM DAY TO DAY

Vocabulary in context =

Everyday activities

- 1 & Complete the everyday activities with the missing vowels.
 - 1 h...v... a sh...w...r
 - 2 g...t dr...ss...d

 - 4 g.... t.... sch........ b.... b.... b.... k....
 - **5** p...ck y.....r sch......l b...g
 - 6 h....v.... br......kf....st
- 2 AAA Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Then put the events in the correct order.

brush • by • do • finish • go • home • lunch • start • up (x2)

- a I never to bed before 10 pm.
- **b** I sometimes have _____in the school canteen.
- c I usually wakeat 6 am.
- **d** I go to schoolbus.
- e Ischool at 8 am.
- f I school at 4 pm.
- **g** I always getat 6.30 am.
- h Imy teeth after breakfast.
- i I go at 4.15 pm.
- j Imy homework before dinner.

Free-time activities

- 3 Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 chat <u>friends/online/an instrument</u>
 - **2** take <u>photos/magazines/games</u>
 - 3 do/make/go sport
 - 4 listen <u>-/to/with</u> music
 - 5 hang <u>over/out/on</u> with friends
- 4 A Match the halves to make sentences.
 - 1 I play two instruments,
 - 2 I usually dance at the weekend.
 - 3 I watch a film every Friday.
 - 4 I like going to my art class.
 - 5 I do exercise every day,
 - 6 I like reading.
 - a for example, I always walk to school.
 - **b** My favourite book is The Maze Runner.
 - c My favourite actor is Chris Hemsworth.
 - **d** the guitar and the piano.
 - e We usually draw interesting pictures.
 - f My favourite types are modern and salsa.

5 Use the emoticons to write a sentence for each photo. Then order the sentences 1–5 according to how the people feel (1 = very positive, 5 = very negative).



a !! They love playing computer games.



- - c 65



d 😧



Vocabulary extension ☆☆☆

6 Complete the phrases with have or play.

1	a bath	4	football
2	a game	5	a break
3	music	6	a snack

Reading =

- 1 Read the article quickly. What is it about?
 - 1 traditional schools
 - 2 unusual schools
 - 3 schools of the future
- 2 (1) II Read the article again. Choose the best school (A-C) for each statement.

1	You like drawing.	Α	В	C
2	You like talking about things.	Α	В	C
3	You enjoy ICT.	Α	В	C
4	You like reading books.	Α	В	C
5	You are interested in nature.	Α	В	C
6	You are good at languages.	Α	В	C
7	You love songs.	Α	В	C
8	You are a fast writer.	Α	В	C

- 3 Match the underlined words in the article to the meanings.
 - 1 unusual, not like anything else
 - 2 remembering without looking at notes
 - 3 make better
 - 4 computer programmes
 - 5 a place that isn't a town or city
 - 6 abilities, things you are good at

- 4 Complete the sentences with the words in 3.
 - 1 _____like critical thinking are important in today's world.
 - 2 Toa word in English, I say it again and again.

 - **4** This computer _____ corrects mistakes in our essays.

 - 6 My English is good now. I every day because I study hard.



- Which school teaches students to work in a team?
 - a The Yellow Train School
 - **b** The Levelfield School
- c Veena Vadini School

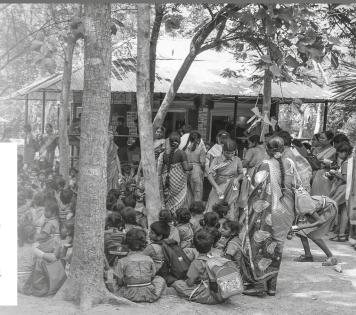
THREE COOL SCHOOLS!

THE YELLOW TRAIN SCHOOL, TAMIL NADU, INDIA

At this school, teachers help students to learn new skills for life. Daily lessons include music, singing, art and storytelling. The students enjoy making things and learning from fun activities. A lesson on trees is not in the classroom, it's a walk in the countryside. Teachers are like friends. They help students to learn both in and out of the classroom.

R THE LEVELFIELD SCHOOL, WEST BENGAL, INDIA

This school hasn't got many textbooks, Students don't usually take notes from boards and they don't spend time memorising information. They speak, discuss and learn together. The school believes that talking about books and films is a good way to learn about important subjects. Students at the school read books that are usually for adults, for example, books by Shakespeare and George Orwell. The school makes its own apps and software for students to use and to make lessons interesting.



VEENA VADINI SCHOOL, MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA

This school in Madhya Pradesh is really <u>unique!</u> It has about 300 students and all of them are ambidextrous. This means that they write with both hands. The school believes that this <u>improves</u> learning. The students learn to write with both the left and right hand from the first class. They also learn six different languages. Some students write really fast and in two different languages at the same time.

Grammar in context 1 =

Present simple affirmative and negative

- 1 ☆ Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 | get/gets up at 7.30 am.
 - 2 We <u>don't/doesn't</u> start work at 9 am.
 - 3 My best friend *go/goes* to school with me.
 - 4 Our teacher give/gives us a lot of homework.
 - 5 She doesn't like/likes history.
 - 6 You don't/doesn't hang out in the playground.

✓ Great students' tip

Checking your understanding of new grammar
Use the Grammar reference section at the end of every
unit in the Student's Book. It gives information about the
grammar you have studied in the unit. Use it to revise and
check that you understand the grammar.

2 ☆☆ Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs given.

1	lvan	(not go) to school on Saturdays.
2	Haley and Sam	(like) chatting online.
3	My dad	(watch) football on TV.
4	My mum	(go) to a German class on Fridays.
5	My grandparents	(not work) at weekends.

3 ☆☆ Complete the text with the present simple form of the verbs given.

Jamal (a)	(get) up at 7 am every day.	
He (b)	(have) breakfast at 7.30 am.	
Then he (c)	(go) to school by bus. School	
(d)	(start) at 9 am. Lunchtime is at 12 o'clock,	
but Jamal (e)	(not have) a school lunch, he	
(f)	(bring) a packed lunch from home. School	
(g)	(finish) at 4 pm. He (h) (not g	0)
	ool clubs. He (i) (get) home	
at 4.30 pm. Firs	, he (j) (do) his homework.	
Then, he (k)	(help) his mother to make	
dinner. They (I)	(have) dinner together in the	
kitchen. After d	nner, they (m) (watch) TV or he	
(n)	(play) computer games until 10 pm. Then he	9
(o)	(brush) his teeth and he (p)	
(go) to bed.		



Prepositions of time

- 4 ☆ Write the correct preposition, in, on or at.
 - 1 Monday, Sunday, Friday
 - **2** September, 2023
 - 310 am, 2 pm, midnight
 - 4the morning, the afternoon, the evening
 - 5lunchtime, the weekend, night
 - 629th August, 31st December, 2nd May

5 ☆☆ Choose the correct alternative.

- 1 He goes to bed <u>in/at</u> ten o'clock.
- 2 We study German <u>at/on</u> Tuesdays and Thursdays.
- 3 I play music <u>in/at</u> the evening.
- 4 My brother goes to summer school <u>in/on</u> July.
- 5 My birthday is <u>on/at</u> 8th November.
- 6 Our maths lesson starts at/on 11 am.
- 7 The school celebrates 100 years in/at 2030.
- 8 The cat sleeps under my bed <u>in/at</u> night.



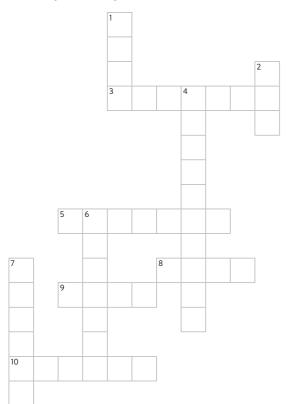
Grammar challenge ☆☆☆

- 6 Correct the mistakes in each sentence.
 - 1 Hollie like maths and science.
 - 2 Alexis don't like music or dance.
 - 3 My friends starts school at 9.30 am.
 - **4** My brother doesn't goes to school by bus.
 - 5 I love listen to music.
 - **6** We don't having art lessons this year.
 - 7 The teacher ask us lots of questions.
 - **8** Sarah and Ben doesn't study computer science or design and technology.

Vocabulary and listening

Places to go in a town

1 ☆ Complete the puzzle with the clues below.



Across

- 3 read books in a ...
- see a football match in a ...
- have a cup of coffee in a ...
- go running in a ...
- 10 learn about old things at a ...

Down

- go swimming in a swimming ...
- 2 do exercise at a ...
- eat lunch or dinner
- 6 see a play at a ...
- 7 see a film at a ...
- 2 ☆☆ Complete the sentences with names of places in a town.
 - 1 I sometimes go to the to see paintings and photos.
 - 2 My sister goes to the for tennis lessons.
 - 3 My friends sometimes go to the study or get books.
 - My aunt takes her dog for a walk in the every day.
 - every Saturday to eat They go to a pizza.
 - 6 We go to the to buy clothes and shoes.

✓ Great students' tip

Listening for main ideas

The first time you listen to a text, listen for the main ideas and to get a general understanding. It isn't necessary to understand everything. The second time, listen for more detail.

- two teenagers. What is the main topic of the conversation?
 - Ivan's new house
- 3 family and friends
- 2 free-time activities
- ⊕ 12 ☆☆ Listen again. Match each person to the place they go to. There are three extra places that you don't need.

Ivan

a cinema

stadium

2 Rosa restaurant library

café art gallery

Anthony Isabel

park

swimming pool

Cara

5 公公公 Write I for Ivan or C for Cara.

This person ...

goes running every day,

doesn't go to cafés very often.

3 loves films and art.

- loves watching football.
- 5 knows a good place for ice cream.

Critical thinkers

- 6 Are these sentences True (T) or False (F)?
 - 1 Ivan thinks moving house and school is a good change.

2 Ivan doesn't think that he's got good

T/F

T/F

places to go to near his new house.

Vocabulary extension ☆☆☆

7 Match the photos to these words.

concert hall • ice rink • nightclub • skate park • spa • theme park





2









5

6

Grammar in context 2

Adverbs of frequency

1 \(\phi\) Complete the adverbs of frequency.

1 n	3 S	5 O	6 a
0%	1	1	100%
	·		
2 hee.	4 u		

- 2 A Put the words in order to make sentences.
 - 1 often / go / we / to the library / .
 - 2 busy / they / are / at the weekend / always / .
 - 3 eat lunch / sometimes / I / in a café / .
 - 4 Marta / late / never / for school / is / .
 - **5** hardly ever / my friends / do sport / after school / .
 - 6 in the morning / has a shower / Jack / usually / .

Present simple questions

- 3 \(\text{choose the correct alternative.} \)
 - 1 Where do you go/you do go to school?
 - 2 What <u>he has/does he have</u> for lunch?
 - 3 How much time do they/they do spend online?
 - 4 <u>Do your friends/Your friends</u> like shopping?
 - 5 <u>Does he/Does he do</u> homework every day?
- 4 ☆☆ Match the halves to make questions.

1	When	 а	do you go at the weekend?
2	Which	 b	do you wake up?
3	What	 c	do you like English?
4	Where	 d	do you like chatting to?
5	Why	 е	school subjects do you like?
6	Who	f	do you usually eat for breakfast

5 AAA Write questions and short answers in the present simple using the prompts below.

1	they / study / music (🗸)	
2	your sister / play the guitar (x)	
3	your school / start / at 8 am (✓)	
4	you / go to school / by car (x)	
5	vour brother / like / going to the gym (✓)	

6 ☆☆☆ Read the text about Central Park. Then complete the questions for the <u>underlined</u> information.



almost 4 km² and it's got trees, lakes and green spaces.

(1) The park opens at 6 am every day. It's very popular with everyone and people do lots of things in the park.

(2) In the morning, people go running or ride a bike in the park.

(3) People have picnics or lunch near the lake in the centre of the park. The park has also got a zoo with lots of animals.

(4) Parents take their children to the zoo. On the west side of the park is Strawberry Fields, a special memorial garden to John Lennon.

(5) Fans of the famous musician go to Strawberry Fields on his birthday to sing and play instruments.

(6) On summer evenings, visitors hang out with friends or listen to music in the park.

(7) The park closes every day at 1 am.

1	What time does the park open	?
	What	
3	Where	?
4	Where	?
5	When	?
6	What	?
7	What time	?

Grammar challenge ☆☆☆

7 Read the conversation. Find and correct six mistakes.

Lisa: What subjects do you do like at school?

Paolo: I like art and music. How about you?

You like music?

Lisa: Yes, I do like. Do you like dancing?

Paolo: I don't like to dancing, but I like sports.

Lisa: Really? What sports you like?

Paolo: I like playing football, but I watch never it.

1	•	4	
2		5	
2		6	

Developing speaking =

Introducing yourself

1 ☆ Read the information about Saanvi. What kind of information is missing in each gap?

an activity • a family member (x2) • a free-time activity • a number • a school subject (x2) • a time

a a number

c

e

g

HOME

ABOUT

PHOTOS MORE -

Q



Name: Saanvi Edwards

Age: (a)

From: Glasgow, Scotland

Parents' names: Arya and David

Family: one (b) Evak, age 12, one (c)

Adhira, age 10

Favourite subjects: computer science and (d)

Subjects I don't like: (e)

Typical day: get up at (f) go to school by bus,

finish school at 3.30 pm, go home, do **(g)**, have dinner

and watch TV with my family

Free time: take (h)and post them on my blog

- 2 ⊕ 13 ☆☆ Listen to Saanvi talking to the after-school club leader and complete the missing information in 1.
- 3 ⊕ ¼ ☆☆☆ Put the words in order to make sentences or questions. Then listen and repeat.
 - 1 us / something / yourself / tell / about / .
 - 2 about / family / tell / your / us / .
 - 3 subjects / what / favourite / are / your / ?
 - 4 do/do/free/what/you/your/time/in/?
 - 5 school / do / after / you / do / what /?
 - 6 weekend / do / where / go / the / at / you /?
- 4 ☆ Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 I like science <u>but/so</u> I don't like geography.
 - 2 I'm good at sports <u>but/so</u> I love PE.
 - 3 / study French <u>and/so</u> I also speak Spanish.
 - 4 I like computers <u>because/so</u> ICT is my favourite subject.
 - 5 I love biology <u>because/so</u> it is an interesting subject.
 - 6 I play tennis <u>so/and</u> I also like running.

$(\mathcal{O}$ Pronunciation)

5 ⊕ 5 ☆ Listen to how these words sound. Do the <u>underlined</u> letters have the sound /s/ or /z/? Complete the table.

city • class • computers • does • games • gets • goes • has • lesson • music • parents • place • she's

/s/	/z/

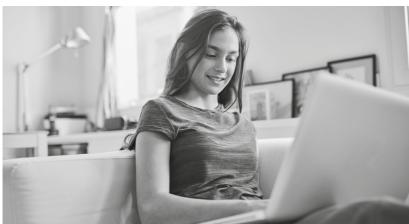
- 6 ☆☆☆ Imagine it's your first day at a new school. Answer your new teacher's questions out loud. Give full answers. Practise your answers until you are happy with them.
 - 1 Tell us something about yourself.
 - **2** Tell us about your family.
 - **3** What are your favourite subjects?
 - 4 What do you do in your free time?
 - 5 What do you do after school?
 - 6 Where do you go at the weekend?

Developing	writing ——			
An informal email	1			
1 ☆ Read Martin's € (A-D).	email. Match the topics	to the paragra	phs	
 best friend daily routine school subjects home town family 	7 name 8 perso	t school e and age onal appearance time activities		
Do siin wikk	To: Antonio From: Martin Subject: Hello Hi Antonio!			
Begin with a greeting: Dear, Hello, etc.	A My name's Martin. I'm My dad is Swedish, bu sister. Her name is Ella	ut my mum is from a.	thenburg in Sweden. Denmark (Ive) got one ; brown eyes and I wear	Use contractions of verbs, not
	glasses. But my sister	r is tall. She's got lo ar glasses. My bes	ng blonde hair and green t friend is Greg.(He's)in	full forms.
	C I get up at six thirty or to school by bike, but have five lessons a da morning and a break f	n school days. (I'm sometimes I take t ay with a 25-minute for lunch from 11.4 t very good at art.	e break at 10.15 in the 0 to 12.40. I'm good at ICT I also love learning English	
	D At the weekend, I get	up at nine o'clock. in the garden or go	On Saturday morning, shopping with my mum.	Use exclamation marks to show excitement or humour.
Finish the email with a goodbye	→ Write back soon and t			numour.
phrase.	Bye for now Martin	<u> </u>		
2 ☆☆ Read the ema True (T) or False (I	ail again. Are these sen F)?		☆ Find an example for eac nail in 1.	h rule in 3 in the
1 Martin has got t		T/F T/F 5 ☆	☆☆ Find and correct six m	istakos with
2 Martin's mother		ca	pital letters.	istakes with
3 Martin is good a4 He always goes	to school by bike.	T/F Abo		s · · ·
5 He loves learnin	V /~	T/F	out me Blog Contact me	Swimming Q
6 He doesn't like o	` > '	T/F -		New posts
	use capital letters in Er	nglish? Hi! I've	I'm 12 years old and I live in Van got two brothers. Their names an, and they're fifteen and nine. m québec and she speaks frenc	are jack and My mother is
1 with names and2 with cities3 with countries	surnames	spe are	eak English with my dad. My favo geography and art. I like maths d thursdays after school, I go sw	ourite subjects , too. On tuesdays
	es and languages	scr	nool swimming team.	
5 with times				
6 with days and m 7 at the start of a		1 2 3	5	

Writing reference

Task

Write an informal email to a new penfriend introducing and describing yourself, and telling them about your family, school and weekend activities. Write about 160 words.



Writing bank Useful words and expressions in informal emails

Begin with Hi! or Dear ...
Use contractions like I'm, not I am, and I've got, not I have got.
Use exclamation marks to show excitement, for example, Great!
To finish, use Write back soon, Bye for now!, Best wishes or All the best.

Prepare	
Make notes to help you plan your email. Write key	words next to each heading.
Age, hometown, country:	
Describe yourself and your family members:	
School day routine:	
Subjects you're good/bad at:	
Weekend activities:	
Use this paragraph plan in your email.	
Paragraph 1: Your name, age, hometown, country	Paragraph 3: Information about your school /
Paragraph 2: A physical description of you and	school subjects you are good/bad at
your family	Paragraph 4: Your typical weekend
Write	
Write your email. Use your notes, the paragraph p	lan, the writing model on the opposite page and
the Writing bank to help you.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
())	
$\overline{}$	
77/7	
Check	
Read your email and complete this checklist.	
1/ My email includes all four points in the task.	4 It contains exclamation marks.
2 It includes a greeting.	5 It contains capital letters in the correct places.
3 It contains contractions.	
it contains contractions.	6 It ends with a goodbye phrase.

WELCOME HOME

Vocabulary in context

Rooms in the house

- - 1 Mum usually parks our car in the garage/basement.
 - 2 The <u>attic/hall</u> is usually the first room you see when you enter a house or apartment.
 - 3 I clean my teeth every morning in the <u>bathroom/</u> bedroom.
 - **4** My dad makes sandwiches for my lunch in the <u>dining room/kitchen</u>.
 - 5 We've got a very big <u>kitchen/garden</u>. We play football there in the summer.
 - **6** The <u>basement/attic</u> is under the other rooms in a house. It's usually dark down there!
 - 7 The <u>attic/basement</u> is above all the other rooms in a house, up at the top.
 - 8 My brothers sleep in the same <u>living room/bedroom</u>.

Household objects and furniture

- 2 🌣 Which word doesn't belong in each list?
 - 1 kitchen: sink wardrobe fridge light
 - 2 living room: armchair table cooker TV
 - **3 bedroom:** toilet curtains mirror bed
 - 4 bathroom: bath shower sink armchair
- 3 Match these words to the photos.

carpet • chest of drawers • cooker • cupboard dishwasher • fridge • lamp • microwave • poster sink • wardrobe • washing machine







1







4







•/







11

12

4 A Where do you <u>usually</u> find the furniture in 3? Complete the table. One word can go in both columns.

Kitchen	Bedroom

5 ☆☆☆ Complete the text with the correct form of words in 2 and 3.

At home IN THE GARDEN

British people love their gardens! They spend a lot of time in them, especially in the summer. Some people's gardens have got a lot of furniture. Typical furniture is a garden (a) or a sofa for people to sit on and a (b) to put drinks and snacks on. People don't use (c) or microwaves in the garden, but some people have got barbecues for cooking outside. Other people have got household objects like a small (d) to keep their drinks cold in the summer. Some gardens have even got a (e) because people want to watch their favourite films and series outside! The only piece of furniture that people haven't usually got in their garden is a (f) to sleep in!

Vocabulary extension ☆☆☆

6 Match the photos to these words.

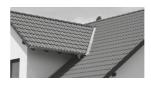
ceiling • chimney • fire • floor • roof • wall





1

2





3

4





5

6

Reading =

✓ Great students' tip

New words and phrases

Don't worry about words or phrases you don't understand the first time you read a text – this is normal. Read the text again and try to understand what the words and phrases mean by looking at the other words. Use a dictionary to help you.

- Look at the photos. Then read the text quickly and choose the best title.
 - 1 Superhome in a supercity
 - 2 Billionaire holiday home
 - 3 Great house, great help

LATEST NEWS <u>FEATURED</u> MORE **▼**

Welcome to Ancaster House in London's expensive Mayfair area. In this part of London, houses and apartments hardly ever cost under £1 million, but at £250 million, Ancaster House

- 5 is certainly a very expensive London home. This house is billionaire businessman John Caudwell's home. The house is more than 13,000 m², but it's really two different houses – a big basement connects the two buildings.
- 10 Ancaster House has got 110 rooms and is about the size of 55 regular London apartments. There are 15 bedrooms and eight floors in the house, so there's lots of space for people to stay! But what else is special about this billionaire's house? Well, one interesting feature.
- **15** is a river in the dining room with real fish swimming in it! There's also a 4.5 metre <u>cherry</u> tree.

Down in the basement there's a cinema with 17 seats and film posters on the wall, a nightclub with a mirrored floor, a games room, a spa, a gym and a 12-metre swimming

- 20 pool with a special 'volcanic <u>lava</u>' wall that lights up in the dark. Also in the basement is a 'car stacker'. This special car park can park eight cars vertically, one on top of another!
- Ancaster House has got over 1,000 pieces of furniture 25 inside, including an 'emperor-size' bed which is about two metres by two metres – a great place for a good night's sleep!

So what does John think about his superhome? He loves it, but he doesn't live in his mansion all the time. John

does a lot of work to help other people and he uses the house for special events to make money for his charity, Caudwell Children. The charity helps children with disabilities and their families. So the house isn't only an incredibly expensive billionaire's superhome – it also
 helps to make a difference to other people's lives!

2 Read the text again. Are the sentences True (T) or False (F)? Write the number of the line(s) where you found the answer.

1 Ancaster House costs more than £1 million. T/F....

2 Ancaster House is more than one building. 1/F......

3 Ancaster House has got about 55 apartments inside it.

4 There are 15 floors and eight bedrooms in the house.

5 The dining room is similar to a garden. T/F.......

6 There are only ten seats in the basement

7 John lives in the house with disabled

T / F

children and their families. T/F.......

- Match the <u>underlined</u> words in the article to the definitions.
 very hot, orange-coloured liquid rock
 - from under the ground

 2 conditions that mean a person is not
 - able to use a part of their body or learn very well
 - 3 a small round red or black fruit
 - 4 rooms a person lives in, usually on one floor of a big building
 - 5 an organisation which helps people or animals
 - 6 an important part of something
- 4 What do these numbers refer to in the article?

4.5

2 1,000

3 17

1

4 13,000

5 15

6 12

Critical thinkers

5 What two things in Ancaster House do you usually find outside?

Grammar in context 1 =

There is/There are

- 1 ☆ Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 There <u>is/are</u> a dishwasher in the kitchen.
 - 2 There <u>isn't/aren't</u> a lamp in the dining room.
 - 3 <u>Is/Are</u> there sandwiches for lunch?
 - 4 Is/Are there a TV in your bedroom?
 - 5 There <u>is/are</u> two armchairs in the living room.
 - 6 There isn't/aren't dishes in the cupboard.
- 2 ☆☆ Complete the dialogue with the correct form of there is/there are.
 - A: Tell me about your home.
 - **B:** (a) _____ a large kitchen and a dining room, too.
 - A: (b) a garden?
 - **B:** Yes, **(c)** _____ two small trees and lots of flowers.
 - A: (e) any pets?
 - **B:** No, **(f)**
 - A: (g) _____a swimming pool in the garden?
 - B: Oh no, (h) It's a very small garden!

Prepositions of place

- 3 ☆☆ Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 The books are <u>between/on/in</u> the table.
 - 2 Your t-shirt is <u>in/between/above</u> the chest of drawers.
 - 3 There is a lamp <u>in/under/next to</u> my bed.
 - **4** My school is <u>next to/in front of/near</u> my house only five minutes on foot.
 - 5 The table is <u>under/between/on</u> the door and the window.
 - 6 The attic is <u>under/above/between</u> the bedroom.
- 4 ☆☆☆ Look at the picture. Are the statements
 True (T) or False (F)? Correct the false statements.
 - There's a poster on the wall.
 There are two chairs next to the desk.
 There's a lamp on the desk.
 There's a bag under the bed.
 There are books on the chest of drawers.
 There's a TV between the books on the chest

Grammar challenge ☆☆☆

5 Read the text. Find and correct nine mistakes in the description.

Taylor Swift's home in Westerly, Rhode Island on the US is a large, beautiful house near of the sea. There is eight bedrooms, over ten bathrooms, two kitchens and a big garden. There are a huge dining room with lots of space for dinners and parties. There are big windows all around the home, so you can see the sea from every side. There's a swimming pool behind of the house. There are trees and plants on the garden. There isn't any houses next to or in front her house, so there aren't any noisy neighbours. The house is also right next a beautiful white sandy beach. It's a dream house!



1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	



of drawers.

Vocabulary and listening

Housework

- A Match the halves to make phrases.
 - 1 make a lunch **2** vacuum **b** the ironing **3** tidy **c** the carpet do d the rubbish out 4 e the furniture 5 lay 6 take f up your room 7 dust g the table
- ☆☆ Complete the sentences with the correct form of make, clean, sweep or do.
 - 1 Please the bed after you get up. 2 I want tothe windows today. They're very dirty and I can't see outside! 3 People usuallythe washing up after finishing dinner. 4 We often the shopping on Saturday. 5 My grandma often the washing by hand in the sink, not in the washing machine. 6 There's some food under the kitchen table. Can youthe floor? 7 My daddinner for us every day.
- **⊕** If the conversations and choose the correct picture.
 - 1 Where is Greg's tablet?







2 What is Gaby's job tomorrow?







Where is Jack?







alternative.

- 1 Greg's sister, Olivia, <u>has/hasn't</u> got her tablet.
- 2 Greg <u>always/never</u> tidies up his room,/
- 3 Gaby's mum needs help washing the car/cleaning the windows.
- 4 Gaby thinks/doesn't think the carpet in her room is dirty.
- 5 Jack's dad is watching TV/listening to music.
- 6 Jack's sister is playing computer games/ chatting on the phone.

Critical thinkers

- Which of the three young people do you think has a good attitude towards doing housework?
 - **a** Greg
- **b** Gaby
- **c** Jack

Vocabulary extension ☆☆☆

- Look at the photos and complete the phrases with the verbs.
 - cut feed fold hang out walk water





the clothes









the grass

the dog





the clothes

6the plants

Grammar in context 2 =

Present continuous

Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs given.

1	We	 (have)	dinner.
•	VVC	 (Have)	diririci.

- 2 They(sit) in the park.
- 3 My friends (wait) for me at the bus stop.
- 4 You(not listen) to me.
- 5 Ana(chat) on the phone.
- 6 Alex(not do) his homework.
- ☆☆ Complete the dialogues with the present continuous form of the verbs given. Then complete the short answers.

	do • make •	practise • pu	ut • study • write
--	-------------	---------------	--------------------

1	A:	you	dinner	for	us
		tonight?			

- **B:** Yes, we
- 2 A: _____his homework right now?
 - **B:** No, he
- 3 A: _____ Eva ____ the violin? It sounds really good!
 - **B:** Yes, she
- 4 A: French this year?
 - **B:** No, they
- **5 A:** ______you _____those books in your bag?
 - **B:** Yes, I
- 6 A: _____ he ____ an email on the computer?
 - **B:** Yes, he

Present simple and present continuous

- 3 ☆ Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 We <u>listen/are listening</u> to music every day.
 - 2 They usually <u>have/are having</u> dinner at 6 pm.
 - 3 I tidy/m tidying my room right now.
 - 4 Nina doesn't do/isn't doing her homework at the moment.
 - 5 My parents <u>make/are making</u> dinner in the kitchen
 - 6 I always wash/am washing the dishes in the evening.
- 4 ☆☆ Use the prompts to write sentences in the present simple or present continuous.
 - 1 / not sweep / the floor right now.
 - 2 She / not go / to school on Saturdays.
 - 3 Neema / not work / on her computer now.

- 4 Nicki / have / a shower at the moment.
- 5 Jason and his friend / play / tennis today.
- **6** We / eat / pizza every Friday.
- 5 AA Complete the text with the present simple or present continuous form of the verbs given.

CALIFORNIA COASTAL CLEAN-UP DAY

People of all ages	s from all over California (a)
(go) to the beach	once a year to do something
different. They (b))(not go) there to swim
and they (c)	(not play) games. They
(d)	(clean) the beach. In this photo, parents
and children (e)	(stand) on the beach.
They are (f)	(collect) rubbish on the floor.
Two women (g)	(carry) bags. A young
girl (h)	(pick up) a plastic bottle. They
(i)	(put) the rubbish into the bags. They
(j)	. (work) as a team! They (k)

(clean) this beach every year, and every year they(find) hundreds of kilos of rubbish.



Grammar challenge ☆☆☆

Find and correct five mistakes with the present simple and present continuous.

• • •	\triangleright	:= \
Hi Sacha		

How are you? I'm having a fantastic time here in Greece with my parents. We stay at a beautiful

hotel near the beach. In the morning, we are always visiting famous galleries or museums. In the afternoons, we swim in the sea. There are lots of nice cafés and restaurants close to the hotel. At the moment, we sit in my favourite café. I'm drinking lemonade and my parents drink tea. We are eating a delicious Greek salad and a pizza. We are usually having breakfast at the hotel and then we go to a restaurant for lunch or dinner. It's really hot and sunny here!

See you soon!

Oscar

5

Developing speaking

Giving opinions

1 ☆ Look at the pictures. Where are the people? What are they doing?



They're at a shopping centre. They're shopping.









	a		
4	4	L	

2	⊕ B ☆☆ Listen to Yasmin and Omar talking about
	the pictures in 1. Which activities do they like? Write the
	numbers.

- **a** Yasmin,
- **b** Omar
- ⊕ B ☆☆☆ Listen again. Tick (✓) the adjectives that you hear. Which activity does each one describe?
 - boring

- relaxing ...
- 2 interesting
- fun

difficult .

⊕ By ☆☆☆ Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. Then listen and check.

- 1 don't / Personally, / enjoy / I / shopping / .
- 2 it/boring/find/I/really/.
- the cinema / I / like / going to / really / .
- opinion, / the / In / library / interesting / is / my / place / an /.
- 5 mind / to / going / restaurants / I / don't / .
- 6 eating / at / prefer / I / home / to / eating / restaurants / at /.
- 7 think / try / recipes / really / it's / fun / to / new / I / that /.
- **8** really / skateboarding / find / I / difficult / .

Pronunciation

5

words sound. Do the underlined letters have the sound /iː/ (read) or /I/ (gym)? Complete the table.

f<u>ee</u>l • f<u>ini</u>sh • l<u>ea</u>ve • l<u>i</u>ve • m<u>ee</u>t • sp<u>ea</u>k • sw<u>i</u>m • th<u>e</u>se • th<u>i</u>nk • th<u>i</u>s

/iː/	/1/

- 6 ☆☆☆ Practise talking out loud. Give your opinion on the activities in the pictures in 1. Then record yourself.
 - Use the phrases for giving opinions.
 - Give reasons for your opinions.
 - Talk about all the activities.
 - Say which activity you like best.

Great students' tip

Practise, practise, practise

To speak English, you need to practise speaking. Use every opportunity to speak in class (and out of class). Record your voice and listen to yourself. This helps you to know what to improve. And remember, everyone makes mistakes – it's part of language learning!

Developing writing

A description of a house

1 ☆ Look at the photos of different holiday homes. Which one would you prefer to stay in? Why?







2 ☆☆ Read Isabel's description of her ideal holiday home. Which photo in 1 does it match?

My ideal holiday home

Use adjectives.

My ideal holiday home is an old cottage in the countryside in France. It's very quiet and there are beautiful trees and flowers all around. That's very important! It has got a big garden. There's a table and chairs in the garden, so my friends and I can have dinner outside.

Describe the room(s).

Describe the furniture and other features.

The house has a lot of windows so there is a lot of light in all the rooms. There are comfortable sofas and chairs in the living room. There are two or three bedrooms for all my friends. There's a large TV and a really good music system with excellent speakers so we can have parties.

Describe the location.

The house is not far from the town During the day, we go shopping at the local, traditional market or go for walks in the hills. In the spring, it's beautiful because there are so many flowers. In the summer, it's nice to sit under the cool trees in the garden. I think this holiday home is a fantastic place to relax at any time of year.

3 ☆☆ Read Isabel's description again and complete the table.

Type of house and location	Rooms and furniture	Activities/good time to visit
	~	

4	☆☆ What do the following adjectives describ	e
	in the description?	

- 1 important
- 2 big
- 3 traditional
- 4 beautiful
- 5 comfortable
- **6** fantastic

5 ☆☆ Write the opposite of the adjectives.

- important
- **2** big
- 3 traditional
- 4 beautiful
- **5** comfortable
- 6 fantastic

- 6 ☆☆☆ Find and correct the mistakes with adjectives.
 - 1 Those chairs red are very comfortable.
 - 2 My house has got a living room very big.
 - **3** There are two bigs swimming pools at the sports centre.
 - 4 It's a house very modern with a beautiful garden.
 - 5 The apartment has got some fantastics views of Central Park.
 - 5 That local restaurant serves food traditional.

Writing reference

Task

Write a text about your ideal holiday home. Write about 160 words.

Prepare

7 Use a mind map to write your ideas for your text.

Type of house and location

Writing bank Using adjectives

We use adjectives to describe places and make our writing interesting.

Adjectives usually come:

- before the noun they describe, for example, It's a great space for parties.
- after the verb to be, for example, My dream house is large and modern.

We use very to make some adjectives strong. It goes before the adjective (and noun), for example, It's a very beautiful house.

Remember! Adjectives don't have a plural form, for example, we cannot say comfortables chairs.

Rooms and furniture

Ideal holiday home

Things you can do there

8 Use this paragraph plan in your article.

Paragraph 1: The location of the house

Paragraph 2: Rooms and furniture

Paragraph 3: Activities and good time to visit

Write

 / Q / V
 (O) V

✓ Check /

- 10 Read your description and complete this checklist.
 - 1 It includes all the points in the task.
 - 2 It includes a description of the location.
 - 3 It includes a description of the rooms and furniture.
 - 4 It describes when to go and what activities you can do there.
 - 5 It contains a variety of adjectives.

	omplete the sentences with the present	4	Put the adverbs of frequency in the correct
	mple form of the verbs given.		places in the sentences.
	I(go) to school by car. Thomas(hang out) with his		1 Their father drives them to school. (hardly ever)
3	friends on Saturdays. We(do) sport every week on Tuesdays and Thursdays.		2 His big brother goes on social media. (often)
4	My parents(leave) home every day at eight o'clock.		3 We watch a film on TV in the evening. (sometimes)
5	Her sister(get up) at six o'clock.		4 My brother is very happy. (always)
	rite sentences in the present simple negative sing the prompts below.	/e	5 We watch TV at lunchtime. (never)
	Julie / not like / waking up early / .		
2	They / not eat / food in class / .	5	Put the words in order to make questions. 1 your / go / at / sister / Does / home / 4 pm / ?
3	Tom and his brothers / not have / lunch at school / .		2 she / shopping / centre / go to / Does / the / ?
4	We / not brush / our teeth before breakfast / .		3 today / we / have / lesson / a / Do / maths / ?
5	I / not pack / my school bag on Saturdays / .		4 they / play / Do / every day / the guitar / ?
	omplete the sentences with prepositions of me <i>in</i> , <i>on</i> or <i>at</i> .		5 he / films / Spanish / watch / Does / ?6 you / Do / history lessons / have / on Tuesdays / ?
1	We don't do exercisethe evening.		you / bo / History lessons / Have / off Tuesdays / :
2	Bea usually has breakfasteight o'clock.		
3	My grandfather's birthday is2 nd May.		
4	I always do homeworkthe weekend.	>	
5	Their school party isFriday evening.		
/_			
	cabulary omplete the sentences with the	Match	the sentences to the places.
	prrect verbs.		·
1	Sally glate on Saturday and Sunday.		lery • café • library • shopping centre • centre • stadium
2	She fschool at four	I We d	go to this place to see beautiful pictures.
3	o'clock. She always dher	2 Dad and I go there to see our team play	
	homework after dinner.	football. 3 My friends and I go there to have a drink	
4	She never gto bed late at the weekend.	after school.	
5	4 I always buy my clothes at this place.		ister has tennis lessons there.
<i>e</i> /	band.	•	num goes there to get books to read.
7	She g on social media in the afternoon. She p computer games	Compl	ete the text with these words.
/ /			

cinema • dance • films • hang out • Irish • sister

..... We go to **(b)** ...

.....comes with us, too.

and watching (e)

.. at weekends. We like

My friend Orla is (a)

going to the (d)

Sometimes my (f)...

class together and we (c)

with her friends.

every Saturday.

dinner at 8 pm.

out with her friends

8 She h...

9/ She h...

Grammar =

- 1 Choose the correct alternative.
 - 1 There <u>is/are</u> two T-shirts in the washing machine.
 - 2 I don't like a room where there <u>isn't/aren't</u> curtains.
 - 3 <u>Is/Are</u> there a radiator in your hall?
 - 4 There <u>isn't/aren't</u> two chairs in my bedroom.
 - 5 <u>Is/Are</u> there big windows in your living room?
- 2 Complete the sentences with above, behind, between, in, under and at.
 - 1 I can't see Leah. She is standingthe door.
 - 2 The last day of school isJuly.
 - 3 We have lunch at school ______12 o'clock every day.
 - 4 In our bathroom, the mirror is
 - 5 The lamp is _____ the coffee table and the armchair.
 - **6** At dinnertime, the dog usually sits on our feet,the table!
- 3 Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of these verbs.

C	lo • have • la	y · listen · play	
1	The girls	board	games now.
2		he	the washing up
3	We	to music at t	he moment.
4	She	a shower at	the moment.

the table.

- 4 Choose the correct alternative.
 - Is Dad cooking/Does Dad cook pasta? I hope so – I'm very hungry.
 - 2 This month <u>we study/we're studying</u> French kings in history. It's interesting.
 - 3 I'm brushing my/our teeth.
 - 4 My brother and I have/are having got black hair.
 - 5 I'm sorry, I <u>don't speak/am not speaking</u> Spanish. I don't understand you!
 - 6 What do you do/are you doing now?
 - 7 <u>Do you eat/Are you eating</u> chocolate every day? No, <u>I don't/I'm not</u>.
 - 8 <u>Daniel's/Daniels'</u> board games are on the table.
 - 9 Maya and Orest usually <u>play/are playing</u> computer games together at the weekend.
 - 10 <u>Has/Does</u> Inés got a rubber? Yes, <u>she does/</u> <u>she has</u>.
- 5 Complete the sentences with these words.

a	Iways at Do Does never on
1	Lucas goes to school by bus every day.
2<	your mum speak English?
3	She goes to the library Saturdays.
4	your cousins go to your school?
5	We go to dance classesthe weekend.
6	I'mlate for school – I'm in the

Vocabulary

5 My brother...

1 Complete the text.

This is the (a) k – we usually make lu	unch here. We keep things cold in the (b) f
	! We wash clothes in the (d) w, and that's
	.: We wash clothes in the (a) w, and that's
down in the (e) g, with the car.	

- 2 Match the halves to make sentences.
 - I don't usually make
 My brother doesn't take photos
 Please can you take
 Does your sister often chat
 I hope you and your sister tidy
 My parents are doing
- a up your rooms before bedtime.

classroom before the teacher!

- **b** when he goes to museums.
- **c** my bed before I go to school.
- **d** the rubbish out?
- e the shopping at the moment.
- f with her friends online?
- 3 Complete the table with these words and phrases.

cooker • do the ironing • do the washing up • draw • get dressed • go to bed • pack your school bag • play an instrument • rug • take photos • tidy up • wardrobe

1	Everyday activities	Free-time activities	Furniture	Housework
	7			
L				

